THE FORTUNATE FOOL.

Written in Spanish

BY

Don ALONSO GERONIMO de SALAS BARBADILLO CE MADRID.

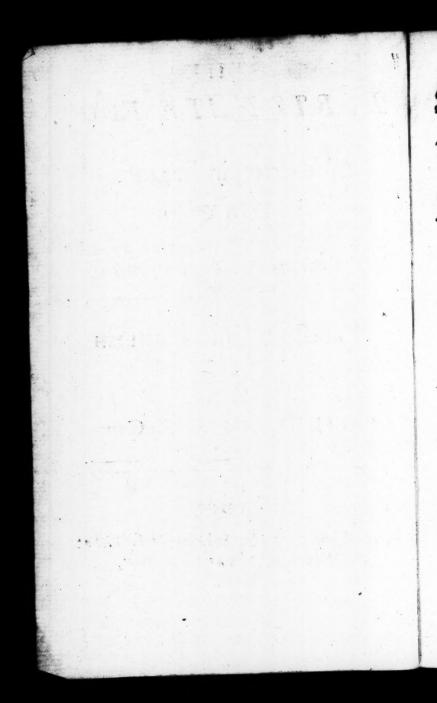
Translated into English

BY

PHILIP ATRES, Gent.

LONDON,

Printed, and are to be Sold by Moses Pitt at the White Hart in Little Britain, 1670.



To the most Hopeful and most Ingenious YOUNG GENTLEMAN,

JOHN TURNOR Esq;

SON and HEIR of

Sir EDMOND TURNOR

Of Stoake in the County of Lincoln, Knight; One of the Farmers of His Majestics Customes.

Honoured Sir,

This Translation, to which I have been bold to fix your Name; From the first Instant, A 2 that

The Epistle

that I was prevailed with to make it publick, I had an Ambition to present unto you; hoping it will not be unacceptable, in regard its quantity is but small, and therefore cannot be any hinderance to your Studies, in which already you have made a progress, beyond what could have been expected from your years: Nor can I think it will be unpleasing in respect of its qua-

Dedicatory.

quality, it being a piece of innocent Mirth, wherein my Author does with Horace, miscere utile dulci. Illustrating his History with Moral and Philosophical Reflections; and takes occasion, now and then, satyrically to inveigh against several ill Customs, and Vices of the Age, carefully avoiding all prophane and lafcivious Expressions (a crime too familiiar with

The Epiftle

our Modern Writers in this kind) But that which I fear, may not so well relish, in this English Dress, with some, is his peculiar method both in Stile and Matter, which he observes, not only in this Piece, but indeed, in the rest of his Works; which are in all Nineteen Volumes, besides many excellent Plays; for which, he hath merited, in the esteem of his

Dedicatory.

own Country-men, a place in the first Rank of the Spanish Virtuoso's.

Now, Sir, having given this account of the Work and Author, I might apologize for the careless oversights committed in this rough Draught; but when I shall have acquainted you that it was done ala volée only for my Divertisement, at spare hours, and my practice in the A 4 Spanish

The Epiftle

Spanish Tongue, I hope it will in some measure plead my excuse. As to the Faults of the Press, occasioned by my absence from London during its Printing, I confels they are many and very gross, amongst which, some of my own, I hope, may pass without distinction.

This, Sir, for your entertainment at your Times of Recreation,

I

I have prefuned to dedicate to you, as a Testimony of the respect and Service which I owe, as well to your Honoured Father, and the Virtuous Lady your Mother, as to your felf, that I may at least acknowledge to the world, how much I stand oblig'd to you; though I shall ever be unable to acquit my self any further, ther, than by the Desires and Passions I have ever to appear in the Quality of

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Honoured Sir,

Your most obliged

as to voir (elf. that I

ledge to the world. Low

Humble Servant,

Philip Ayres.



THE

AUTHOR

TOTHE

FOOLISH & PRESUMPTUCUS

READER.

I T is most certain, that upon the sirst View of the Title of this Discourse, the Ignorant Reader will turn over the Leaf with all

all the carelesseness & neglect imaginable, as wbo should say, what is all this to me? But be does not consider that by over-acting this Carelesseness, he discovers bimselfmore concern'd than be would be thought to be; so that I shall be supposed to bave thrown away so much Ink and pains to no purpose; but yet for all this, be may by chance, at some time or other, look further into it (as many times it bap-

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bappens) and in that case, I could wish be would reflect a little upon the Obligation be bas to me, for the care I bave bestomed upon the Drawing of his 'Pi-Eture, bow short soever of the Original; for it would pose a wise man to report all the Follies which a simple Wretch may be able to commit. He shall do well therefore to supply and correct the Failings, which he (ball find in the Copy, by the

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the Perfections of the Original. If he pretends to play the Critick, I must look for many a soure face, some bitter and empty Apology and Reply, Marginal Reflections in abundance, and other Impotencies of Vanity and Passion; all which, will make most excellent matter for the Second Part of his History. In the mean time I shall not envy them the Fruits of their own Weaknesses, that

that take a greater Pleasure in Censuring the Lives and Actions of Others, than in Mending their Own.

THE

Licensed,

Octob. 21. 1669.

Roger L'Estrange.



THE

FORTUNATE FOOL.

CHAP. I.

of the Visit which Don Lconardo and the Licenciate made to the Doctor Cenudo.

Race of Fools, Greeting; and your Attention, I be feech you; if I may without vanity bespeak so great and so illustrious an Audience. Bless your selves in your Issue; a Gene-B ration

ration of People satisfied in themfelves (for such is the fruit of Ignorance) and whose posterity shall give honour to their progenitors. Suffer your selves to be undeceived, for you will find that in all Ages, he that enricheth, he that honoureth, he that raiseth a Family, is a foolish Son; for Fortune befriendeth his Imperfections, and flattereth his Miscarriages, to make boast of her force in the most unworthy. And certainly you cannot be doubtful of this Truth your felves, that have so much multiplyed the number of the Ignorant. But we shall rather second our opinion (then argue it) with a trueHistory that succeeded in our times, and therefore of the better relith.

there was a certain Coxcomb, though not much unlike a Philoso-

pher,

pher, being so addicted to Books, that he rather seemed to be a part than an Owner of them. He happened fometimes to keep company with a Parasite, the Son of an Inhabitant of Madrid, his name Don Leonardo de Vargas; and with an arrogant Andaluzer, a *Pretendient in the Court, called * One that the Licenciate Campuzano; one or in rethat carryed a whole Lucifer in his ward of head, and smoaked his Face with service, Brimstone to make himself look surs as pale; he let his Beard grow, af. Court for fected severity, seldom laughed, Prefercontracted his Brows, and nodding ment now and then his Head, and faying, Tis well; He Jays somewhat; he passed for one of the wisest men in the World.

Their greatest resort was to Booksellers shops, particularly to one over against San Felipe, where at that time used to meet a great B 2 number

number of Virtuosi. Here then, one Afternoon, in Christmass Holydaies, met the two Friends Parafite and Arrogant; who after they had entertained their Eyes with the Beauties that passed the Calle Mayor (or High Street) in their feveral Coaches; they took up a discourse to entertain their tongues. Don Leonardo remembring to ask the Licenciate for the Doctor Cenudo, a man supposed to be very well skilled in the Critiscisms of Learning; he answered, That it was a great while since he was stolen from that Concourse, and that he feared he was either out of Town or fick: Truly, I should be forry for that, replyed Don Leonardo; for though the Court be fo abounding in all things of Pleafire, yet does it not afford any that can yield it me, so fully, as the feeing that in it there is one who

who can supply it with laughter, I mean this Doctor; of whom it may be better faid than once of an *Emperour it was, He was born *The Emfor the Delight of Mankind. I am perour Ticonfident that had this Man lived tus. in the Athenian Republick, they would have maintained him out of the Common Stock in the Pritaneum, as they did all those famous Men to whom they acknowledged any Obligation. Is there any thing of so great importance in a Common-Wealth as Laughter? All the Cares of Life are directed to this end. The Ambitious man loses his Sleep, the Covetous man his Judgment, the Voluptuous man his Estate and Honour, only for this little Idol, for Pleasure, whose greatest testimony is Laughter. What needed Epicurus to have puzzled our Brains, to find out what was the greatest Felicity, B 3 knowing

knowing there was Laughter in the World? Which though it should have no other advantage on its fide, then that no man whilst he was laughing and merry, ever committed a fault that might deserve a frown, is sufficient to call it, The greatest Good in our Sphere. What Virtue is not to be found in a merry man? At all times you shall see him liberal, peaceable, courteous, grateful, good company, discreer, and finally pleasant. Was there ever a melancholy man feen, who hath not some fault that occasioned his Melancholy? There is a Philosopher who would prove, by natural Reason, that all filthy wickedness proceeds from Melancholy. I am cleerly of opinion, that if we had many of these Men in the World, there would be but few Vices.

Say not so, replyed the Licenciate very angry, I am forry to hear that, from so understanding a Perfon as you: Do you not confider that too much mirth effeminates the Mind, and that it is unworthy a wise and prudent Man? What do you call effeminating the Mind? said Don Leonardo. I have read that the Lacedemonians went to their Battels with Dances and merry Songs, wherewith their Soldiers being first recreated, they afterwards Charged in the Encounters with more Gallantry. For you must know, Sir, that fear and sadness go together: Did you ever hear of a Drunkard, that ran away from those Quarrels, which at every instant his Wine provoketh? It is the cheerfulness of that sweet liquor, which animateth and strengtheneth them. Do we not use to fay, when any person is sad, that his

his heart is streightened; and then on the contrary, when he is merry,

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that it is open and free.

Nay , Senor Don Leonardo, faid the Licentiate, this is to engage us in Philosophy, and is improper for this place; more at leifure we'll talk of this elsewhere, for I promile you I have bestowed some pains upon this very point, which you will be glad to see. On this manner did our Arrogant escape out of the Streights; and Don Leonardo feeing himself put off without an Answer, Well Sir, said he to him, if you will have a merry Christmass, come with me and let us go visit the Doctor Ccnudo, for I know his Lodging, and you will see the pleasantest Man, that ever you saw in your Life. Let us go with all my heart, said the Licenciate, for I already have some knowledge of him, as he alfo

also of me, and I affure you, were it not for some singular opinions, the Doctor is an acute ingenious man, and no ill speaker; but he affecteth the way of praising over the left shoulder, as we say, I mean of speaking ill of most men, and contradicting the well advisedness of others.

There are of this fort of men, who are not at all pleafed with an ingenious conceit, unless it toucheth upon Heresie, or if not spoken in a language patched up on purpose, like a Beggers cloak, but I leave them to themselves: What I understand is, that they are not to be understood, for by those means which they think to enlarge their fame, they shall suppress it, and their Works shall dye with them; for wanting one that should read them with a gloss, they shall want another that should hear them with patience. Thus

Thus went Don Leonardo divertised, and with saying, Now that you perceive the Thunder hath ceased, you give a flash of Light-ning, they closed up the converfation, and came to the Doctor Cenndo's Lodging, where they knocked, and inquired for him; a Boy that feemed the Doctors Page answered, My Master Says, he is not within. They laughed heartily at his simplicity, bidding, that he should tell him, here was the Licentiate Campuzano, and Don Leonardo. The Lad carried the Meffage, and before he opened the door, asked, Who the Licenciate Campuzano was? At this the good Licenciate was ready to run distracted, and Don Leonardo going about to answer, Do not tell him, faid he, my Works will one day make me known; and if till now I have not given many to the Press,

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it is, that I have been detained from it by my modesty. This we strangers lose, for how much soever we may have finged our Eyebrows at our Studies, none takes notice of it, no not so much as of the fmoak, so licencious is this Age: I much admire that the Doctor questions who I am, fince in more than one Conversation he might have easily known it. Be not angry Sir, replyed the waggish Boy, for it is not my Master the Doctor that questions it, but I only, that have his order to deny him to all such as are not of his humour and entertainment, nor does he yet know that your Worships are here. That I eafily beleive, faid the Licenciate; and walking forwards, they passed through an Entry and an outward Hall, well furnished with Chairs, Tables, Cabinets and Pictures; when the Page, calling through the key-

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key hole of a door that was shut, said, There is no opportunity of seeing my Master now, for he is buste at his Devotions; be pleased to walk there a while, or return hither some other day, and I will tell him that you came to do him this favour. Let us entertain our selves with the many things that are here worthy of admiration, said the Licenciate, for I came so desirous of seeing him, that I shall esteem the time utterly lost, which I shall not spend in his Conversation.

Thus stayed they, delighting their Eyes on the various Objects, when Don Leonardo searing some whimsey should alter the Licenciates resolution, and going towards the door to see if they might get in, observed that the key was lest on the outside, and seeing no body to hinder them, for the Page was gone out a good while

while before, he opened it, and making a fign to the Licenciate, they both went into a Room, curiously adorned with Books, Pictures, exquisite Venice Glasses, Estremoz Pots, and many pleasant curiosities, both of Brass and Pasteboard; scarce had they entred, when the door with a great bounce was shut and locked. The Room was but dark, for although it was day time, the windows were kept shut, and only a Lamp with three lights was burning in it.

At the noise of the door, the Doctor Cenudo (who till then sate musing with a Book in his hand) started up: Sir, said the Licenciate, *1 Kiss your Hands.* The Com-The Doctor knitting his Brows, mon Saluina harsh tone, without answering the Spanito his Courtesie, said, What hoe, ands. Unlgar, come forth. Scarcely had he pronounced these words, when,

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without knowing from whence, they faw coming towards them two men of a monstrous stature, cloathed after the old Roman manner, with their Arms and Legs girt about, their skin black and hairy, crowned with certain wreathed Serpents, each of them bringing a handsom cudgel in his hand, with which, showing an anger that appeared in various and deformed gestures, they fell upon the poor Licenciate with so good a will, that they took away quite and clean the curiofity he brought with him of seeing the Doctor.

The Visiters were much affrighto see such a vision, but especially the Licenciate, who trembled with all his joints, both of them muttered all the Kalendar over between their teeth; no body, till then, would have thought that the Licenciate had known so much of

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the History of the Saints; Fear did there make admirable show of his knowledge: He invoked with great earnestness St. Anthony and St. Hierom, and all the Flos Santorum came from him in a direct line. The Doctor supposing that he was sufficiently chastized, made a sign to the Executioners, and in an instant they sank down in the very Chamber.

Whither have you brought me, señor Don Leonardos what a divelish place is, this? said the Licenciate:
I did not think that this *Court * Madrid had been so near to Hell. I pro-is called the mise you Mr. Licenciate, said Don Spain.

Leonardo, I have also been deceived in this coming, for I did never think that a Man so much a Christian as Mr. Doctor, had studied Witcherast. Content your selves, said the Doctor then, with a severe voice, Content your selves, and sit

you down, for there is much to be said to this purpose. Sir, said the Licentiate, you may fatifie us by writing if you please, for this is no conversation for sitting. This he faid drawing towards the door, and using diligence to open it, but could not, for as I faid that was fast locked: Here the afflicted Licenciate was like to have died, but feeing he could not carry it by words, in a place where even courtesies themselves were answered with blows, he made (as they fay) a virtue of necessity, and waxed calm: So all three fitting down as though no fuch thing had paffed, the Doctor then proceeded;

I' Gentlemen in my younger years, as the World knows, was a Comical Poet; I made some Playes, which since being printed, were the wonder of Italy, Germany and France; they were all of a lofty

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lofty Style, Language, and Spirit, very Courtly and replete with Novelties, very Pompous of verse, and fluent of Conceipts: But as the Vulgar advances not the flight of his discourse to so high railed Sphere's and his Center is Ignorance; He began to Carp at the the Language as strange, the Project as Outlandish, and the Verses as Forraign; Yet this Contempt stopped not here, but proceeded to impudent histings, and they were so many and so strong as raised a Whirlewind in my Opinion, which drowned it in profound despight, till this very day.

I remained at this accident, like the Covetous Merchant, who having passed to the Indies, and afterward fraight with Jewels of the greatest value, in his return home, in sight of the Port, where

he thought to fatisfy the thirst of his defires, by enjoying happily all his riches; gained more at the Expence of Dangers, then in Exchange of Goods, the Wealthy Vessel is shipwreck'd, striking on a hidden Rock which lay lurking under the waves for his destruction, and scattering his Diamonds, Plate, Cristals, and Pearls, amongst the waters, he hath nothing left him, more than the fright, and his life, which as yet he not flighting, endeavours to fave, trufting it to a Plank, and thinking that he still carries riches to the Port in his undeceiveings.

Of these I served my self, and put silence to my Inclinations, but not to my Anger; This, that will endure all my life with me, taught me vengance against the unquiet and Barbarous Vulgar:

From

From hence sprang the contradiction which I stedfastly do act against all his affairs, there is not a word approved of, by this beast, which

I do not judge Herelie.

My own wit did not feem fufficient for so great an Enemy, but going up and down tormented with this care, I understood that there was lately arrived at this Court a famous Conjurer, brought by a certain powerfull Nobleman, to facilitate some Hydropick Ambitions: I had the fortune, to have at that time, a friend that was his intimate acquaintance. This care ried me to fee him. He acquain; ted with my defign, favoured my Intention; I told him it was to have some familiar, who (in imitation of that Divel of Socrates's, which told him in his car, many of his fortunate Exployts, as Plato; Plutarch, and Apuleins write) should furnifh

furnish me with Reasons and manners whereby to contradict the Vulgar, and their Extravagances. Gold, entreaties, and a certain conformity of Disposition, made his Will courteous, in fo much that he gave me a Ring wrought with fuch Conjurations, and made under fuch an Influence of the Stars, that it bath vertue bound up in it, as that every time when I shall move it on this first finger of my left hand, and thall put the Seal whereon is Engraven the Image of Saturn outward; there hali come as many Divels as shall be necessary to my parpole: othele fometimes do appear in the form, which now they have appeared in at other times, without taking any visible shape, they tell me in my Ear; reasons and Arguments never thought of by the wit of Man, to contradict the Opinions of the Foolish Vulgar: But

But it hath nothing, that so much Merits my thankfulness, as one vertue which I have made Experience of; and it is, that no body hath ever seen them till now, that keeps it not in a perpetual secresse, or if he publishes it, suffers not dreadful Torments by their hands.

You, Mr. Licentiate, came in now, with an Ignorance of the rash Vulgar, in faying that you kiffed my hands, what mean you by that? do you not perceive that it is a folly? Sir, reply'd the Licentiate fomewhat troubled, to kisse the hand is a sign of obedience, it is to confess superiority. I grant you that, said the Doctor, to kisse the hand is a fign of Vasfallage or subjection, but to say you kisse my hands, and not to kille them, is a thing very different, you may as well fay in your falutation, God never give you health. Imitate the

the antient prudence, that faluted with a Salve, the same as God preferve jon, and understanding men use; .But it being the first time, I will not be too strict : You, Sir, will amend, at lest when you are with Ingenious People. This, faid the Licenciate, is a Courtesie so received amongst the Vulgar, that it would feem a madness to seperate our felves from it : So that, replyed the Doctor, with the Vulgars using it you think it sufficiently Authorized; take care rather that you alledge Plato, or Aristotle, for your Author. But now let us leave this, and tell me, Gentleman, what it was that brought you to this poor Cottage. Only to give you a * good Christmas, faid the Licenciate; and at the Instant, the Doctor making another frown, What, said he, is there yet more Vulgarity? He faw him-

* Or to wish you amerry Christmas. himself raised up to the Top of the Room, in a kind of spotted cloud, by gray shaddows amidst many consused slames, with a great deal of smoak. The affrighted Licenciate had then no Courage left him, not so much as to recommend himself to the Saints; But remained Pale and dismay'd, not being able to fetch his Breath.

Don Leonardo, who saw his Companion so near the house top, that he rubbed the Cobwebs from the Joyces with his head, thought that he himself was not secure with his silence, therefore kneeled on both knees, lift up his hands, arched his Eyebrows, fixed his Eyes on him, between respect and fear, and said, Mr. Dostor, this Gentleman came hither in considence of me, he's a most passionate admirer of your Wisdom, and a Wit, worthy of a greater Estimation; he is a stranger lately some to Town.

and not acquainted with the Laws, which you have ordained for men of parts: Be pleafed for what he is, to pardon him some mistakes, and to publish the Law before you execute the Penalty. His being a stranger shall save him, said the Doctor, and in a Moment the whole Cloud was dissolved, the Licenciate descending from that dignity, remained in the Chayre wherein he was, without Colour or Pulses. A brave folly it is, faid the Doctor, to fay, that you come to give me Christ-mas, as though it was not come two days fince: And you fay, you come to give me a good one; how doe you think to do it? what Turkeys or Capons do you bring me, or what good newes? do you know what you say? Is it not a foolishness to fay what you understand not? Mr. Doctor., for Gods sake let him alone said Don Leonardo unless you mean

mean by strangling him, to bring him out of his swound. Plato's knowledge cost him more, reply'd the Doctor. Tis no matter, let him passe these straights, for that wise man went through greater dangers, sailing through a great part of the Sea, and travailing almost over the World for it.

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By this the Licentiate was returned from his affright, and faid, as if he had spoke to himself; O how much doest thou cost me, Virgin, daughter of Jupiter, and mother of truth! Sacred Knowledge, how much dost thou cost me! but who ever reached the Gold without breaking through mountains of stone? who got to the Indies without paffing the Fears of the Sea, well imployed dangers, happy Solicitudes, that have facilitated me so great a Treasure of Truths. It is sufficient that I am affired of what

what I have, as in a Dream, thought of Zoroastes; It is sufficient that Magick is powerful for fuch Transformations; that Devils walk amongst us Cheek by Joul, and we know them not; It is sufficient that Madrid stands so near the Abysse that it breaths its fiery breath thorough it. Othe great Nobleness of the soul, that hath the Infernal Spirits at its command, at its command (I fay) even although it be not perfectly declared, but only by fignes, for upon the very hint do these Devils move, and in an instant take the shapes of Giants, to obey it!

Wise Doctor, believe not of my Wit, that it will conceive displeafure, at that which meriteth thanks; I had some knowledge of thy Wisdom, yet but small, and not comparable to the Experience, which thou hast given me; If I before de-

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fired to fee thee as an Oracle; If I formerly applauded thee, only attent on thy reputation, and to fo fhort a reputation, what shall I do after having made tryal of thy Marvels? Such men as thou art do the vulgar despise? such excellent persons, doth he not adore? does he forget the use and Glory of Statues in a time when thou livest? What greater Testimony of his Ignorance, of his Envy, and of his barbarousness? I likewise to be his mortal enemy do need no other injuries then those, which against thy illustrious wit he hath done, since in it all illustrious Wits are injured: If not the stroak of this Injury, yet at least, the Eccho lights on all; For even as the Lawrell which is given to a well deferving man, equally Crowns all those that are to ; fo an injurious reproach does equally affront them. I will not beg

beg that thou shouldest take me into thy favour, either because I content my self, and esteem it for a high Felicity to serve thee alwayes without more Correspondency, or because it would be a Contempt of thy wit, to require it not to be

ungrateful.

I durst have sworn, said the Doctor, that Don Leonardo's friend, would imitate him in Wit, friendship never grew betwixt unequals. I condemn my Choler, in not having given you leave to speak, by which, without doubt, I might have known you, at the very instant, and should have given you the Place which you merit in my esiteem.

Now the Tempest is over, said Don Leonardo, Pray Sirtell me how you Do? Scarcely had he said this, when at one leap a terrible Monkey of a marvelous greatness, put him-

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felf by his fide, playing with his Tayle, and moving with strange Gestures, and bringing in his hand an Urinal, full of Urin; what do you command me? Said Don Leonardo (with a handsome grace) since you know how docible I am, that you may teach me, so much to my cost, a thing than, I fear, will give me another cudgelling bout. This he faid, and the Monkey still persisting to put the Urinal before his eyes and being mean them!; The poor Gentleman supposed that he would give it him to drink, and therefore was determined not to reply, fearing a greater punishment; fo took it to Obey, and had already lifted it up to his mouth, faying tis: a hard case that you should use our patience foill, we being your friends and such passionate ones too: You might have jested more courteously, and deferved, in your very contempts

tempts of us, much gratitude on our part: but these Jests are not fit to be put upon a Rogue. You, senor Don Leonardo, did you not ask how I did? faid the Doctor, with what intent did you ask me? With what intent should I ask? but to know it , replyed Don Leonardo: Why, how can that be known better, then by feeing the Urin, faid the Doctor? and if that be not sufficient, ask it of my Pulfe, with your fingers: Is it not better and more eafie, replyed Don Leonardo, to ask it of you, and that you should tell it? I am fure this is very fevere.

No Sir, said the Doctor, observe this, either I am pale and lean in my Bed, when you ask it me, or I am merry and fat seated in my Chair as I am now. In the sirst case, you need not ask if I have my health, for my Phisiognomy says that I have it not: If then this be

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certain, the Question comes not, to defire to know that, but in what Estate the humor is, which causeth any infirmity, if it be upon its departure, or on its stay. This, there is no fick man can know; to tell it, only the Urin and the Pulse underfland it. In the second place, the Question is very foolish, for either the face is faithful to that which is within the Body, and then there is no need to ask of the health, because that tells it, and morits credit; in being the most noble part of our Body: or it is unfaithful, and and pearing chearful and fat, covers ill humors, and then neither can it anfwer , nor give account of its health because those sicknesses which promife health in the face, and foundness of the members are so trayterous that they not only deceive others, but himself that suffers them. According to this, Man

is so ignorant of his own constitution, that he is not able to answer to this Question. Then from hence forward perforce this must be asked by feeling the Pulse, or by asking for the Urinal: Pray then return it to this my Nurse, if you have yet conjectured the state of my humour.

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Yes truly faid Don Leonardo, (giving back the Glass) I have conjectured your humor, that you spend a good one; I do not spend it, Senon Don Leonardo , replyed the Doctor, mind but how you fpeak: I do not spend it, but imploy it, and observe what I say, to ipend a good humour is for Talkers, that speak with good humours, without profiting with it, this properly is to spend. To imploy it, is of discreet men, that treasures up with it, either acceptance or applause in the hearers, or else teaches the Ignorant, as I do now you two. The

The Monkey by this time was vanished, and the two Friends having taken a little more breath, the Licentiate said, Will you not tell me the cause why on a day so pleasant as this, you are so mewed up in your Lodging, and with an artificial light, when the Sun gives one fo splendid to all this Hemifphere? Many daies fince, I have observed, that you do not frequent that part of the Calle Major or great Street, as you used to do; what Novelty is this? for in generous persons, any change argues a strong reason, and in fools something of accident. You have asked me much, faid the Doctor, you have asked me much, and if the Door was not fast lock'd, I should fear you would leave me, and be gone before I should have done answering you: There is much to be faid to this; you, I suppose, have dined

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dined already, betwixt this and nine of the Clock at night are many hours, and it will bo no ill work to entertain our felves in them. ask, why I study by an Artificial Light being in the Day time. How if the Suns light should enter into my Lodging, could I ftudy? would it not divert me, to consider, that that Light sprang from the Sun, and was beholding to the courteste of the air to spread it abroad over all the Universe, and that it not only gives it to the world, but to the Stars alfo: That the Moon likewise borrows of it, as we fee in the Ecclipses, and that these show the roundness of the Earth, as is evident by the shadow; for when it is interposed between the Sun and the Moon it alwaies appears round.

Hence of force should be considered, whether or no the Waters were upon the Earth, or the Earth

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upon the waters; and if both Elelements made not one round Body. Then how afterwards could the opinion of that Philosopher escape my memory, who said that the Earth was carried upon the waters like a Ship. Presently I should descend to that fancy of another, who supposed, that the Water was more ancient, and more noble, than the Earth; and was the cause of the generation of all things, by its humid quality, wherein Life is founded.

I should from them pass to the generation of Animals and Plants; and should stop upon the latter, to contemplate on the beauty of the flowers, that with so much grace & pleasantness, publish the greatness of God. I should afterwards think with Cicero, that if there should be no other Testimony that there was a God, but the beauty of the world,

it would be sufficient to convince a man of a Divinity. Coming then to this, how could I possibly forget being a Gramarian, and not observe, that Mundus in Latin, implies cleanness or ornament; and that this Machin is so called, by reason of the beauty which adorns it? Insomuch that I could by no means study, if I should see the light of the day.

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As to the second, wherefore I am shut up, I will tell you, but you

must have patience.

What do you call patience? said the Licentiate; call it Joy, and it will be more proper: You stand throwing Jewels out of your mouth, and you esteem our covetousness so drowsie, that you stop to awaken it. Proceed Sir, I befeech you, and be consident, that you cast not your Pearles before Swine. The Doctor supposed he did,

did, because he had seen Don Leonardo determined to be so with the Urinal. And the Licentiate smelt as though he had been one, with the sear of the Visions.

He then proceeded, faying, I, Gentlemen, have no stomach to digest so great Irons, as those I see, when I go forth to walk in this piece of * Bizcaya, amongst those The Counmany which it hath: They pro- the best Ivoke me to vomit, not being able ron is to endure it, and they that see me made. vomit shew a niceness; this is an unreasonable thing, for it is not for Men to have such strong stomachs, but for Austridges, and Elephants; in a word, for Beasts: And if these make not all fick, as they do me, it is because they were bred up with this Venom; as once that * King Mithridawas, whom it not only did not kill, tes King of Pontus. but rather nourished.

Who is able to endure that Junto

of Fools, with Cloak and Gown of the Learned? I could well enough pass with their being all fools, fince I treat with few, but what are fuch; that which most incenseth me, is, that they being so, feign themselves to be Learned: Those wretched People, the rest of the Fools of the Town are blameless, in regard they know not, that there is such a thing as Knowledge in the world; or if they do, they despise it in their opinion, and hold it for a madness: But you that know or understand that there is, and we much adore it, that you enoble your felves with its Title: You neither follow after it, nor ever see it. What Imposture is rhis? If you esteem it, why do you not follow after it, why do you not overtake it? Not for want of wings, since there hath been no Age so happy, nor so well provided

ded with them, as so great a number of Books declare, that the Volumes of these of this Age do exceed the letters of those of that, which was illustrious with fo many Philosophers: neither is it for want of wit, for I see you ingenious in finding out the faults of others: It is your floath, it is your vanity, that hath perswaded you that the Glory and Felicity of knowledge, doth not confift in being wife; but in appearing fo; you content your felves with the vain oftentation of knowing Books: This you attain, without more paines, then coming to the Shop where they are to be fold, by reading the Titles, and tireing out the poor Bookfeller, to reach down this and the other, to consult the first page, and know by it what is contained in the whole Volume, as by Phisiognomy You

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You will fay (Mr. Licentiate) why do I not go thither, to that end which others do, to divert my felf, in feeing the people which pass by? Yes, I would so, if Thad parience to suffer it: Who can endure to fee there a Squadron of pitiful Soldiers, keeping their decorning and making their cringes to many that refort often to that place: (of the Rabble I speak.) These I say, because they have heard Cheir Grandsires tell tales, How there nath been Wars in the world, and how in them certain men killed others; They come Hittier 76 vell as a thouland of their lying atchievements, which they then telves know not if they are pollible or not glithey never faw the Wars nor the Enfignes thereof, and the worlt is, they have no affection at all to its troublesome noyle, as may be feen; for if they had,

had, they would never come to martyrise the Walk of * san Felipe A place in for so long a time. For it was the where ma-Providence of Heaven to sweeten ny resort to great labours, by giving us an Inclination to them. I confess that those of the War are intollerable, but if there be inclination, they cannot be so. Hence it proceeds, that many great Princes, who might live in the sweet rest of the Court, do despise it, being carryed away by their Inclinations, and chuse, for greater and more mild enterationment, that horrour, and those fears of Arms.

I well know, they fay, that they come to the end the King may reward their Services, that they have none what greater accuser then their very solicitude. Friend, Soldier if thou wert one with all thy heart, in being so thou wouldst find thy reward. What Mechanick Arcificer

Artificer doth not hug himself and esteem that day happy, wherein he brings some work to perfection? Those men are in their Centre, who busie themselves in the attaining those things which their nature inclines them to: If thine be to follow Arms, thou wouldest not go from amongst them. Didst thou go out, and hast thou escaped Death? by this returning thou art not of that trade, but art a man of peace; strip off then this bravery, and let us understand one another.

Three hundred forty and seven years was Rome Triumphant after her foundation, without giving any Sallery to her Soldiers, without pay they fought, without pay they extended that Empire of the world. It was a provident action; for on this manner it happened that none went to the Wars without inclination and natural boldness, no bo-

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dy went out, carried by hunger, and the defire of Pillage: It was generofity of mind that preferr'd them in that ventrous Army. Hence it was that all were stout, all were valiant.

Would you have me entertain my felf in feeingthe Coaches? God forbid. I fee fo many things in them, that they carry away my patience: through my eyes. I will fay nothing of women, because I have need of them, and it is a creature that conceives most anger at contempts, and yields the most to flattery of any, others will do it. Let fome great man, that wants not another thing to pleasure them withall, though he be never fo great a Coxcomb; I say, let him make this Iron, fince he hath wherewithall to guild it, for we that were born ill looked upon, or under an unkind aspect of the Stars, have need of much

We owe great courtesie to Women, and it is not Complement, but a forced reall Debt, wherein we pay all the care, with which they spend days and nights for our allurements, in trimming, dreffing, painting theselves, & preparing flattering baits in their tongues. They treat of no other matter, they have no other care, without which they would live a life wholly disconsolate, in feeing their imperfections and wants, in which nature hath maimedly left them, if we should not comfort them, and blot them out of their memory, with these flatteries, which, be they never fo abfurd, they judge for truths, and deceive themselves with them.

The Doctor would have proceeded further, if the thrid of his discourse had not been cut off by I

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a profound figh, from the Licentiate, which he threw up with fome clearing of his throat. What afflicts you Sir, said Don Leonardo? When you see the Humanity with which Mr. Doctor doth communicate the productions of his fruitful Wit. You need not now fear any more Visions; besides, with holding your peace all is remedied. It is no matter of consequence, said the Licenciate, and gave another double figh, but endeavouring to suppress it, at last, fetching short his breath, what's the matter, faid the Doctor? what's the matter, for Gods sake? make not your felf strange to my love, for that is to suspect it of being but little faithful. Pray take notice Sir, that you are in a place, where no thought whatfoever is concealed, though it retires never so near the Heart, and gets never so far from

the mouth. But why do I weary my felf with asking, having a defire to know?

In faying this, a little Curtain was drawn, and behind it appeared a figure of Brass, which seemed to be Cupid, with his Quiver, Bow, Scarf and Arrows; no sooner was it discovered when these words were heard to come from it, The man is in Love.

The Licentiate had scarce heard this (for now he was charmed a gainst Visions) when, much afflicted, he said, Mr. Doctor, Heaven hath guided me hither to day, to see you, in a time of the greatest Exegency that my heart hath ever had. That which this Spirit saith, is the very truth; I will tell you it at large, because I hope for a remedy from your profound Science, and you must take notice, by the way, that the reason why there

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is so little Love in the world, is, because I have it all, insomuch that there is none left for any other. In my heart he keeps all his Armory with great glory, there his Temple and Altars, with more zealous demonstrations, with more pious Ceremonies, then when Antiquity consecrated to the flattery of his Deity, the bloud of brute Animals: Here I shed my own bloud for the Victim, to him, which by little and little consumes me with its burning sire.

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As I passed, one Summers Evening, in a Coach through the meadow of San Geronimo, now no more a meadow, but a wilderness, wherein are hunted, with cruel destruction, not wild beasts, but men; here I fell entangled into nets of soft hair, was subjected by the darts of piercing Eyes; I yielded my self up to the smiles of a mouth, and suffered

fuffered my felf to be carried away with the pleasure of blushing cheeks: The owner of these arms went in another Coach; we bring together hers and mine, where was a tender yielding on my part, and a wanton allowance on hers; I never thought that in flattering breaths there could come revengeful flames, yet they came in those of her peaceful words: I remained hers, followed her as her flave, learnt her house, her quality, and that of her Parents; I knew she had a brother equal to me in age and humour, I procured his friendship by divers ways, and got admittance by this means, into the House of Doña Derothea (for so she is call'd, that is, bappy in all graces) I spoke to her tenderly, she answered me mildly, read my verses, and applauded them, gave reception to some of пу

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my prefents, all which passed with security, and little notice taking of her Parents, on the score that I was her brothers friend, they supposed that that was courtese, and not courtship; kindness, and not Love.

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Time, opportunity, and converse, made me every day more happy in her favour, I can affure you, that I had hope before I had love, fo much did her favours anticipate my desires. They go forth on their way, it being sufficient for me to meet and receive them. nally, this Lady, in regard she was the most beautiful, was the most defired by all kind of pretenders, because she had entertainment for all defires; the had Wealth for the Covetous, Nobility for the Gentleman, Beauty for the Gallants, Virtue for the Sober, and Discretion for the Wife: But I alone was the fortunate possessor of her Love; I

gave frome to the fort of her Breast, and gained her Heart, but not without my own loss and destruction, if so peaceable anaction deserves so severe a name, as is the giving mine in exchange of her heart, tis the majesty of Love that knows not how to yield it felf to unequals; must another Love be born, another must call him to defiance: On this manner passed I the pleasantest hours, that I can hope for in my Life; when fortune envious, or justly angry, that humane merits should tyrannize over fo divine parts, stole her from mine Eyes and from my hopes.

'Tis three days fince I have not been in my felf, 'tis three daies fince, that I live without knowing where I am, because I know not where she is, that is owner of my Sense: I was on Christmas day to visit her, taking occasion of the

time

time, but found her not within, I asked her mother for her; she told me that she was gone to see an Aunt of hers; I met her Father in the street, he told me that her Mother and she were gone to a Novema, at the Holy Covent of Alcala; and perceiving the deceit, in the disagreement of the Witnesses, I I consulted her Brother, but found him confused; who not suspecting that so large a share of the success concerned me, related the greatest missortune that hath happened in the World.

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Miseries of Beauty, how great are ye! Divine Dorothea, I wish thou hadst never been born beautiful; if thou wert to be unhappy, without doubt, fortune thinks her self beautiful, since she persecutes so much those who are so; alas, my destiny! I durst have sworn thou wouldst throw me down with the

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greatest hazard, when thou raisedst me up to so high fortune. Things that are wholly perfect, never endure long: In Perfection it self doth danger lie conceased; in Height it self doth ruine stand threatning. The Sun in coming to the Sign where it is most elevated, begins to decline, and continues not in his

greatest height one minute.

He related to me, as to a friend, in whom he expected not dismays, but comforts, that his Sister was wanting since the night before, that going in a Coach with her Mother to Mattins, in returning home without knowing by whom or where, they were set down at a house so like theirs, as the night and sleepiness would give them leave to discern, that being deceived, they entred into it, and in an instant the Coach disappeared, and them they lock'd up in two several

Rooms

Rooms well furnished, which shewed a rich master; that afterwards they offered a Sedan to her Mother to bring her home in, telling her that her Daughter was there already without any hurt, that she should hold her peace; and that the Love of a great man had attempted a thing that had succeeded in vain; but finally, Donna Dorothea, was free now from all fear: with this her Mother was deceived, and no fooner had those who carried her come to the street where she lived, when they intreated her that she would go alone into her house, because they would not, by chance, be known, by the lights that should come out to receive her. With this she entred, and they were gone in an instant: Infomuch that when she knew her Daughter was not at home; and called to her Father and Brother for

for Vengeance, they found no bo-

dy on whom to execute it.

When I heard fuch fad news, I remained as dead; he that related them, thought I had done it only out of my friendship to him, and was glad to find fo lively a refentment, hoping that I would help to fearch her out as a faithful friend: So I promised him to do, but in vain, fince there is not fo much as the least shadow of her. 'Tis now three days fince that I have fought her with all diligence, but I am ashamed of my care; for I find no way, not so much as to shew my sollicitude: So unhappy am I, that I am not so much as able to shew that I have a defire to find her, by one way or another, that would not be to her great disgrace.

This puts me besides my wits, this is it, that cannot be contained in my breast, and gets forth amongst f

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mongst my sighs: This is the cause that I throw my self at thy feet, most learned man above all that have been born, take compassion, for Gods sake, of this grievous disaster; let not Fortune boast her felf that she hath command over the Wise, since there are that fay the wife bear Rule over Fortune: Tell me where he is that hath stoln her? How she hath defended her felf, where this confufion must stop? Consult this Spirit that hath penetrated my thoughts, let us know from him the End of my Griefs, fince he already knew the beginning of them.

The Doctor would not have hearkened so long, because he had given him more jealousies than words, with his relation, but to fix in the Vengeance of this, and of the Pride with which he had painted himself the sole disposer of

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her, who was so, of all, and it was on this manner.

The Licentiate had no fooner ended, but the little Idol, which had given the first answer, fank down, leaving in the wall an hollow place, through which the fight might freely passe to another quarter, curiously You, Mr. Licentiate, take courage, faid the Doctor, and you shall see with your Eyes the estate of your care, peep through this hole, and see that which passeth. The Licentiate did so, and saw Doña Dorothea, who was in difcourse with a Gallant, of a handfome personage and disposition: This, faid the Doctor, is sufficient for the present, and the Curtain was drawn. You shall know, said he, that this Lady is already overcome, I cannot tell you the place where she is, because it is not convenient; neither matters it, suppole

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pose it was told; To her Parents, You may say that an Astrologer hath prognosticated to you, that they shall bring her back to her House within a very sew days, that in the mean time they make no bustle, since they will suffer more than any body else in their own honour. I am forry that so understanding a man should let himself be deceived by the flatteries of a Woman. Know, that she never loved you, but only for her Husband, her Love regarding more your wealth then your person.

The Arrogant Gallant was astonished, and unexpectedly surprized at the wonders he saw and heard, insomuch that he was struck speechless with rage and indignation. Don Leonardo that was in no lesse admiration, supposing that manhood was now of no use, rose up, taking his leave of the Doctor; at

which

which the Licentiate did the same, without offering to speak any thing at all; at last giving him many thanks for injuries, they both went away blundering and stumbling, and asking one another if it was Truth indeed, that they had seen the passed Visions.

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The Fool gives an Account of bis Life to bis Friend, together with the occasion of the adventures already related.

He troubles of the Calle Mayor (or high Street) were not the occasion of our Doctors shutting himfelfup, as he had told the Licenciate; for those had an easier remedy, since there are other streets in Madrid more quiet, and passages into the Fields more pleasant. Love it was that had confined him to his house for his Prison.

Who told thee so, my friend Historian? (will some body say)

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how dost thou know that? Few there are that can answer to this Question; but I am so great a friend of clearing doubts, that I very willingly resolve it. It was told me by a Gentleman of Madrid, a friend and intimate of the Doctors, his name Don Felix del Prado, he gave me an account of his Life, and particularly of the marvelous success which gave me occasion to write it.

Don Felix was troubled at the melancholy and retiredness of the Doctor, which now was taken notice of by all his friends; for Christmas holydays were past, and their Mirth, without the Doctors having had any taste of them. He was always in the house, yet never suffering himself to be seen by any body, save once, that two entred in without his seave, which cost them a sufficient trouble, as I have rela-

related. This Gentleman was of a pleasant nature, always desirous of making friendships, and had contracted a very firm one with the Doctor upon occasion of those Amours; even to the making of himself a party in them.

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One day then when he faw him more free from Sighs, then he was accustomed to be; I assure you, my friend, said he to him, I understand you not; you say you are almost undone for this woman. You have her in the house, and without any hazard: what would you have more? Enjoy the opportunity: Declare your seif to her, and leave off disguises. I see, said the Doctor, I have these advantages near and easie to setisfie my appetite; I well fee that I can force her without hazard, fince the thinks I am a stranger, with this malque that I have put on (of which

which I shall hereafter give you an Account) but I do not subject my defires to fuch humble Victories. I covet her Love, I would conquer her Soul; I pay not my felf with lesser pledges: Love is the Salt of all these delights, with Love the fight of the Lady is glorious, and even that of the Walls of her house; with Love hope is happy; with Love any promise is of Estimation, every glimple is a favour, every word is fweet, all is seasoned with Love; if that be wanting neither avails the feeing her, nor fpeaking to her, nor as many favours as confidence it felf can force from her. Now I fee, reply'd Don Felix, that it is a great misfortune to be a wife man, if you were not fuch, you would not spin out a discourse on this manner, but would lay hold on the occasion; enjoy it, and then, as unconcerned;

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We are alone, said the Doctor, and with intention not to go out of this house, nor let in any body. that shall not be of it; I am big with this thought, and have made experience of this truth, give me attention, I beseech you; Listen to the discourse of my Life, and you shall see by the way, how exactly you have hit on that conceit: You shall see how all the time that I was a fool, I was the most happy person of the World, only by being fo; notwithstanding I was never so much deserted by men; nay fortune her self, she did also forsake me then, when I was a fool, because I imagined that, in time, I might cease to be so. I have no buliness, said Don Felix, that requires my presence, more than your cares; and therefore should be glad, that you would tell me the

the beginnings of them, because on this manner I might walk with more light: One and the other (said the Doctor) you shall know this afternoon, although the last will but renew my smart, and I know not whether or no I shall

have patience to endure it.

I (my friend) was conceived in original folly, and can fay, I am a fool on all sides; for my Father, being a man well born, and having taken the degree of Licenciate in Alcala, with his foot already in the stirrip for a most honourable imployment, fell in love with my Mother, being a Maiden of mean Extraction, and also a fool, by complection. This good Father of mine, being wounded with the darts of her pretty Eyes, grew desperately in love with her, and therefore contrived how he might deceive her, so gave her a promise

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mise of Marriage, with intention to leave her in the lurch; she giving credit to his words, they both play d the fool: for he was afterwards forced to marry her, by Justice; and she brought her Honour almost to the last gasp.

From this folly of both was I born, at a time when the Councel of the Joses, nominated my Father to a Government in that other World, which was like killing him, for this: Now I being but newly born, he considered that the embarquing me with him, was to hazard my life; and therefore determined to leave me in charge with a Brother of his, then Curate of Odon a Village three Leagues from Madrid: He did so, and departed with his Wife.

My breeding up, was then in Odon at the breasts of a bouncing wench, the Wife of a farmer, rude

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in behaviour and language: Here you see my excuse before hand, if in my History, I use but little order in my words, for what Language could I learn from a woman of this rank? She gave me in her Milk the Quintescence of Garleek, Onions, and Wine, which was her dayly sustenance. Here you see me rustick in body and foul; but as Heaven always takes care of those whom men forsake, I grew ftrong and robust with this harshness, but I retained the Phisiognomy of the Nurse, her brown skin, and a furly frown, perchance learnt from that which she always put on when she looked upon me, so powerful is the imaginati-In such manner did the fear of her severity possesse me, that musing always upon it, it remained imprinted on my face; my head was fortified by her hideous cla-

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clamors, and my patience, by meer vexations.

Now at seven years of Age, my Uncle considering that it was time to learn to read, and write, taught me, in company of another Nephew of his, of the same Age, which he kept in the house: I, in my looks, shewed alwaies a contumacious, and rebellious Wit: together with a stubborn kind of reservation: Insomuch, that in the Town, they courteously called me el Ceñudo, or the Frowner, in stead of calling me, the Fool.

My Uncle was harsh of Humour, but had a plodding head
of his own, and therefore notwithstanding he whipped my school-fellow, at every turn, for the neglect of his lesson, yet did he me,
but seldom, saying that I, that was
a Fool, for my dulness might be
excused, but not the other, be-

cause he shewed a free wit: From that time forward did my folly begin to stand me in stead, since it faved me so many whippings, and I lost nothing in the conclusion, for I learnt as much as the other, because he learnt very little. Eight hundred Duckats did the Cure bring in yearly to my Uncle, and yet for all this, he was so miserable, that he made use of us instead of Servants, and kept no other. But I was born with I know not what Pride in my heart, which pull'd me by the fleeve, and reprehended me every time I did any thing that was unworthy.

He used to send me for Wine, and I that had always a liquorish palate, play'd the Taster to the Pitcher, but that Town being plentiful of water, I repayed it doubly out of the first River I came

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at: My Uncle apprehending it, in the Tast, somewhat troubled, began to say, that I being a Fool, the Woman of the Tavern still gave me of the worst, and so sent me no more.

To these messages my Companion proffered himself with great diligence, for he was naturally a friend of play, and loved gadding abroad; but I escaped not scotfree, for it cost me the care of the Bells, a thing, in my opinion, most troublesome, and what would almost be impossible for me to undergo, if I were not otherwise enabled, and my folly should not fuccour me. The good Curate contrived to spare a Sexton, and that I should pay for it. I had not a head to run up and down the turning stairs of the Steeple, so many times a day; nor to endure the noyfe of the Bells; for having

in the Milk, sucked in so much Wine and Garleek, my head was

in a perpetual giddiness.

I remember once that fleeping in the most sound and quiet time of the night, there came a husbandman of the Town in great haft, to intreat my Uncle that he would give order to knock the bells for Child-birth, because his wife was just crying out. My good Curate then waked me, faying, rife Perico, rise, and ring for Child-birth quickly, quickly; I got up, and as we fools have great memories, I retained in it, the quickly, quickly, and I knocked the Bells fo nimbly that the Inhabitants of the Town had thought, without doubt, it rang for fire: At the alarum they all got up, running out of their houses, some with pitchers, others with kettles, others with buckets, and others with feringes

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ringes and feveral Engins, all came straight to the Church, to ask me where? where? I answered in such a ones house, thinking that they would know where the woman in Labour was; and the Curate being fallen asleep again, I had no body to shew me my errour.

The Neighbours were all thus gathered together in a Tumult at the house of the woman in Labour, and seeing a great deal of smoak go up out of the Chymney, for they had, by chance, kindled the Childbed sire of straw, (which is poor peoples suel upon necessity) they all supposed, that there the house was on sire, indeed, and began to pour on their Pitchers, Kettles, Seringes, and other Engins of water; to untile the house, and pull down the Chimney that they might quench the fire; others fell

to breaking open the doors, with a terrible clattering, and hearing the woman crying out with her pains in the bed, believed she did it for fear of the fire, they carried her out in their arms into the street, no arguments, nor entreaties being sufficient to prevent it. When they came near to fee more at leifure, where the fire was, there was fallen such abundance of rubbish upon it that they thought the poor woman owed her life to that diligence, who was delivered before all the Town in the middle of the itreet, and of a multitude of lights; that the Child might be sure not to want Witnesses nor Goships.

The Relation of the husband was not sufficient with the Town, to perswade them, that they were not called to the quenching of a Fire, but to Child-birth, though he swore it a thousand times, yet

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they believed him not; So ordinary a thing it is to give more credit to a rascal then to an honest man. I was forry the fault was not laid at my door; but my Uncle suspected it, which was best for my ease, for seeing that I understood not the Office, he resolved to take it from me in a few dayes; and dissembled it at present, because he would not anger the parties agrieved.

A while after, dyed one of the principal men of the parish, a Gentleman and of good Parentage; But a person that would make a fool of himself, when he was in his Wine, so that being a little elevated, would go out upon a holy-day with a Tabor and Pipe, to make merry and dance with the maids and young men of the Town, in a ridiculous manner. My Uncle knew of his being dead, and at the

the instant came hastily to me: Go Perico, said he, go ring for the Dead, and without Laziness, for the Love of God, merrily, merrily: He thought that I understood he meant the Bells, and supposed it was sufficient to make signes to me. I went to my Belfry very carefully, to obey him with all punctuality, and confidered how he had commanded me to ring for the Dead merrily. God bless me, thought I to my felf, furely the Physician of the the Town is dead, or the Scrivano, (or Attorney) fince my Uncle hath a mind I thould celebrate it with fo much mirth. I bethought my felf that the merriest sound, in my opinion, was the Chaccona, and knocked the Chacona with both my hands, on two Bells, fo to the life, and with so much Air, that many afterwards fwore to me, it had made them dance. The

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The Parents of the Dead-man, thinking it was to mock him for being a Taborer, take their Half-pikes and Lances, and coming towards the Belfry, before they got thither, they began to shout, and call out Rogue, Rascal, dost thou not know what thou dost? I, seeing that Squadron together, armed at all Points, confirmed my suspicion, and verily believ'd, they came to make merry for the death of some of the the aforesaid, with a * Torneo de a * Or bat-pie; I then more pleased my self in Spain, with the found, but they redoub-wherein ling their noyse, I held still a little they skirfor curiofity, and heard them faying with to me, who bad thee Rascal, who Lances bad thee Ring after this manner? Oc. in I believing that they had admired their it, answered, my Uncle the Cu-hands. rate; scarcely had they heard that, when they departed towards his house: but by this, he came runing

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ing to the Steeple, with his Gown tuck'd up at his Girdle, sweating drop after drop; and crying out, what dost thou do , Fool? what dolt thou do Beaft? Perceiving him angry, I let alone the Bells; and he proceeded; come down from thence beaft, for thou undo'ft me. I came down, and found my good Curate, compassed about by all those Executioners, who made a great noyse, but I minded not what they faid, only liftning to my Uncle, heard him cry, he'l tell ye, Let him tell: They all reply'd, he has already told us, and at this, they drawing nearer, my Uncle call'd to me, Come hither (Son of a Whore) did I bid thee knock the Chacona? (my father could have faid no more to me). Why, faid 1? did you not bid me ring merrily? what then can you have merrier. This gave them all

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all fatisfaction, and they departed.

Who now would not have faid that this folly should have been my undoing? yet it was not, but the ease of my trouble; for my Uncles anger being appealed, and supposing that I did it out of Ignorance, never beat me for the neglect; and not to see himself in such another premunire, took from me my Office of Governour of the Bells, and gave it to my Cozen and Companion.

He had alittle suspicion of his being somewhat greedy, and in regard he loved him more then me, he had employed him in the care of the Larder; now the Man being miserable, he thought he did well to change his Officers, therefore made me his dispenser, or overseer of his provisions, and gave me the keys of a Room where he

kept all his dainties. You see me here Master of all my desire meerly

by my follies.

He delivered all to me by account, Cheeses, Hony, Pome-Citron, boxes of Quince Marmalate, two dozen Gammons of Bacon, as many dryed Sassages, and a thoufand other knacks of the Nunnes. In fine, I took him a little out of each of these meats, and if he said Mass betimes, I also took care to give him a Biscate and Wine, but thought much to give him all, and leave none for my felf; and yet feared lest my Uncle coming to know the loffe, should take from me the key, and throw me out to the Quire to fing, without more ado. So I hit upon a Stratagem, and it was to give out a report that there were a world of mice haunted us, with this I eat as much Cheefe, Biscates and Sweet-meats

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as I had a mind to: but being somewhat more affectionate to the Gammons of Bacon, I supposed the mice could not keep me blameless for this, they ordinarily eating little be. cause they are hindred by the sword of it: Now my Uncle going in dayly to see the State of his Dainties, for certain (faid I once to him) there is no fuffering this ill neighbourhood of the mice, for I always find somewhat or other devoured; if you, Sir, think fit, we will put into the Larder a Cat that shall give them their payment; the counsel was liked well by my Uncle, who was very angry at the pilfering of the Mice; so he made a Cat-hole in the door, and I went in to ferve for a Cat, and cut what I liked of the Gammons, and Sassages, and whilst the rest were at Church, and a little old woman gone to the market for meat, I fryed it for

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my self, and drew the Devil out of my Guts. The Curate coming home, noted what was wanting, and concluded straight that the Cat had eaten it and although I did him more mischief, so great was his anger against the Mice, that he was well enough contented, and said, Tis no matter, since these scurvy Vermin dye in exchange of my loss. I always kept shut the Cat-hole, because the Cat and I being then both of one trade, I would not that she should out-do me in any thing.

Sixteen years spent I in this life, without knowing that I could have a happier; which was no great matter indeed for me: for whilst a man desireth no more than what he enjoyeth, he may say that he enjoyeth his hearts desire. I found within me a certain covetous inclination to books, which never left me; and went abroad into the Fields

Fields with some of my Unclessas Guzman the Rogue, Obregue, the Squire, Lazarillo, and others of this kind; I entertained my self sweetly with these at all idle times, which were many, in Summer in the Shades, and at the Sun in Winter.

It happened at the time of the Festival, which they use to make to the Sacrament; that there was in the Caltle of Odon, a great Gentleman, prisoner, for a certain quarrel which he had had with a Noble-man in the Court; He undertaking on his own account to make it, for that purpose fent for a Company of Stage Players from Madrid: Those who had made their Autos (or Acts) there on the fame occasion; who represented in Odon two of excellent variety of verses, of profound conceit, and above all, with great Ornament of Clothes.

Clothes. I was in great admiration at it, and followed after them open mouth'd, as if by that, all those Graces would have entred into me. They acted some Comedies in the Castle to entertain that Gentleman, of which I lost not one tittle, neither was it possible for me to do otherwise.

After they had been there three days, I perceived they talked of going away, and had a couple of Coaches at the Gate, having already taken leave of the Alcalde. Here I was ready to lose my senses, wishing I had never seen them, for it seemed to me I should never be able to live in their bitter absence; so much did this desire work in me, that it mastered my Cowardise, and that natural restraint which alwaies (to my great shame) kept me in awe.

I came to one of the Comedians

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and asked him whither they went? he told me to Madrid; are you, replyed I, to Act as many times there? He laughed at me, and faid, there, Friend, are two Comedies every day, and many times halfa dozen, with those acted in particular houses. I already had knowledge that Madrid was the chiefest Town of spain, but I knew not wherein it was fo, or what did illustrate it , because I had never been out of Odon, neither had I ever had any defire that my Uncle should let me go out of it; when I heard that in Madrid they had of that every day, and afterwards knew that it was but there hard by; I thought I was very near Heaven, and curfed my fortune that had for sixteen years deprived me of feeing a place where there are two Comedies every day, and many times half a dozen in G 2

particular houses. I then purposed to fay to Death when he should come with the Writ of Execution, to do it on my Life, that there wanted yet sixteen years, because those which are imputed to me that I lived in Odon, was not to live, nor any thing like it. What, is it mer possible; thought I, that any one goo can live among these Barbarians, les, that have not two Comedies ever fince ry day, and many times fix in particular honses? This I repeated et lain very moment in my Imaginati-kno

It afterwards happened that the He imprisonment of that Gentleman muc who was in the Castle still conti- Cav nuing, there came men of very men pleafait conversation, and Ladies said of courtly behaviour to visit him; get I went up and down there amongst them, being become all Eyes, as reac if I would discover a new World;

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I made a friendship with a Page of e my own years, a very straight one. o out of a covetoufness that he should inform me concerning those things. He told me, that those with whom his Master past away the time, deceiving the sadness of his imprisonment, were men that had studied e good learning, and that made verles, and fuch Comedies as not long. fince had been acted there; and that they also writ Books of entertainment, of which I already had knowledge. I asked him if they were of Madrid, and those Ladies: He told me yes. I asked also, with much simplicity, if in Madrid the Cavaliers used to keep so many women. And even the Rogues too, s said he, keep as many as they can get, with their industry, or with their mony. That, I told him, I had read of the great Turk. Friend, faid he, he keeps them as his own

Wives, these do not. So much the better, said I, much more pleafant seems this manner of Gusto to me: The great Turk surely knows not how to solace himself with so much ease. When I knew that in Madrid they had Comedies, ingenious men, delicate and beautiful women, and that without the trouble of Marriage they were permitted, at the expence of mony or industry; I could not resist this desire, but yielded up my arms to it, and resolved that my departure should be very suddainly.

Now knowing that it was not enough to go to Madrid, unless mony went with me; because the poor man lives exposed to all miseries in the streets. I fell to plotting how to go to Madrid in a good

Condition.

My Father sent by every Fleet, about four hundred Crowns to

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the Curate my Uncle, for the charges which he supposed were laid out on me, in maintaining me at the University of Salamanca, studying the faculty of the Laws; a thing which he had often recommended by feveral Letters ; to which my Uncle answered, that although I was still a Fool, yet he hoped that in a short time he should civilize me a little more; because I should not be there the mock and laughing stock of all. At this time came the Fleet and the four hundred Crowns; me thought it was pity that he should be paid with so much liberality, who bred me up with fo much misery; And as a strong desire, never wants arguments to fet it forward; it feemed to me but a Case of Restitution, to take from him that which came for my felf, so I did; and with regard to my opinion, for

for even to steal, it is good to have the opinion of being a Fool.

My Uncle put his breeches where he kept the key of the mony, under his pillow; when he therefore was in bed, it was impossible to open the Cabinet without manifest danger; wherefore the contrivance was thus.

About two a Clock in the night, it being very dark, I rose with great filence, and opened the Door of the street, and all the rest, to that where the Curate was; and afterwards being come to my bed, I began to cry, Sir, Uncle, Sir, Uncle, Thieves, Thieves! wakes, and hearing the noise, in a moment jumps into the Floor, taking a fword which he had on the Beds tester, and being amazed, asked, where doest thou hear them? Where are they? At the streetdoor they make a noise, said !. With

With this he hastens to the street door, which was not near, telling me that I should rise and light a Candle. All this while my Cozen

flept.

I searched the pockets, took the key of the Cabinet, where the Four hundred Crowns were newly come; and finding them in a purse, I left the Cabinet open; then although I felt the Candle, I went not to light it, till I had first laid up in security the purse of my Joy, my life, and all my remedy. The Curate having found the Doors open, fell, in the first place, to thutting that of the ffreet, and locking of it, and the key being then on the infide, he took it out of the lock, thinking the Thief was within, and that with this he should hinder his passage out, and catch him with the theft in his hands: then cryed out, Boy, bring hither the the Candle, bring the light. I came down with it, and found him with his back against the street-door, in a fighting posture cutting and slashing the Air, and calling out, Sacrilegious Rogues, the Curate; must you rob the Curate, Sacrile-

gious Villains?

When the light was brought, come hither Perico, faid he, follow me, let us go visit every Room by its self in order; so we did; and went locking them all, till we came where the theft had been done; when he faw the Cabinet open, he was almost dead, and fell into a cold sweat, as if they had taken away his blood; and no marvel, for mony is the bloud of the Life, without which no man is able to breath: At last, after he had a good while confidered the robery, he faid, 'Tis done, we are come too late; then came to the Drawer, and

and seeing the Purse wanting, cryed, All's lost; I durst have sworn it; the Thieves are already gone; that was the noise thou heardst at the door.

Let us go to the Alcalde, that he may take our Testimony concerning the Substance of the crime; But now I think on't, stay thou in the house, and lock the door on the inside, lest it should be the Devil, and in the mean time should return for more; with this he went, and I shewed some resentment at the Accident. The Justice coming presently, did what is usual in such Cases, and afterwards went their ways.

I let some days pass over, and one morning that appeared very chearful and pleasant, from which might be gathered a happy Omen, my hearts side being comforted with the Purse, I took my way

towards

towards Madrid, thinking on the new way of Living, which Heaven offered me; And that which gave me the greatest trouble, was the Sirname of Hernandez, which I inherited of my Parents, and that Pedro Hernandez, sounded like a Fool on a Stage: I remembred me that I was more indebted to my Frown than to my Father, since by it I had enjoyed so quiet a Life; therefore purposed always to call my self Pedro Cenndo.

I went into Madrid at the Gate called Fuerta de La Vega, and came straight up to the little Market place of san Salvador, where seeing a confused number of people, I asked what they were; they told me Alguazils and Scivanos (or Bayliffs, and Attorneys): It grieved me already to think I was come where there was so much Justice. Sinner that I am, said I, we could

not live in our Town, only for having one Scrouno in it: How shall I live here, where there are so many?

A little farther as I came to the Ruerta de Guadalaxara, I met the Page with whom I had contracted the friendship in Oadn. He was veryiglad to fee me: I told him that I had had a falling out with the Curate, and was come from him, with intention to live in the Court. Thou comest in good time, replyed he for at a certain place, they have intreated me to feek them out a Page; if thou halt a mind to be one, thou wilt be in a good way to live. I considered on his Counseh and it seemed to menotill: for although I brought with me, good flore of money , yet that would easily waste, if I should live umprovided, and it was best keeping it till a time of necessity, to help at a dead lift. He

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He carried me, at my request. to the Roperia; I bought there a Suite and Cloke of black Searge; then we came to a Shop, where they fold Starched Ruffes and Cuffes, these I also bought, and made my felf more Gallant then Narcifus, for Narcifus never wore a starched Ruff; from that time I knew that mony was the most powerful thing of the World; and that it supplied the defects of Nature; fince a man that came fo Ruflick, as he that had been bred up amongst the Beasts of the Field in an instant, by vertue of this great Prince, was Gallant, full of Air, and Courtly.

He then carried me to be seen, to my Master, who was an Arrogonian Gentleman, large of stature, and in years, but short of sight: He was married to a young Lady of about sixteen, and came to Court

Court to pretend for a Title; now to qualifie himself the better, took great care about the Number and Ornament of those that served him; and seeing me well clad, and of an Aspect as severe as an * Alcalde * er a of the Court: This Lad, saies he, quage looks not amis: Whence art thou? Native of Madrid, answered I: then, faid he, thou art no Fool ; as though Fools could not be born in Madrid. He would have treated about my Sallary; but I, not well understanding it, said, Trouble nor your felf, Sir, concerning that, for lesteem it a sufficient interest, to honour my felf with the Title of your Servant. You shall see here that my knowing little was of profit to me in this, for the good Gentleman, obliged by the courtesie, took an affection to me, and gave me what I had need of, with a liberal hand; whereas if I had made

made a positive bargain as the others did, he had given me the bare Salary of the rest, who had not wherewithall to buy shooes.

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New cloathes, and the occasion awakened in me, I know not what Divine lights, that made me admire my own self. I went to kils my Mistress hands, and found in her the liking as in her husband; she asked me some questions, which I briefly and mysteriously satisfied; always shewing in the blushings of my face, the honesty and modelty of my Nature.

* One that My Master being a * Pretendient, sued for an stayed not much at home, which the Court. I liked but ill, for he would suffer neither Page nor Lacquay to stay at home, thinking he lost his No-bility in losing the sight of any one of us. See what the Honours of the World are, and the Ostentation which gives credit to me-

rits, which are to be adorned with little flovenly Lacquays and Pages; from that time I began to Philose-

phize.

How is it possible, thought I, that all can passe by this madness; and can take for merit and pledge of Estimation, that which is anothers; and from so nigardly and froward a Mistress as Fortune, a woman, in fine, covetous and variable, that at the first distaste, cries, This is mine, give me it again.

We went sometimes all the day long, sollowing his horse, and I said within my self, whither sufferest thou thy self to be carried? thou sollowest a beast, there needs no other proof, that thou shalt never come to good. At other times my Pretendient went out in his Coach, and although there was room enough to spare, for us sour

H Pages

Pages in the Boots, he would not give us that honour, not to go without that which we gave him, walking a foot round his Coach, with our Green Liveries, like Footboys of the Pageant Giants, which

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are carried in procession.

I rested not in the nights, for the greatest part of them I was imployed in carrying Notes and Messages to this and the other Noble-man, a thing insufferable for my humour, by reason of the nice dissiculties which used to be at the Doors of these People, and for the Ceremony which their presence useth to oblige: I could not endure

*It was a feth to oblige; I could not endure custome in that, of making me dance per force, Spain for-with so much reverence, and crinary when with so much reverence, and crinary whole Body *: Since brought a that the unregarded kneeling to Letter to a one of these neglectful Grandees, Nobleman, who for not turning his Eyes, will to deliver it kneeling. keep a man cursing with Devotion:

Which

Which ill fortune remained with me so long as the opinion of being wise. The Devil put it into my head to appear so, and to be a Graduate: For consident of this, my Master sent me on all messages, that I rested not quiet a moment. I then turned Fool again, and was fortunate; the manner was

strange.

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One night very late, being weatry, as I used to be, my Master had writ a Letter, to send by the Post, but being called away to Supper, he said to me, Close thou this Letter, put upon it the Superscription, and carry it to the Post of * Ar- * A Kingon, for it imports me very much. Spain. He went to supper, and I staid reading the Letter, which seemed to me to be of Love; for after many tender expressions, he sent to tell a woman, that by all means she should come to see him, for by

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reason of his business he could not be absent from home. In the Margin he put the name of the person to whom he writ, as he ordinarily used to do, and therefore told not me what I should put in the Superscription: supposing that I would perceive that it was for a Sister of his, by the name which he had left written.

Near our precinct was a Lady of Pleasure, one of those that receive visits, a person so great a friend of her servants, that she could not live unless they lest her some pledge of their passion, whereby she might adore their memories: To be plain, she was a most impudent hackney Jade, was of Arragon: and called in mockery the Post of Arragon. I seeing a Love-Letter and for the Post of Arragon, thought that without doubt, it was for her; so scaled it, but would

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would not write a Superscription, it seemed to me a madness to put

one upon an amorous paper.

I carried it to the Post, she asked me whose it was; I told her a Gentlemans of Arragon, whose name came in the Paper, she opened it very amoroufly, and read it thus:

My Dear,

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To make me most happy, there needs no more than that thou wilt have it so; and thou wilt shew it, in coming to see me: the way is short, and I would to God that I mere free from business, then I assure thee, I would go to thee every day: there shall not be wanting any thing to pleasure thee, when thou wilt come to make joyful this thy House: And besause I hope shortly to see thee, I do not give thee any account of other cares of greater moment. God preserve thee, &c. Madrid.

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She was very much pleased at the courtesie of the paper, and desirous to comply with what it required, she asked me if that might be a good opportunity, I told her, Yes: Because my Master shewed a great defire that she should come at the instant that he sent me to call her. She made me fit down in a Chair, and calling a Servant that was half a Tawny-moor, she went into an inner Chamber, where the trick'd her felf up in her Silverlaced Wastcoat, her Mantle embroidered with Gold, and all her mundus muliebris; and afterwards, taking her Maid by the hand, and feeing but withhalf an Eye through her Veil, we came to my Masters House. I went in first to prepare him, and finding him at Supper with his Wife, I whispered him in the Ear, and faid to him, Now, Sir, the Post of Arragon is here. What

What dost thou say? replyed her That I have brought her here, said I, beautiful as a thousand pieces of Gold: The good old man knew not that there was so pleasing a Post; for he thought they had all been bearded, and understood me not, making me a thousand questions, nor did I understand him. In fine I said to him, Come forth, Sir, for she expects you in your Chamber, and it is not courtese to keep her so long: She tarried less in dressing her self than your Worship in rising from your Chair.

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Up gets the good old man, bleffing himself, and coming down to a Room which he had near the Entry, well furnished, he found in it the Post, a young Girle of a good countenance, much gentleness in her Eyes, and sweetness in her Cheeks, all smiling and pleasantness: Who holding the Paper in her her hand, and having made her courtesse to him that was astonished at the Novelty; she said to him, Sir, for you to command one, who esteems it so great a happiness to be yours; What needed so courteous a paper? Any message is sufficient, wherein you command me to serve you. The old man apprehending the error which happened, and rejoycing in his heart at it, longed (in good earnest) to be making much of her, and accounted the mistake for lucky:

My Mistress who had noted the secret which I told him at Table, and that he had risen up in a surprize from it, was somewhat troubled, and sent a Chambermaid to watch him, who related both what she did see, and what she did not see: My Master, said she, hath got a Mistress, and Perico as the Pimp, she's the bravest

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wench in the whole Town; by my Faith, he is not so liberal to you as he is to her: This old Dotard, what a Golden Mantle he ha's given her, and a Silver Wastcoat! The good man feems young again. This you deserve for your foolishness, but hereafter you will learn more cunning, being served by so many Gentlemen as you are. Presently you'l be saying; Alas, my Husband, how I love thee! An ill fire light on the best of him, who would think that his years were not sufficient to make him ashamed? Pray, confider if this be so, what will a young beardless Husband be? A mischief on the Bride that shall be married, these are no times to put trust in any body: By the Age of my Mother, Mistress, because I saw him so cold with you, I had thought he had forgot his Love toys with his Age; a curfe

curse upon him; for, by my truth, they are not forgotten with those whom he loves well.

The poor Gentlewoman at this was ready to have loft her senses, but seeing what a shameful thing it would be for her self, if it should be known, how that a rotten old man despised her for, a soolish young wench, she dissembled it, with the greatest mildness she could, pretending not to understand it, and made show to the Maid, as though she did not believe her.

Away went the Post, and my Master, calling me, chid me, but I fatisfied him, telling him my credulity; and since it had been no ill bout for him, he passed it by, purposing to hold me from thence forward, in the opinion of a Fool. Therefore took from me the Papers and other businesses in my custody, fearing some other folly

of greater consequence.

You see me here eased already, only for one folly: What should I have been, if I had done many? Thus when Fortune considered that I was a Fool, she began to look upon me with a milder countenance, and to treat me as a friend, for my resemblance of her.

My Mistress was mollified, by the addresses, cares, importunities, and subtilities of a Noble-man, who with equal power and caution served her; She suffered his Courtship, received his Presents, his Comedies and his Treats, only that she might not be thought clownish; she answered his Notes, not to be discoruteous; sinally, she liked the young man well, because she liked the old man ill. And accounting me for secret, wise, and a dissembler; and graduating

me with the Pimpship of her Husband, she desired him that he would give leave that I might be imployed in her Service, her messages, and waiting on her; and that the Page which she, till then, had kept for this, might serve him in my stead; my Master was glad at the trucque, and struck the bargain, as one that swops away a horse.

After a few days service of my new Commandress I was called a-side by a Dueña, or Governess, into a room alone, peeping in every corner, to see if no body heard us: I observing her behaviour, concluded that, for certain, she would give me a Schooling for the passed pimping. The reverend Matron, with her Pontificial habit, a Hermit-like Rosary about her Neck, a little book of Devotion in her hand, and a pair of large spectacles

on her nose, took me by the arm, and faid, Although honest men have no need of being admonished, that they fhould be so, because their nature stands prompting them to it; yet for all this, they often flide into many errours, by not knowing the way: This, my Son, I will now teach you: You are in a very principal and honourable House, and till now have served the Master of it; but the neglects which are committed with them, are not so notable as those which are committed with Ladies; you ferve my Mistress, mind me what I fay, you must bend to her defires, you must accomplish her will; for those who serve must not dispute, whether that which is commanded be just or not, that is more for Church-men then Pages: If you would do discreetly, and for your own good, you need no other

ther Loadstone then Obedience, and Secresie: Obey, friend, and be silent, if you would be obeyed another day; you see many in these Streets that are served well, only because they have served well.

My Mistress knows you to be loyal, and secret, because you have been so with your Master, and although this hath been to her prejudice, She esteems you for it, as it is reason, considering that

you also will be faithful with her henceforward, being her Page.

There serves my Mistress (you must know) a Noble-man of this Court, a Person powerful and liberal; She is a woman ill matched, and owes some gratitude to the Love of this Prince (and telling me his title) you are to carry him (said she) this Paper, which is the Answer of another of his, and the reward which he shall give, will adver-

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advertise you whether it be good to serve with secresse or no; and because it is not convenient to be telling you of it always, from henceforth I forewarn you, that all the errands which shall be given you for my Mistresses Cozen, you must carry to the Earl; and this is enough for the sirst lesson. I gave her thanks for the good documents, and carried the Paper.

There I perceived how prejudicial a Fool is, since by my folly that Gentlewoman came to cease being so, by becoming jealous and revengeful to her Husband. Foolishness in men is like poyson in poysonous creatures, of which the Naturalists write, that it never does but to themselves, but to others; I wax'd fat with my follies, and others are destroyed by them: Here I also observed, that the folly and lightness of married women

was for the most part learnt of their husbands; for, as Pliny saies in his Panigerick to Trajane, they esteem it an honour to imitate their Husbands.

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Married friend that most nights leavest thy Wife, and goest to seek anothers; do not confide in that thy Wife is very obedient, for even for that reason she may imitate thee with more facility. pleasant life did I lead in my new Office! The first Pages of the World; those that took up this occupation by their own choyce, and not by use, as now adays, and that too, for want of other imployment; they, I fay, were allured by this prosperity of Pages: Let us speak plain (I mean) of Pimping: The Page that is not a Pimp, is not a Page, but a meer pretender to it. This is the greatest good fortune, to this are all his defires freered

fleared. The Page that thou shalt fee well clad, brisk, and full of money, has already attained to his perfection; the other poor tatterde-mallions are still in their Sackcloth. How many Playes was I carried to? What sport did I see? At what splendid feastings was I present? How much Gold had I given me? What acquaintance did Igain? and from whence came all this good fortune to me, but only for having the reputation of a Fool! My Mistress thought that I had understood nothing of what I faw, and therefore confided all in me, as though she did not confide in me at all.

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At this time there happened to me a very pleasant accident, which was on this manner. The Gentleman of the Horse had a spight to a pretty Lady of a certain middle humour, betwixt grave and airy:

airy: He had treated her as a respectful Lover, and made her hands sparkle with certain Diamonds, in which his foolishness was resplendent: And coming a few days before this time, with the caution which he thought convenient, he catched her napping with a Noble-man; another night returning, he found her with another; at this he was swoln with such honourable Jealousies, that he was ready to have burst, therefore contrived this revenge.

He intreated me to put on my Masters richest sute of clothes, which was in his custody, and that accompanied by the rest of the Pages of the House, I should go vitit her, feigning my self an Earl, and that I should rifle from her as much as I could by handsome wayes; for she was a woman who not only trusted her

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Tewels to Genlemen, but her self alle; which without scruple she delivered up to them. confidered that being fo grave, the would not be willing that the first visit should be made by night, we therefore were of agreement that it should be by day, and in my Masters Coach, who was then three Leagues from Madrid, seeing the Sifter which he writ to, when I call'd the Post; but the Gentleman of the Horse charged me, that above all I should feign my self a Fool, because this foolish greedy woman would confide the more in me.

In this Equipage we came to her House; I, very gallant, in the chief end of the Coach, and the Pages waiting upon me; bad them say that the Earl of Rapina was there, they having sirst given notice, we enter in; I made my congies little

and measured, sate me down, and without speaking a word, stand viewing her from top to toe; and do you think this was the action of one in Love? No such thing, I as sure you; it was a project, as you

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shall presently hear,

I beheld her, and considered, How is it possible, thought I, that so good a Face should have fuch wicked Ends? That so beautiful a head should be so empty? What a sottishness it is for us to run mad after beauty? I always thought that they had esteemed good faces, because they promise perfection in all the rest, as well of the Body as of the Soul: For Nature in nothing dealt so kindly with men, as in putting in their faces a Superscription, which tells the disposition of every one: By it is known any whosoever. The Frowner, like me, stands saying with.

with his face, Take heed of me, for I am discontented and ill conditioned: The Cheerful one faith. I am all pleasantness and goodness: The Swarthy and tawny complexion, that he hath a course Soul: The high coloured and bright haired, that he is desparate. From hence then arose her estimation for beauty, but well looked upon, it should not, since we see that a beautiful woman, as this, who (for certain) was so in extremity, was both false and mad; false with my Gentleman of the Horse, and mad with me, as you shall

She was troubled to see my a-mazement, and I said, 'Tis she, without doubt, although she is injured in the Picture. She asked me what it was I said? I told her, That lying idle at my State of Rapina, I had sent for the Pictures

of the most beautiful women and Ladies of the Court, and that hers had so infinitely enamoured me, that I left my Lady Mother, and my good Gammons of Bacon, only to see the Original, and that it had appeared to me more perfect than the Picture. She laughed at the Lady Mother and the Cammons of Bacon, and took me for a Fool; already making account that the was Lady of all Kapina: Sire used a world of sugred words, and expressions to me; the soothed me upl, and lulled me with much gentleness and tenderness What think you, that this wrought upon me ? No; for although I have confessed Lama Fool, yet not that I am a Brute:

Is it possible there are those that can esteem this fort of loose women, who only make their aim at the worst and less stable thing that d

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we have. Three goods adorn us, of the Soul, of the Body, and of Fortune; the two first, which are discretion, and good deportment, are the most worthy, the last is not our own; this then do women court, and lay their allurements and baits to catch it; this they make much of, and for nothing do they esteem it so highly, as for its instability, fince from thence it is, that it cometh to their hands with more facility; can any man elteem these their flatteries, knowing that they are not for him, but against him, and that they are faying in plain terms, thou art a Fool, and ill-favoured, thy mony pleaseth me. I do not say that it is not reason, we should court the Ladies with splendid Liberality, for it rather is the promoter of Love than the hinderer; what incenses me is, that the Interest should be the principal, and

and that there is no remembring of other pledges more divine.

I affure you, upon the faith of an ill-conditioned man, that this Creature did not enamour me, but rather she troubled me so much that I shortned the Visit, letting her, with great tenderness, know how well I was pleased with some Diamond Rings which she had on her fingers, of those which are fet in the fashion of Stars with many small Diamonds; and without more ado, I plucked them from off her fingers, faying, By the Life of my Mother, they shall make you as many more of this same fashion; what well made Rings they are, and how pretty they shew! What hoe, where are you? Let us away to the Jewellers. With this I took leave, and fhe came to the door to wait upon me, with many shews of gratitude and

and pleasure for this Honour, professing her self to be much my servant. I carried my Rings to the Gentleman of the Horse, who staid for us hard by: and taking him into my Coach, gave him my side, and together shared the booty betwixt us, so ended his Court-

ship.

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I then perceived that those who shew an affection to this fort of women, do it not fo much for Love, as for Custome; 'tis a confusion, not a wound; they do it as men hair-brained, not as those in Loye. I went reprehending his ill choice, and added, My Love fucceeds better, with me; for I am enamoured of a young Damsel, where there is no danger of these businesses. If the does me any fayour it is faithful and true, for covetousness doth not teach her to counterfeit: If the does me none, (13 tis not contempt of me, because I suppose that she doth it but to keep the decorum which is due, and I have hopes too that she dissembles a love: But I have none of these infamous Jealousies, for I stand secure on her merits, that yield not up themselves on easie terms.

The Doctor Cenudo was much pleased at the recital of this his amorous enterprize, expecting great applause from Don Felix, and looking upon him with attention to see how he commended it, perceived he was fallen asseed. The Historian being displeased at this neglect, pretended not to understand that it was a sleep, and knowing he was sometimes troubled with a pain at his heart, which was wont to make him faint, he took a bason of water, saying, Bless us! Heaven deliver thee!

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threw it all in his face. Don Felix awaked, and feeing that he had taken it for a fwound, thought it a great happiness to have found this excule for his unmannerliness; and feeling himself very wet, and all the Labyrinth of his Ruff spoyled, he gave him tranks, saying, that he found himself not well, and went away promising to return the day following. He complyed with his word, sully determining not to sleep, and after having repeated the account, the Loctor went on with his History.

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

He prosecutes his History, and relates what happed to him in the Court being a Page, and his various Successes in Salamanca.

Love, these pleasant conceipts, and these amorous inclinations, confirmed me more in the reputation of a Fool: for men generally are so much enamour'd of their own parts, that they judg for ill and ridiculous all that which they see not in themselves: Now there was none that Loved after this method as I did. Of force then, they must blame it for ill contri-

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contrived and foolish: The Gentleman of the Horse laughed at what he should have admired: I praysed to him the caution and wariness with which my Mistress suffered her self to be seen; and I celebrated her disdains, being more satisfied with them than if they had been favours, telling him that that was a thing extraordinary in a woman of her deportment and quality.

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The Gentleman of the Horse, that was a merry fellow, said, What will senor Cenudo lay with me, that if he goes this evening to see her, in that pomp and state which he now goes in, and makes her believe that all these riches came with the Fleet sent by his Father (a thing ease to be believed, since they knew that I had a Father in the Indies, and in no ordinary imployment) that she becomes not plyable.

able, flatters him, and humbly corresponds with his desires. I should be ashamed, answered I, to lay wagers on impossibilities: But let us go now and make tryal, with all my heart, if you please. We went then, and fending in a Page before to tell them that I was there, The Joy of mine Eyes peeped at a low Grate window, and faw me, but did not yet know me, till I begged leave to kis her hands, she knew the voyce, came forth surprised, and by the Page enformed her felf of the Novelty; he that was already charmed in the lye, painted me very rich, and my Father President of the Canaries or some such thing. Out comes the Mother and Daughter to receiveus, we enter with a world of complements: they were aftonished at the greatness, not knowing if they should stile me Lordship or WorI

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Worship: At last my Damsell determined to call me Thou, with much tenderness and endearments; we were feated first in high chairs, but she bad me fit down upon a Cushion by her side, because the would see me nearer: Then took me by the hands, and praised the Diamonds, I affisted my self by my folly, not to give her them, by not faying they were at her fervice; for although it is a fault for a man to fall into the opinion of being a Fool, it is much greater to fall into that of being covetous, and so I had the fortune to escape the latter, by falling into the former. She cheerfully and smilingly took my hand into hers, not to tell me my good fortune, but to think that she had it very sure.

Ever and anon the Gentleman of the Horse, (whom I then called Cozen) looked upon me, and

at every look fetched fresh blushes into my cheeks; to fee how glad he was to have made that tryal. I asked for water, they brought me some, as also great variety of fweet meats, all fowre to me: fo much Mistress was Shame over me, that it suffered me not to reach what she brought me in her hands, which the Baggage thought I did out of my dulness and folly.

We then take our leaves, having been well treated, she desiring me very earnestly, that I would see her again that night, that I would not make my felf a stranger there, nor with my new fortune forget the Love which I owed her; with these and such like follies she accompanied us to the Door (a new courtesse in Ladies) and the Mother made great offers to my Cozen, of I cannot tell what, and told

told him (whilst we were talking by our selves) of the Dowry of her Daughter, of her Quality, and other things which savour'd of Ma-

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My Cozen, when we faw our felves alone, had no mercy on me with his scoffing reproaches, and I was so much ashamed, & astonished to fee that all were alike, that I yielded up my Love, as he who knew, that neither the first difdain had been made to me, but to my Poverty; nor the last favour obtained in honour of my person, but of my fortune; so foolish had I been in her Love, that I esteemed her contempts as the credit of her value, and used to fay within my felf: This is that which ought to be esteemed; This is Glory.

But I served my self of their courtesie, and visited them some-

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times by night, very fine with my coloured Cloak, and Hat like a Spark, and my gilded Sword; all which belonged to the Gentleman of the Horse, who was much pleafed to see me begin to plot my re-

venge.

A great while it was that I enjoyed all that which the strict Religion of Virginity permits; many excellent treats, and some favours of value. Observe but the madness of Women, who (only for having an opinion that I was rich, though I had never given them any thing, but rather received many from them) esteemed me so highly, that they knew not what to make of me.

By this time the cunning Gypley suspected that I must needs be up to the Ears in Love with her: For they could not imagine that a man, fo much a Fool as I, could lye or

diffem-

dissemble, with so much considence.

Now, although I understood that she bare me some Love, yet would I not make any return: Because I knew that Feast was not made really to me, but to the false Riches, which they imagined came to me from the Indies: And therefore I remitted the gratitude to them. I then grew very formally angry, and faid within my felf; How is it possible that these kind of women can be so foolish, as to love what is not, nor cannot be; and despite that which hath being and value? That thus, can love in me what I have not, and despise what I have? With opportunity and converse I began to set aside shame, in regard it is the opinion of wife men, that it is an ill companion for the patlages of Love; and spoke to her now as a Master, never mentioning K 2 thole

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or or those heretical love-toys which I was accustomed to do, when I was more a Fool; I remembred me, that she was a woman of slesh and bone, because I beheld her near; and at the same instant that I, being incensed against her, did contemn her, she made her self contemptible; and at the same instant that I accounted her a Fool, she fooled her self.

I learned then, how important it is for a man to be a Fool, to enjoy his Love; for whilft I was difcreet, whilft I knew how to observe the respect which all understanding men should observe to Love, I contented my self with wind and smoak, and yet got the opinion of being a mad man: But after I became a Fool in strictness, and discreet according to the opinion of the world, I obtained what I would, being called and

intreated to it, like a witness to a last Will.

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Without doubt we are in the fault of the pride of women, our esteem gives them estimation, our respect makes them look for it: For as all are highly credulous, and chiefly in flatteries give us belief, thinking, for certainty, that they are what we paint them, and merit the reverence and honour which we pay them; fo they esteem themselves, for that which we esteem them: What greater evidence of their credulity, then that so soon as they have made an end of putting on a new face, when, feeing their own handy-work in the looking-glass, they believe that that white and red colour is their own, and brought with them out of their mothers belly? We may be confident that they believe it, for if they did not, they would

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not make such estimation of themselves as they do. The best way is to despise them, for he that most respects and adores them, bears arms against himself: There want not some, who say, that that which made Narciffus mad, and desperate, was not his beauty, but the flattery of a Nymph: What greater advantage of thy Beauty, then to see thy self solicited for it, with so many endearments? The Fountain could not fay fo much to him, it rather told him that it was a fading flower, and easily subject to miscarriages.

I found many nights afterwards, other visits of several Gallants with her, but passed by all without being jealous, a thing that gave me letters of favour, that she should wish me for her Husband; nay Avarice too availed me for this; for listening once, I heard her Mother

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ther praise me, saying: This man, my Daughter, is for our turns; This is one that knows how to keep his estate, and not spend it amongst lewd women, fince loving thee so dearly, he hath never shown any figne of Prodigality: Well fare the Mother that bare him, for he pleases me, & not these Sweet-meat Gallants, who with two Farthingworth of Scholarship, four Complements, eight Courtesies, and sixteen Flatteries, all learnt as the knowledge of a Parrat, by having heard others fay them, without knowing themselves what they say, would have us believe that they are very Eagles, and then suffer their Feathers to be pulled like Pigeons.

I having come so often near the Fire, by this time grew a little heated, and began to treat of Marriage, she thinking that in that word

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was brought to her all the Indies: In exchange of it gave me many Corals, Pearls, Criftals, Silver and Gold, and yet it seemed to her, that The came Thort: Love did then utterly forfake me, fo great a number of toying fooleries glutted me, fo much sweetness relaxed me, another would have eaten his fingers after it, but the Palats of men are almost as different as their countenances.

My Master, intending to go out * A tlea. fant walk to the * Prado, one Sunday with on one side more state then usual, because his of Madrid of Madrid Majesty that day was to come down to the Dukes Garden, Gallants refort every would needs have all the Servants evening in of the House to wait upon him, as 12. m2 32er time, to well my Mistresses as his own; I take the air. It is a. went amongst them, and coming to the Covent of the Clerigos dorned with many

curious fountains, and rows of high trees, and is watered at 3 or 4 a clock in the afternoons by Porters at the charge of the Town. Menores.

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Menores, I saw two women, veiled with weaved smoak, and Clouds of Silk, fo thin were their Mantles and head coverings; they looked upon me earnestly, and I accounting my self happy in passages of Love, began to think that they were taken with something in me; whereat I being infinitely glad, walked stately, and let my Masters Coach pass forward, and the ill company of the Pages, endeavouring not to appear one of them; but it was impossible, because I carried the brand which clave to my whole body in the Livery. The Devil invented this fashion, I had rather have carried a Penitential Coller, for that might be concealed under the Ruffs which they use now a days, but a Livery that on all sides of it makes proclamation that it is anothers, there is nothing can conceal it.

I drew nearer them, looking very pleasantly, and said to them: The Prize is yours, my Ladies, sheath your arrows, for on him that yields up himself so soon they are but lost; and so was running on with much Courtship, not fit for modest and vertuous women, but such as is ufed to those that are loose and wanton, they held their peace, and looked upon me, one of them whispering to the other now and then, and fighing: 'Tis done, as I live thought I, the wench fighes for me, and shall they hereafter find fault with Plays, which introduce a Lady that falls in Love with a handsom Gentleman newly arrived, at the first fight, since! a poor Page, and in a Livery, it being now, at least, four years since I have trotted up and down the Streets of Madrid, and this woman stands sighing for me, me thought

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thought that shame detained them; I therefore began to tempt her with Reguery, showing that excellent faculty I had in it, as knowing already by experience, that that looking another way steers directly forward in these adventures.

Still the veiled Ladies held their tongues, with which they enamoured me net a little, for Love is the Son of admiration, and there is nonegreater than to fee two women filent so long time; at last the most brisk and airy of them, putting out a hand from under her veil, which might have affronted the fnow for whiteness, made me a sign with it, that I should follow them, and took their way towards the most unfrequented part of the upper Prado. I followed them more joyful then Micdoro when he triumphed over the fair Angelica, cur-

The Fortunate Fool. 140

curfing my destiny that since it had made me so fortunate in my Amours, it had not given me where-

place of those Groves, they making a stand, I drew near to her with

withall to be grateful. Being now come to the privatest

the talking hands that gave me the figne, and came almost to joyn my face to hers, but at the instant she catching me fast hold with one hand by my Ear, began with the other most furiously to maul me, giving me many Cuffs and buffets, whilst her companion armed with the two woods of her * Chappines, which she had taken from her feet, showr'd fuch a storm of blows aclogs which bout my Ears, and whole body, as left me half dead: In the skirmish, she that had laid on with the greatest eagerness, discovered her face, so that I knew her to be the

Liberal Damsel, who, finding the

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imposture of my Pagick Indies, took that desperate course, and perceiving now that she was known, they unsheathed their tongues, and with them gave me many wounds in my honour; I would have fatisfied them, but it was impossible; for they rayled so violently, that by any means they would not suffer me to utter a word. I fell on my knees, told them many stories, made my pretence of the Errors of Love, and that Love equals all, and other follies of this kind: but neither did conceits profit me, nor humilities, for returning to maul me afresh, at last, they went away wearied, but not fatisfied; threatning me, that the Morsel should cost me my life.

I unwound the wheel of my Love, after seeing the Chappins, and now began to grow out of con.

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ceit with the place too, finding that the best which it afforded was

Stark naught.

It happened a few daies after this, that my Master making one of those Journeys from home, which They ar he was wont to do, the * Dueña for the or Governess called me aside, and moft part antigave me a paper for my Mistresses ent wid-Gallant, charging me, that I should dows though be watchful that night, because [ometimes wives, and the Earl was to come to see her, and that I should open him the wear a particular of Door. I promised to do it, carhabit. ried the paper, and received for thefe the a reward a Chain of Gold, with Spanish Ladies keep, some which the Earl put me into new two, Some Fetters. Now though I was natufour, or fix, accor_ rally free, ill conditioned, and one that could not brook the feeing ding to their quathings that were undecent; yet lities. this mettal, which by being Son of the Sun, seeming to have its Empire from its Father, did wrest my difdisposition, and subjected me as a Slave.

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Night came, and my Folly drew me out of this danger, which, without doubt, was great: The folly was, I had a mind to shew my Mistress that I knew the Straights in which her honour passed, thinking by this means I should gain her favour, and that she would esteem me, and treat me better; knowing that the life of her reputation was in my Tongue. Surely though the pleasures of Love should have no other sharpness more then this, of being subject to a malitious Page, and deceitful Governess, it would be occasion enough to make us forfake them, without giving them any farewell.

I came with much Eloquence, and told her the Joy in which the Earl remained to see himself so near near the Port of his hope. This was news to her, nor could she understand me 'till after she had made a strict enquiry of me, who it was that had given me the Paper, she fell into account, that it was the imposture of the Dueña, who had bargained to fell her that night, being greedy of the Gifts, which with an amorous, that is to fay, liberal hand, the Earl had given her. She asked me if I had formerly carried other Notes or Messages, I told her infinite, and that the Ducha had given me them all; whereat she made a thousand Crosses, being extreamly troubled, and faid, So, So, you are he that counterfeited the Fool, and she the fame that pretetended Sanctity; You have brought me to a fine pass, but, upon my Faith, I have a Husband that will know how to chastize you. Much a do she had

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to utter these words, in such manner had anger possessed her breast; wherefore retiring to her Bedchamber, she left me there in great confusion with the payment that fuch bad Services deferved.

I was astonished at the Trick that the Dueña had put upon me, for a Dueña was only able to fool a man so. This Creature, full of vain oftentation, proves unfaithful always, with whatfoever comes to hand: From that time, I began to abhor those kind of women; there are no people so deceitful, nor of such vile thoughts. And nothing angers me so much as that they should be so ill, under the dress and Cloak of Devotion. They think not of any other thing, then how they may fell the young daughter which the Mother bath committed to their Governance: Or

* The Spa- over them, for they are very close nish Bawd Bawds, not like that * Celestina, who Englished, by the rents of her Veil discovered and many her Office: Who the Devil inventimes bound up ted that dress for them, since they with Guf- are not all Widdows? Their deman. ceit invented it; and to deceive

us they put it on.

How brittle is the honour of women, that neither sufficeth it to be wellborn; neither fufficeth the splendour of their breeding, nor, the Ornament of a noble Husband: All is broken in the hands of a covetous Dueña; who thinking that all are as ill as the was when the could be fo: They imagine that they do them a kindness when they are injuring them, and promise in their name filthy follies.

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Irevenged my self of the Dueña much to my fatisfaction: For it being now late, and she gone to bed betimes, thinking to rife at two of the Clock in the night, which was the appointed hour for the meeting: I put on a Farrenden Cloak, came into her Chamber, and to her bed fide, where she lay alone, rufling my Silks, and speaking with a hoarse voyce, I counterfeited the person of the Earl, took my buckled Girdle, and with severe words and hands, chastized her, much to my content, pretending to be injured; That an Earl as I, should be affronted in that manner, her Mistress being so Chaste and so Holy.

Ithen went down to the streetdoor, with intent to fend back the Earl, but found they had taken away the key, by the command

mand of my Mistress, who, not trusting to my simplicity, nor to the Sanctity of the Dueña, would keep it that night with her felf, and had also locked many other Doors that were betwixt that, and her own Chamber.

I went to bed, feeing the business was well remedied, but slept not all night long, for anger, and vexation at the accident, and to confider how uncertain the Judgments of men are, and how little credit can be given, even to ones own Eyes, although they are the most faithful Sense: I had seen that she had received his Presents, and his Treats, but my Mistress knew not that they were his; for she had thought, that they had been the Entertainments of a Lady her friend, by whose hand they So unhappy is Beauty, that even Friendship it self practiseth

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Treason with it. Let not the unhandsom complain of being little fortunate; but let them believe me, that Beauty brings with it many cares; and payes a few false flatteries, with many true griefs.

The next morning I arose with the Day, fearful of what might befill me, went to the Earl, and found that he was going to bed, complaining of his head, I, counterfeiting a trouble, befought him that we might be left alone, and hid to him, 'Tis well that your Lordship mocks with so much despight such principal women. Sir, I come to acquaint you from my Mistress, that you have entrance granted you into her House, as well as into her Breast, and yet you come not at the appointed hour: Your Lordship should have left play for one night, with a mifmischief, how much mind soever you might have had to it, you should not have dealt so discourteously with one that so much esteemed you; in a Case that may

* All those go near to cost her her life. By *

Earls who the habit I wear, replyed the Earl,

are also I have staid there like a stone of

Knights do the Porch of her House, since two

particular a Clock in the night: Then, said I,

inabit of
their order. your Lordship hath ill fortune,

for I staid waiting for you at the

for I staid waiting for you at the Door a little before that hour; and hearing a horse stop, thinking it had been your Lordship, I opened the Door, and said, Is it the Earl? Your Lordship may come in, for my Mistress expects you with desire enough.

Scarce had I said this, when the Gentleman alighting (who was my Master) took me by the arm, and thrust me into the House, commanding a Servant that came with

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him, to lock the door, then put me into his own Chamber, where, after he had 'given me many Scurges, he pressed me that I should tell him who the Earl that I expected, was. I told him a feigned name, and that it was not any Plot of my Mistresses, but my own, and the Dueña's, who by the gifts, with which he had corrupted our Loyalties, had promised him the Door that night; with this he left me, coujuring me; that I should keep it fecret, and went to chastize the Dueña, and know from her the rest. Your Lordship therefore runs a great hazard, if she discovers it, as I fear she will.

Thou faist true, said the Earl, for she is a Woman, I have ill trusted my business, and have undone my self, for the Husband being an Arrogonian and Noble, will search me out to kill me, as he hath

hath reason on his side, which is a great advantage: I will therefore absent my self. So he did within a few days, under pretence of feeing his Towns, and left me accommodated with a Brother of his, who was to go to * Salamanca, ve-University ry suddainly, with whom I went

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* The chief of Spain.

a Page, and took the way of difcretion by meer Folly.

See here, that my being a Fool was not only profitable to me, but also the feigning my self to be one, for only my feigning that I had done so great a Folly, as going out to receive another which came on horseback, thinking it was the Earl; (as if Gallants and those fo wary as he was, would have gon the rounds a horseback) availed me, and I gained a new Master, which was to my great advantage.

fle was the second in the Earls family

family, and had about fixteen thoufand Duckats of Ecclesiastical Revenue coming in yearly, yet had more Folly than Rent. Would you now have me stop here, to exclaim with ill language against Fortune, and tell her, she is mad, since she so much disdained such a Wit as the Doctor Cenudo's, that the made him servant to a Fool, and likewise gave him the Estimation of a Fool? (for herein also the blind woman shews her malice) and to the other Coxcomb, a meer dull blockhead, the gave fixteen thousand Duckats of Benefices, as clear and simple, as he, and it may be too, a better opinion of being wife, then to me. For as Flattery is the Harbinger of Fame, he had mony wherewith to oblige her, and to hold her ready at his beck, and never spoke a Folly, which was not applauded for a high conceit.

O Riches! who would think that ye should havevalue (being fo uncertain) to buy immortal Glories? Such as those which good opinion leaves bound up in famous Monuments: Now I fay, that they have reason who adore you, that they are of a generous and splendid nature, who deliver up themfelves in your confidence, fince in it, they enjoy so high ambitions. My Friend, if you that have been bred up amongst the Vulgar, have understood that there is such a thing as Fortune, complain of her at your pleasure, either call her Destiny, or Influence of the Stars, or what you will; but I, who know that all this Celestial Harmony hath its Poles in the Providence of God, have already fallen into account, that what soever shall be distributed amongst us of goods or ills, cannot but be with a ve-

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ry great deal of Reason and Justice; and if you do not penetrate the manner, blame your own understanding, or do not blame that, but your Pride, which would call Heaven to examination: If a blind man should murmur against the darkness of the Sun, would you not fay, that the fault was in his Eyes? Then why will you not fay the fame to him, who accuseth the neglects of Providence, in the Sun of Justice? But because you perceive that the fault is in your felves.

Do you not think that the Fool, my Master, who was born so, had most need of those sixteen thousand Duckats? Because it was of force, according to the order of the Heavens; fince if he should not have had them, he had fuffered two most grievous detriments, which would have argued injustice:

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One in being born naked, of the chiefest goods, which are those of the Wit: The other, in that with this want, he remained also without the succour, that should help humane necessities: The Providence then was, that in regard the most excellent goods were not given him, those should be given him which all call goods; and fince Wit was not given him, whereby to fuccour himfelf, Wealth should be given him, with which he should be succoured: But I who, thanks be to God, was born with an unbyased, and free reason, if ill tongues had not injured me, what greater goods? I that could avail my felf with it, and being imployed in Offices or other exercises, could gain what my nature had need of; why should I complain, that I was not

not born rich and powerful? Complain you that are a Fool, yet take heed how you complain ; for other complaints oblige, but these displease: I am poor, and have the the opinion of a Fool; but had I the reputation of a wife man, I should not be poor: Do you therefore undertake for me, and assure me, that when I take Pen in hand, I shall know what I say, with discretion; I shall account my felf for very happy; and you may go whither you will with your opinion and vain riches, for you have need enough of them.

The Earl had much credited my modelty, my wariness, and secrecy, a thing that made me my bed for my ease, in confidence of which, my Master imployed me only in matters of his pleasure: He had also commended to him my simplicity, and I belyed it not with

my Frown; therefore the first Frolick which he did, in coming to Salamanca, was to make sport with my mildness, and goodness (as he called it) to his friends, to which he added, that I had now and then certain pleasant conceits, which gilded over my humour. They determined then to shew what they knew, by discovering what I was ignorant of, but I discovered what they were ignorant of, by showing what I knew.

There were together about a dozen of the servants of those Gentlemen, my Masters Friends, that were making merry with him one night, who, wearing their Fringes, Caps, and, Hoods, like a Junto of Doctors, after the Salva given, with Trumpets and Kettle-Drums, sent a message to my Master (I being present) wherein they told him, that in that Uni-

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versity, there was an approved cultome, for a long time, that they should make a private tryal of the wit, and ability of every one that should come to learn any faculty; because former Ages, for not having done it had fallen into many Errors: That they dispenced with his Worship, in respect of his good opinion, which had already appeared in his favour; but that Pedro Cenudo his Servant was fuspeded in his ability, and therefore that he would give leave he might come to examination; my Master answered, he should come with all his heart; and thanking much the Doctors that they would honour his Lodging, he received them in a spatious Room wherein all things were well prepared for the Ceremony.

The Doctors fate down in their order, as shewing that one had regard

gard to the antiquity of the other; and after one of them had propounded with more dilated reafons, the same which they had faid in their message; there came two Mace-bearers for me, who fet me in the middle of the Hall upon a little Form, with a lighted Torch on both sides of me, that they

might be Witnesses of my shame. Each Doctor asked me various questions, them and their answers I have written in this Paper; which, to convince the Authority of the Doctors, and strengthen the weaknesses of my opinion; I straight took care to write, putting them Dialogue-wife, for shortness, with these two letters, M, which stands for Master, and F, for Fool; do you read it who have the best Eye-sight, and you will fee how little we may trust to Doctors, or how little distrust Fools;

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The Fortunate Fool. 161
Fools; fince they held these Sentences for Follies. Don Felix took the Paper, and read thus.

The Fools Examination.

Which is the most discreet, Folly & F. Love. M. Which is the most entertaining Folly? F. Play. M. Which is the most excusable Folly? F. Ambition. M. How may a Foot case being so? F. By knowing that he is fo. M. How shall be know that he is so? F. By difcourling with wife men. M. What hath a man need of to become wife? F. To be Modest and Docible. M. Why are there so many Fools in the world? F. Because no body thinks himself one. M. To what science are you inclined? F. To all. M. And are you able to learn all? F. Do you know how to teach me them all? M. All are taught in this M

this University. F. If then all are taught, why may not all be learnt? M. The life of man is too short for so large an undertaking. F. Is there more to be done then to lengthen it? M. How can it be lengthened? F. By unloofing the knots which restrainit. M. What knots restrain it? F. The pleasures of Love, the bewitchings of Play, the follies of Ambition, and the madness of Covetousness: These are the knots, by which the Life, that of it self is long, appears fort. M. Never or very seldom is a Wit capable of more than one Science, and therefore the University bath ordained that we should make tryal of the Capacity of every one, by questions of all Sciens ces, and then teach him that wherein he shall answer with most felicity. F. This is a madness, and not worthy so much Fringe, and Cap: For if I should hit well upon a Science, what

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what need would there be that you should teach it me? Teach me that which I shall understand least. M. Although you should have a Wit inclinable to one faculty, and so inclinable, that without having sindied it (guided only by your natural ingenuity) you were able to answer to any question, yet is it of great consideration to study it in this University and to crown your self with its Lawtel; and in like manner, is it of great consideration for you, that although you should know more Philosophy than Aristotle, by having learnt it in Books and Solitudes; for it will not not seem that you know a word, unless you take your degree of Malter or Doctor. F. I have little Faith in Fringes, fince I have feen Carriers Mules with infinite of them; or in Caps, because I have seen many Mad-men wear Caps: But in regard we must follow the Humour M: 2

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of the world, there's nothing but Patience, I am contented to be examined: Let's hear your Questions.

M. Will you learn the Laws ? F. I would gladly be a Lawyer, if there was nothing to be learnt. M. I understand you not. F. The Law is nothing else but Reason, which guides us to follow what is just; and this lives in minds, not only Learned, but also Rustick, for they guide themselves likewise with reason, unless some passion or affection hinder them; but the inconveniency which I find in this faculty, is, that there is too much written in it, and too much to be learnt; for from hence ariseth the obscurity, and clouds of reason and Justice. When I see a poor Plow man go to advise with a Lawyer, and that by the way, relating the Case, without understanding what

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an employment at such extreams.

M. Would you be a Physician? F. I am no such great friend of fee-

or Ignorance. I care not then for

ling the Wenches Pulses, and handling them; yet I could be one with a good will, was it not for casting their Waters, and asking how many Stools they have had, which agrees not at all with my Stomach.

M. According to this, you would

only be a natural Philosopher. F. There is no Science that fits my Nature like this, but to learn it, I would not come to * Salamanca, neither would I go to Alcala: Because I see that all the Ancient Philosophers go contradicting one the other, as they succeed in their feveral Ages; and that at this day, you reprove Aristotle, and perchance you have reason for it: Neither can I abide that you should found all natural causes, in heat, and moysture; and that although

you find no creep-hole for many

di ficulties, you stand beating your

* The two principal Universities of Spain.

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brains all your life time, with Sophistical Arguments, only because such a Philosopher said it, who, should he live now, and hear your clamorous disputes, without doubt would tell you, that he faid it not for so much adoe: This, in my opinion, is a Science which is altogether written in the contemplation, and there is no Library like a fresh and pleasant Field, in an April morning.

M. Me thinks the Good man is given to Poësie and good Learning. F. As for Poerry, it is long fince I have known it. M. The Art of Poetry do you know? I have seen but few in the world that have known it. F. The Precepts of Poetry are like the Precepts of the Law of God, which all know, but few keep; and so it is not to be doubted, but that the Art may be known, but

not easily practifed.

M. According to this you would pass your Life time in reading Philo-Sophers , Historians , and Rhetoricians? F. All these seem to me wearisome people: For the ancient Philosophers were no other than certain idle Fellows, who went up and down from Feast to Feaft, and from Tavern to Tavern. with which they lived merrily, and engendered good blood, and sometimes at unawares, let fall some witty sentence, as they that are merry with Wine, utter by dozens 5 now having a great and venerable opinion, the fortish Vulgar observed those Sayings as Oracles; some years after sprang up an Elegant man, who, finding those fayings Canonized by the Estimation of the People, polisheth them and writeth them for posterity, with the name of the Lazy Coxcomb that faid them; and as those

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who came after, found them trimmed up, and recommended with the Veneration of Antiquity, they gave them credit, in such fort that any truth of these, although it seem but like one of those which we call of Perograllo the Buffoon, hath as much Authority amongst, the Learned, as if it were the Law of a Sacred Council.

I am a man, who, the day wherein I either get monies, or good
hopes from the Wench I court, or
hear good news, speak more conceits than all those ancient Philosophers, in more than a thousand
Feastings or Entertainments, if it
was not, that this of my not having
an opinion, and all the worlds being so full of wise men, (each of
which would be the praised one,
without leaving a branch of Lawrel for another) holds me disesteemed, and particularly the tatters

of this Gown; for I was born in an Age, wherein good clothing is a figne of a good wit, as if there were not horses well harnessed.

* The Spa- * The other day I met a Physician, aifh Physica friend of mine, and asking him when they when he began to clear the world of their Pari- fick folks: He told me that he expego to fee ens, do a!- cted monies to buy him a Mule, as waies ride if the Mule had been to feel the on Mules. Pulfe, or cast the Water.

Then the Historians maule and flash me to death: there are no fuch unquiet people in the world; these are all for Wars; and more than Wars, like the mad-mans dreams, and if at any time they relate matters of Peace, they pass as quickly over them as a Cat over fire-coles: a thousand Musketeers shall not draw them from the Wars. I account them people of an ill pallate, and therefore affect them not; for their pleasing them-

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felves so much, in painting out an Army of cowardly white-liver'd fellows: and praising for greatness of Courage the rashness of some Barbarian : Is not this the Index of a Demonaick nature? I cannot find a peaceable Historian; a Historian of State; one that I might converse withall, as with a prudent man, and not these Furies, that a man supposing he talks with a person of Judgment, and when he least thinks on it, he sees him armed Cap-a-pe. Historian of Lucifer! are there not transactions in Peace that deferve everlasting memory? Does there not marvels of excellent Virtues happen? Why dost thou not relate them? A thousand times have I fancied, that they, on purpose, do describe thundrings and ratlings of a Battel, only that they may bring in with it, their pompous and corpulent oration. Rlea

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Rhetorick I call not an Art, but a meer trifle; for, to perswade in speaking, what needs any greater Art than for a man to know what he says, and have a good will to say it. When I see a Merchant selling his Merchandize, who without knowing Rhetorick, perswades that a long napped Cloth is a soft Velvet, and that Stockins of Cammels hair, are of Tolèdo Silk, I curse Rhetorick to the Devil, and him that saies it is needful in the world.

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M. Now of force, we must understand one another; jou, it seems, come to learn the Mathematical Arts or Sciences? F. God preserve my Judgment, since that Science that puts it self into conversation with the Stars, certainly savours of madness; for the Stars are far distant from us: And yet suppose we should calculate a Nativity by them, them, and follow the tracks of it, it must needs be a sad thing, to pry into fortune, and thrise to feel evils, and to defraud the Joy of good events: Evils are three times felt; before they come, with sear; when they come, with gries; and afterwards with the memory: The Joy of good events may be defrauded, because now when they come, the hope is slackned, and their value did diminish by little and little, from the time that they began to be hoped for.

The other Arts, as Musick, Geometry, Arithmetick, and Cosmography, are not for my Chollerick humour; for in not apprehending them by halves, I tire out the patience of him that teaches me.

M. These Gentlemen have thought good to give you a term of time, wherein you should deliberate better of the Science, which shall best sute with

with your Genius : And in the mean while, that this jour foolishneß continues, we condemn you to ferve, which is the proper occupation of Fools.

Don Felix did greatly admire and applaud the Fools Examination; at which the Doctor being well pleased prosecuted his Theme. All these wise sayings they held for follies, meerly because I answered not as they supposed I would have done. So that folly amongst men, is no other thing than a contradiction of Opinions; and him alone we account a Fool, who is not of the same opinion as we are. Hence it is, that in your Judgment there is no wife man; open your breaft, and behold it well, for I know what I am faying, I know that you esteem your own Crotchets for high conceits, and that all those who

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condemn them (in your opinion) are very Fools: And you are the only one, who perceive not that you are no Angell, having so many things of a Man, and, I may say, of a Brute too, and that it is most certain, that you know not any thing for certain.

As I saw that Assembly of so grave Doctors make a Laugh at what deserved applause, I began from that day forward to despise every man that was called Doctor, thinking that all were as foolish as those Doctors; I imagined that discretion and good wit was not in Fringes, because I saw also, that the water-bearers affes were adorned with them: Nay, fo much did labhor the word Doctor, that being fallen fick of certain violent Rheums, which, distilling from my head to my stomach, were so offenfive to my throat, that I was per**fwaded**

would I not do what the Doctor ordered me, which was to be forthwith let bloud. Tis sufficient, said I, that the Doctors take away my reputation, without taking away my life. Two daies after I was well, and this came by my Folly of not caring for the Doctors; for had I obeyed mine, I had destroyed my self, if it be certain in Physick, that there is nothing work, or more dangerous in cold distempers than Blouding.

I went not to hear those readings which that Colledge of Fools had enjoyned me, thinking that those very same were the Masters, which taught the faculty of Cannons; and what credited my suspition, was to see that, without Art or Method, they taught a Faculty which had so much need of it. I despited them then, and this Folly procured

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me much ease and profit: For the time which I should have spent at these readings, wherein only was treated, of writing the Dreams or Thests of such or such a Master, I employed in one Book or another, of the Faculty, in my own Lodging, where, with better Stile, more Clearness, and greater Elegancy, I learnt in one hour more than I should have done in a year, at the Readings of the Doctors.

Who would think that Folly would affift towards the making men learned? Yet you see here what made me a Scholar; for I put by (with this) a thousand troubles, of pretenders who tired men a whole day with cringes and intreaties to hear them one hour: I avoided the disquiets of the Schools; they wearied not me to ask me my Vote: for when I promised it but by halves, they not holding me ingenious

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My Master, that saw me so little affected to the Schools, gave me an Imployment, which not only did not oblige me to see them, but even removed me many Leagues from them. He had conquered, by force of his mony, a Girle, all sweetness; and being jealous, as he had reason, in regard he was but very hard-favoured, and cold in extremity, he placed me for her guard, supposing that he who had shown to flat and dull a Wit, would not have prickles to disturb those flowers; and that which spake in my behalf was the severity of my countenance, the gravity of my walking,

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He kept her in a house accompanied by an old Matron, and a young Servant Maid, and minding to secure her, put me to guard her. There he dined, supped, and flept; and with knowing that I was became an Argus over the Girle, the Gallant, my Master, neglected her, as if he had had her in his Pocket: This feemed to me an inchanted Palace; for without care of any thing, at Dinner and Supper times, we found the Tables furnished with variety of Dainties, by the care of my Master, who thought on no other thing.

Now do I blame such women, as shew a liking to this fort of Gallants; these Fools, who having no variety in their Imagination, divert not themselves with any more excellent care, they think not on

any other thing, for wanting difcourse to find out faults, they fall in love more fettledly, and esteem with greater respect. But an understanding man, as having his Soul free, flies from this thought to another, and hath his several ways of divertisement, for he hath variety, and is not feen to subject himself to low Amours: Moreover at one time or another he fpyes out faults; and as he himself is esteemed, because he deserves it, he comes to despise with more liberty what soever fault he notes; since compared to his merits, it seems great to him: Now the reason why we commonly fee fuch Coxcombs better beloved then these, is, that they love in earnest, they solicite in earnest, and adore in earnest. But that you may not envy their fortune, hear what was my Mafters.

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He had been bred up in State with his Lady Mother, quarrelling with the Maids about his breakfast, and other fopperies, more of a young Gentlewoman than a Student: From whence he had learnt such an absurd fantastical behaviour, that utterly spoyled all his fport: He spake to this pretty Girle as if it had been to one of his Aunts, and used certain Complements, which feemed to have paffed the Craggy Mountains of Somofirra; yet not for want of Love, for of that he had enough, but by a natural constraint and dulness.

With this, the Breast of the Lady was become cold as Ice, and no marvel indeed, since they are as the Moon is with the Sun: for as she receives her Light from that Golden Gallant, so Ladies shew the Lustre of their good likings, by those which they receive from N 2

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their Lovers. To think that they will love thee, be thou never fo rich, if thou art cold, is a Simplicity: Being rich, thou maist make thy Lady rich, but not loving to thee; thou oughtest to have that which must be pleasing to her, if thou wouldst that she should be so to thee: If thou art cold, thou art better for a Surplis than for a Courter of Ladys: Go get thee into a Cell, and turn Fryer; none gives more than he hath, thou wilt only give her Rheums or Cathars; thou knowest already, that they are diseases of the Breast, where the Heart is. This ill hath good fortune, that in giving much confidence, it takes away many favours; for these Noble-men think that only by being so, they abound in all things, yet they are afterwards found to have been mistaken, and come to serve but as Stewards to those

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those who are better liked. So it happened to my Master, for not withstanding all his care and study to court this Maid, and to treat her: I was the happy possessor of her Heart; for the familiarity and large converse which had passed between us, had given her to understand that I deserved better than my Master, by being less Fool, and more fortunate; so that my Master served me, and better than I could serve him.

What reason now have I to complain of ill Fortune, if being an impudent Traytor with a Fools reputation, I enjoy sixteen thousand Duckats a year, which I spend by anothers hand, in my own Delights? These and other adventures of no less importance happened to me in Salamanca; but I relate them not all, for not being so much to the purpose, intending only

Begining.

The Poets fay, that when Jupiter beautified the World with such variety of Enamels, and illustrated Man with so liberal a stock of Goods, He was very jealous to fee that he made no acknowledgment of this bounty, for he imployed all his Love on those Goods which he injoyed; infomuch that he remembred not himself of the Author of them. Anger then suggested to the God a remedy for this, and being warned from thenceforward by the ingratitude, he blended those Goods with a certain mixture of evils, which should take from their Estimation, supposing that with this, men would not love them so much, nor forget their Creator, but rather as they had need of him, even to en-10y

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joy these very goods, they should invoke him at every instant, and render him the Religion, Reverence and Memory, which so great a.Power meriteth.

He tempered the good of Dignities, with the watchings and cares of administring them: The felicity of Wit, with the persecutions of Envy : Merits with Poverty: Riches with Avarice; and so all the goods which adorn men: He came to Love, and found that it was the greatest good which they had, fince even he himfelf, although the Father of Goods, always seemed to contess himself poor in this, by showing so great a covetousness for it:He thought it necessary to mix much bitterness, to allay so much sweetness: for he certainly knew that they would not remember him, who faw themselves blest with a good, whereof he himself blazoned

ned so much, which is of being beloved; and it was to be feared, lest they should call themselves Gods, and rebell against Heaven, seeing themselves glorious with the greatest Ensignes of happiness: He then mustered up in his memory all the Evils, and that which shewed it self most severe, and cruel, was the same which had then tyranized in his breast.

If I, said Jupiter, being a Deity, to whom such a multitude of shining Ministers stand seasoning Joys and Tranquilities; If I, who am encompassed with a Heaven of Diamonds, which evils cannot penetrate, be they never so sharp; see my self conquered, and all my glory taken away, by the Jealousies which I have of man; what is there to be doubted, but that this is the greatest of Evils, and will be sufficient to temper the greatest of Goods?

Goods? He then mixed Love with Jealousies, wherewith this

good was made bitter.

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I happened to prove the bitterness of my Love, when most flattered with its Felicity, finding my felf jealous, which is the same as fick to death; for the foolish Girle was visited (and in appearance to her great content) by a certain Gentleman of the City, bravely accoutred with a Ruff, a Gold Chain, and a Plush Cloke, which was then all the mode: Now, though I did not doubt of my merits, yet I feared the Maids inconstancy, who as a Child had her Eyes running after those baubles, and my pleasing conversation had already glutted her Stomach. I then perceived that many good parts were ill beloved, by the ill Election of women, who, for the most part, are not very prudent. I envied the Secular

Secular Ruff, thinking that every fet hole in it was a discharge of Artillery against that Fortress, and curst the restraint of the Students habit, laying on it the blame of my flights; I threatned her many times with my Master, but she having bought my liberty with hers, laughed at my threats, concluding that I would keep fecret her boldness, not to endanger her publishing of mine; thus I (perceiving my felf jealous) held it for an ill Augury, thinking that I stood on the thresh. old of Discretion, when I remembred what was said by Lope de Vega Carpio, Oracle of the Spanish Mufes, and flourishing Ornament of its glorious Monarchy:

The Man whose Breast no Jealous Paffions swell, And yet pretends his Heart Loves Sacrifice ;

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According to this, faid I, I should be wife, fince I am jealous, furely some great evil must befall me, being now become wife; and remembred that I had never intermitted being a Fool, which had not cost me some great trouble. I called to mind also that the time when in Madrid, I enjoyed the favours of the Liberal Damzel, only by being a Fool, I had escaped from this Penance of Love: and was now forry to be wife, by the evil which I was afraid hung over me: so that if Folly should have no other allurement on its side, but the being a Mistress, and free from Jealoulies, it is a quality sufficient to make it be esteemed, and preferred before

fore the higest Discretion.

You may, perchance, wonder to fee me sometimes wise, and sometimes foolish; and then in your malice will possibly be censuring me, for a Dissembler; and I wish that it be no worse. Malicious Friend, if thou thinkest that the rest of the wise men, and fools of the world are not fo, thou art a Fool: For the wifest man sometimes is careles, makes intermissions in his Discretion, and holds it for a Gallantry, to do, or say some extravagancy, either for the feting off, or strengthening of his Actions; when you shall hear say, fuch a one hath accomplish'd his defign well, I hold him for very discreet. Think not that that man is discreet, but that he happened discreetly upon it. The same in miscarriages; Thou art not to suppose that he is a Fool because he

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he flipt on some folly, but that he went foolishly to work. When they would Cannonize some Saint, they are not content with one or two miracles, but with many, and very remarkable ones; why shouldst thou cannonize any body for discreet, because he happened on fomething well, at one time or another? Perchance he being an errand Fool, could do no otherwife; perchance he knew fo little, that in this, he even knew not how to be a Fool, and suffered himself to be carried by his Fortune, without making pause at his blind eledion.

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The Auguryes accomplished their threatnings, for ill Auguryes are like Natives of the Kingdom of Arragon, that will sooner forget their God than their Anger. It cost me not a few disquiets, for I saw my self encompassed on all

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fides: fo that would I pass on forward with my Love, I presently found a very shameful reprehenfion, that faid to me, there is no room for thee; another hath come in with a Ruff so great, and a Plush Cloke so large and swell'd, that he can scarce be contained there. If I should have given the reigns to my anger, and repaired my injury with vengeance, I feared it would be too much to my own cost, having reason to be silent, and so must be of force, or dye; and yet I must of force dye, if I should be silent. So possessed was I with anger, and so restrained by fear, that I would have accounted it for a happy change, to lose the past Delights, that I might have withdrawn my body from the present Torments.

Love is not for Virtuous men; very foolish or bad must he be,

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that must be possessed of it: Although there should be no Law of God that should pluck us by the sleeve, at the engaging our felves in these wickednesses, yet the evils which go chained with them, would be fufficient to detain us: The unhappiness is, we are unwilling to calt away from us these pleasures, though I affure you, that if we could but take off the Cloke from them, and find out the unfortunate ends, which presently threaten us, we would not give them fo much Credit as we do . For it was a Divine Providence, to feafon Sin with Repentance, that when we are most flattered with its Smiles, and Serenities, we should find out the deceit, and know our blindness.

In fine, I determined to leave her, when I understood she had lest me, and with the hazzard, not O only only of my head, but of my opi-I acquainted my Master with what had passed, the frequency of the Gallant, and his obstinacy, and told him some of those Jealousies which I had too many of. To which his opinion was, that this quarrell must be had with the Maid; for the not giving him hopes (he concluded for certain) that he would not have had the boldness, so much as to look upon her. I commended his discreet contrivance, but seeing that I endangered my opinion by this way; for she perceiving her felf discovered, would, sure enough discover me: I therefore, not to lose the occasion, replyed, that she in no wise gave admittance to his defires, but that he was fuch an impudent fellow, that he took it. With this he rested fatisfied, and with determination to

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I well fee that I had but little reason in what I said, for I was indeed alwaies of a contrary opinion; I ever knew, that as many as have hopes, defires and confidence, do found them on some favour, and that no defire can be had without hope. But mark, I beseech you, how important a thing it is to be a Fool, or to appear so, since it serves even to perswade to false opinions, and to qualifie them for true ones. If Plato had faid it to my Master, he would have believed that he had deceived him, by the force of his Arguments, and did it for oftentation of his Wit: But as a man told it him, who, he thought, had not the faculty of not telling truth, as if this was not the most difficult: he had no suspisuspition, neither any malice at all.

Now my Master was somewhat unskilful and timerous in the bufiness of Hectoring, therefore had put in readiness all his Servants; so out we go some fix men of us, like fo many Lions, guarding his body: And coming to the street of the Unhappy fair one, we saw the Gallant, waiting with another (both muffed) at the door of her house: I drew near to know him, and being known, without making any figne to the rest of the Ambush, I made at him, and at the first bout I gave him a handsom cut over the Pate: For I had two advantages over him; one was the being injured, another the beginning the fray. The Squadron at that, coming up, we fet upon them couragiously on all sides, and having given them many fore wounds (for

it was an easy matter to lay about us in luch a confusion) we left them for dead, and retired to our lodging.

CHAP.

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CHAP. IV.

He relates the Life which he lead being a fudg, and afterwards, a Pretendient in the Court for an Impleyment.

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on of a wife, modelt, and fober man, the very fame persons who had affisted him, murmured at the injustice; and although they knew that I was the Boreas of that Tempest, no body blamed me, it seeming to them, that I for no folly deserved a punishment, because I complyed but with my nature in what I did; who would think that it was good being

being a Fool, even not to appear one? Yet thus far can this good Fortune extend: I that was the principal Fool was not murmured at, only because I was a Fool, and my Master that was wife, he bore the brunt with his Wisdom. We had a strong debate, and various Votes, what was best to be done; but mine overcame, which was to leave Salamanca; in regard the wounded, or dead, were of the most illustrious of that City, so that with whon might be held a good Correspondence, was the main thing next to be thought on: And this being agreed upon by us, we took Mules the same night, and in a few daies (for fear gave us wings) we arrived at a Village the best that was in all the Estate of the Earl his Brother, who himfelf at that time resided there. Now, although his absence from the Court

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Court was not intended for any long time, yet the spatiousness and pleasantness of the Situation, the flattery and delights of those green trees, and the bubling of the Fountains so much delighted him, that made his stay the longer; the same turned also to our liking, which was but meer necessity.

This good Gentleman had all manner of recreations: as Dogs for Hunting, Books of entertainment in a great & curious number, excellent Gardens, also thick and well-shaded Groves, and he knew not the cause of our retirement, for that being the end of our course, had

taken away all suspition.

I was, yes, and am now, and ever shall be, greatly inclined to the conversation of women: What a right course I took here to make my self a Fool? I liked very well the

the Groves, and the Rivers, but, in my opinion, there wanted to them the Soul, which is the concourse of this, and the other good face that with their fight should guild them, as the Sun does. Therefore I presently grew weary of that wilderness-like Solitude; yet remembring me of the evils which had befallen me, for desiring these Goods, I fell to Philofophizing, in so much that in a few days, I reduced my self to think that the true Felicity was to bind up a man within himself, this is by adorning himself with Learning, and Virtues; for other things, which, with a fair appearance, feem to be Felicities, either they are not fo, or are not durable: I likewile confidered that although the enjoyment of the height of them was fweet, yet the fall was fo certain, that the pleasure of them was

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was twice paid for 5 once with the fear of falling, for it dares molest us when we are at the highest pitch; and then with the fall; for this Edifice being founded on pillars of Glass (such are the follies and frailties of women) it must necessarily yield to any weight.

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I took great delight to lock up my self, in the Room where the Earl kept his Books; there did I pass all hours of the day, and many of the night, laughing at such as invited me to go a Hunting, to play at Billiards, or at Cards; for certainly nothing is pleasure to us, but that to which our inclination stears us: I thought it impossible that there should be any one, who could take delight in going a whole afternoon, in spight of the violent scorchings of the Sun, following a Hare, or persecuting a Wolf: And then, for Cards, I could

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could not believe that any man could have patience to think, that whilft he was expecting a Seven of Hearts to make up his Game, there should come an impudent Knave of the Clubs to excuse the Seaven, and say that he could not come; and those tricks of jugling a Card, as if by that, the sigure of it could be changed. All this I held for folly; and gave a thousand thanks to God that had diverted my inclination from such foolish entertainments.

Ispent my time with my Books, the most discreet company in the world, since knowing so much, they never speak a word, unless they are asked: Sometimes I wearied my self, and then deceived my weariness with variety; and being tired with one, took up another; for as I studied not for oftentation, but for recreation; neither was I troubled

troubled for the obtaining of a thought, nor at the leaving it in the midst of its carreer. Finally, I made a pastime of labour, and by this means secured the Duration of

it.

But the time being come, of returning back from our progress, the Earl hastned us away, now because I was still quarrelling with Fortune, that she had not paid me for the Courtship I had made her, in committing the folly of the skirmish, She did then quit scores with I had a great opinion of being Learned, gained by the lock-ing my felf up in the Library; and being confident of this, I came to the Earl, at a time when I found him alone; and faid, certainly, Sir, Your Honour might well excuse the care which this Journey gives you; for your Brother (whom God preserve) has no need of seeing

ing those Schools to be able to read as Chair-man to the Masters of them: For although, 'tis true, that modesty and retiredness, do a little advantage him, he ha's a most profound Wit, and is really devoted to what he professes; I assure you, Sir, he hath attained to more in Three years, than others in Thir-

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Near this place is the Monastery of Iràche, where he may take the Degree of Batchelor, and continue passing his time in this Solitude, which will be more prositable for him than to go to be diverted, by following his pleasures: and what he hath learnt here, to forget in Salamànca, which in effect is a populous City, and not so sit for the exercise of Wit as this pleasant retirement. He liking the Counsel, we Commence in Iràche. Thus we excuse two years Colds of

manca, in recompense of one fol-

ly.

Two years spent I in that solitary Life, and in them learnt of Civil Law enough, and of other Learning more than enough; and having gained an opinion of being studious, and confirmed it with certain Sentences of Cato, they began to call me Doctor, in the Earls house, and so frequently used it, that now I was by no other name known then the Doctor Cenudo; and a while after we returning to our centre, the Court, I took my place of Doctor as if really I had been so.

At that time His Majesty honoured a Gentleman, a friend of the Earls, with the Office of * Corriginal

*An Officer Earls, with the Office of * Corrigideputed by dor, of one of the most illustrious the King,

over most of the chief Cities in Spain, with Power and Authority little differing from a Lord Mayors. These always continue three years, and for the most part are Lawyers.

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Cities of Spain. This same Corrigidor, was mad to be Governing, as might be seen a hundred leagues off; for having a sufficient Estate to maintain him conformable to his Quality, nothing would ferve him but to be a Corrigidor, and could have eaten his fingers ends, to be showing his power over the Petty * Alcaldes; but he dreaded * Or Fundthe carrying with him learned * Te- * Or Depunientes, such as would command ties. all, wherefore he consulted his fears with the Earl, who in conclusion proposed to him my person, for one of the two Offices, extolling my modesty, and my retiredness, all which suted well with what the Corrigidor desired; and there wanted not some, who told me, that amongst others of my praises, he had acquainted him that I was a Fool: Scarcely had the Corrigidor heard this, when faying, that

that such a one was what he had need of, and not your meddling Pedants; he granted him the Office for me, and surther added, that he was a most happy man, in having found out, for his purpose, so

well qualified a Person.

Behold me now, chief Alcalde of a populous City, here you see, the Title of a Fool availed me more than the Title of Batchelor or Doctor of Law. Is it then ill being a Fool? I know that more than a few would be so, on condition that they might but so well attain to their desired ends: And I am consident, as one faithfully experienced, that Folly is very important, not only for the obtaining of Dignities, but also for the enjoying them, which presently you will see.

The other Office of Teniente, of Deputy, he gave to an able, but

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formall Coxcomb, much wedded to the Laws, and to his humour: a man whose word it was, you see it is written, and you shall be made to do it. This was not of the Corrigidors Election, but the express command of a Noble-man, to whom he owed the greatest part of his wings: we came shortly after to the place of our residence, where I foon got the knack of Precedents, Decrees, and other trifles, for the ordering my business, which the industry of the Procurators and scrivanos, or Solicitors and Attorneys, affisted me with; I therefore was fain to mould my felf plyable as wax to them, and denyed them nothing; so with this, and my not scrupling at their Exorbitances, all businesses came to me, that I gained as much as might have ferved both my felf and my Companion, whom they called

called King Don Pedro, because he was so grave, and so zealous for the executing of Justice; but they fled from him, as from Virtue.

Now you may scoff at Folly, that knows how to savour its own Servants, and punish others: And you may see if it be good being a Fool, even to the administring of Ossices, which so much require discretion and prudence. True Discretion, my Friend, is to be plyable, and bend with the Times; but think not that I could be the Martyr of Alguaziles and Attorneys, although I had been brought up with Onions and Garleek; no, I am not of so strong a Constitution.

There I knew that the great deftroyer of Virtues was Power. Did I not tell thee how much I came improved out of those Solitudes? What a Philosopher, how reserved,

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and close I was! what a Contemner of all Delights, and enemy of Pleasure! but now seeing my self powerful, I went out of my self, and what wonder if I was out of my Centre: No one knows what it is, to be an ordinary Judge of a Populous City! I stood upon a high place, my head grew giddy, I must therefore certainly expect a fall.

The first trip which I gave, was on Pride; I was sparing of my Hat, wherein my frown assisted me, to my great advantage: With all the Town I was a Lyon, only with my Alguaziles a Lamb: I then threw aside my rod of Justice, the Badg of my Office, for the Follies of Venus, I went the rounds by nights, not to apprehend Thieves, nor Murtherers, nor any other fort of People, but to deliver up my self a Prisoner to She-robbers and,

Murtheresses: Yet this kind of pleafure did presently become nautious to me, I liked not the easiness of it, but was most pleased to meet with the greatest difficulties, I adored impossibilities, there I set to my shoulder,& there I engaged my felf. How many Forts did I overthrow with nothing but my Rod? How many wills did Fear corrupt? I am ashamed to tell you the Vile means wherewith I prostrated noble Defigns on the ground. These Viclories (said I) deserve applause; these, which when they fly and are most difficult, do crown the Conqueror.

I went into any house that I pleased, though it was never so close, with great ease: For I either pretended that I searched for some Delinquent, or that I would examine the Master of it, for a Witness concerning a fact, which, in-

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deed, had never been committed. Once I remember that I carried away prisoner, the husband of a handsom woman, which I had a mind to, feigning certain suspitions of him, and kept him in Prifon as long time as I lifted, that he might not hinder my free access into his House. All these extravagancies were brave exploits, in the opinion of my under Ministers, they commended them, instead of disapproving them, and admonishing me against them: and I serioully think that they liked them well, because all of them are for the most part, fellows of this humour, and cry up for good, all actions wherein they see themselves painted.

I was but a little covetous, and therefore drew on my fide the Common People of the City, 23 the Taverner, the Inn-keeper, the

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Taylor, and all that rabble of People, which being the most vile, and most Licentious we have amongst us, they give or take away a good opinion, at pleasure. The Gentlemen complained not, though they had reason for it, not to stain their Honour the more, by publishing their Dishonour. this I walked unbridled, through a thousand kinds of Insolencies. Oh how important a thing is the choosing foolish or unlearned men into Offices! the damage is no less, then the throwing poison into a publique Fountain; every one has a share of death, all participate of these evils: These fetters bind all, though the fault or carelefness of the Election be but in one only, and one only I here blame.

expecting to know how I came off with my Office, should you not

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know, that those who make it good or evil, are Attorneys and Alenaziles? Since these then for so many reasons were my Friends, there was none who did not praise me, instead of accusing me. Finally, at the three years end I went out well from all, and indifferently rich, but my Companion ill and poor; I went away the Corrigidors friend, but my Companion his enemy: Is it good, think you, to be a Fool? It may be, you will tell me, that I was not so in this, but rather very discreet; you have some reason; for it was discretion not to contradict my Corrigidor, in any business that he should command, be it never so unjust; because he, in effect, was my Superior, and I took not upon me that Office but to obey him: To have friendship with Alguaziles and Attorneys, what wife man would not do

do it? To be kind to their requests, was Liberality, not Folly! but let it be what it will, I was

happy by these means.

In Madrid I presented my perfon, and the account of my refidence, and got the repute of a good and just Judge: Wherefore the Corrigidor affisted me with all the interest he could make, that His Majesty might bestow upon me fome other greater Imployment, and in the mean time lod. ged me in his House, admitted me to his Table, and allowed me his Coach; with which I led in Madrid, the Life of a Prince. Ambition now began to disquiet me, for although I naturally did never much affect the living in a Garret, the feeing my felf put into this way had quite spoyled my humility, I was glutting my felf with the statteries which power made

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made me: Me thought I lived not the day wherein I did not command: Nevertheless the kindness of the Corrigidor was such, and the entertainments which we had in the Court, so great, that they diverted this desire from me.

I am perswaded, it would be impossible, that Pretendients should have so large hopes in such ardent desires, if they lived not in such a bewitching place, as is Madrid, which hath so many Lethargies, wherewith to lull asleep any desire, or any ambition.

At the Fame of my Folly, came Corrigtdors by dozens, offering me what mine had done; but I that must needs be a Fool upon Record, fell to pretending, or begging at Court, a place of settlement, only that I might not be idle from commanding every day, as I was then, whilst they bestowed another Office

fice on me: In which pretention. all the Power that had favoured my Corrigidor affisted me; it is not proper for me to divulge this, but you are a Friend, and will speak of it to no body. I had an advantage above all other Pretendients, who had merits only in being a Fool; for they confiding in what they had deferved, used some slight diligences, to that effect, thinking that those who were to honour them, had no other care, but to conjecture their deferts by their Worthy and deferving friend, what matters it, though thou art so, if all do not know it? Tell it aloud, and use means to procure thy ends, or elfe'never pretend; for I, who had no other Basis whereon to found my pretenfions, besides my Solicitude, and favour, observed it with much industry.

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In this interim I learnt the greatest piece of Courtly discretion, which is, Flattery, and Courtefie. Istaid an hour every morning, before I went out of my Lodging, to meditate new ways of flattery, wherewith to reap new favours. I was the first fince Adam, till this present, who told great Lords that they resembled Gods, in doing favours without any hopes of return. Another time I said to a Noble-man; Your excellency, my Lord, in confideration of who you are, hath a precise obligation to favour me, for your Excellency being fuch a friend of doing courtefies and favouring all, I have ferved you in requesting it of you; and have given you matter whereon to imploy the generofity of your mind. To another, I once said, The time is now come, wherein your Lordthip may disburthen your Breast, and

and do favours for being so big with them, only my short merits may be capable vessels of your Liberality: If I deserved it, my Lord, it would not be an excess, but in this I serve your Lordship, since meriting it so little, the benefit lyes shrowded, the more under the shaddow of my poor wants. In such manner I spake these slatteries, as made them believe, they were really the Princes, who most favoured their Servants.

In Bribes and Presents I acquired the name of Fool, amongst some who were so themselves; because I seldome presented things to be eaten: They told me is I did not, I should never have good success: For Presents of this nature cost but little, and were ever acceptable: But I was always of a different opinion, that they should never give things which would not be present

fent in view a long time, and represent the memory of the Donor; for which reason, they are called Presents: Things edible are not of this quality, for either they will be spoyled, or must be spent presents.

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Only I remember that upon an occasion I once forgot this precept, for staying in an outward room, waiting to fee a certain Lady, towards whole North all my pretensions (with a full gale in Poop) were steered, there came out a Dueña to entertain me and another Gentleman, that was an affistant to me in these encounters. The Dueña began the conversation, asking him what he had eaten at dinner, what Cook he kept, and other questions of this nature: The Gentleman, who by the story, certainly, must needs be wonderous discreet, began to invent a thoufand

fand excellent dimes, never imagined before, and that he had a Cook which made most incomparable Pastys, of the Sinnews of a Leg of Veal, of the Breafts of Capons, of Partridges; Pidgeons, and Turtles, that there was nothing like them in the World. He had scarce made his boast of his Cook, when the Dueña, whose chops watered after these Pastys, desired of him one for a tast: The Wiseacre promised it her, and was very joyful that the had believed him; and that she might think him a man of an excellent pallate, at the expence of much care and mony, fought out a Cook that should make good his lye.

I that was a Fool, being affrighted at the fall of my Comrade when the Dueña came to ask me the same, told her, that I kept a Cook-maid which knew how to make Sassages

marveloufly, and a Sallad that might be given to one that was dead; which was truth, for a living body could not fuffer the smell of them, I thought I had turned her Stomach with this; but as I am always fo unfortunate with Duena's, the longed for some of these Sasiages, and Sallad; I promifed her them, and complyed honestly with my word, but fearing that if the Saffages should go very cleanly, she would send for more, I sent a Servant to buy some great dirty ones, of those which women sell at the corners of streets to Porters, and other poor people; he carried them, and I know not whether or no, it might be the Du. na's greediness, or my commendations of them, for so rare, or else my misfortune. But every Saturday I received a meffage from the Duena, wherein the fent for more Saffa-

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Saffages. I was very fenfible of that tribute, and me thought I lost in this my Gentility; and as Liberty obliges men to great undertakings, I bad a Servant go one Saturday, and bring a whole Sheeps Paunch, stuffed naturally, without emptying the Guts: He did so, and it seeming to me, they came somewhat hollow; I commanded that they should fill them up what wanted, with Onions, and many other sweet and cleanly bits: So I fent her them well feafoned, & I know not what was in the fault, the cleanliness or my misfortune: But the Saturday following, the fent me another message to send her more, and gave me thanks for those past. I had no other remedy than, but to fay, the Cook-maid was dead the night before. See what Creatures these Duena's are! Half an hour after, the fent another message

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message to me, to desire me to tell her where I thought to bury her, because she would say certain Masses for her, and fend her Ladys Servants, that they might go to honour her Corps that knew how to make such excellent Sassages; and that if, perchance, the had left the Receit how these Sassages were to be made, that I would do her the favour to give her it. I was fain to make a Receit for Sassages, the first that came to hand, and fend her, telling her, that the Cook-maid was already buried, and that she needed not take any care for the faying Masses for her. This very day do I stand in fear lest she should send to me, to know if the Cook of the Sassages be not yet risen again.

My ingenious Presents had better luck; for sometimes they cost me lesser than if they had been Q some fome rare things to be eaten (which in effect are but flight and soon gone) and yet, for the most part, were, as if I should have set by their sides a Bage, that should still be putting them in mind of my business.

chore time, to a Minister of State, that was short sighted, I presented a Case and alphir of Spectacles, telling him that they came from Italy, that a Brother of mine had sent me them, for the most pretious Jewel in all those parts, that they marvelously preserved the sight, and were the very Spectacles which the King Don Ferdinando had used during his Conquest of that Nation, and I procured the Case to be old-sashioned, curious and rich, by which I qualified the Spectacles with great advantage.

who are confident in the greatness

of

of the Gift which you offer, if you neglectits Ornament, and fetting off. For there are those, who looking on a horse without his furniture, that should he be more swift than those of the Sun, and more mettlesome than Bucephalus, would account him but for a Jade that works in a Mill; and if they should fee, well harnefled, but Don Quixote's Steed, would esteem him like Belerophons Pegasus. To me it hath happened, that I have made greater oftentation with a dish of Italian Sallad, which, it may be, put me to the expence of about * 15 * About & Quartos, than if I had fent them pence Enga Camel loaded with Phealants. There is nothing to women like Flowers, Patches, Ribbons and Paint; if you think otherwise, ask the most confident Ladies of our age, and they will tell you, that were it not for Artifice, there Q 2 would

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would not be any body that would look them in the face.

This Minister of Ignorance put

on my Spectacles, and perswaded himself that he was a very Linx with them, and was as thankful for for the present, as if I had given him new fight, telling me that in respect to my business, * he would carry me always before his eyes, only with wearing my Spectacles Short fighbefore them. This then may prowear their perly be called a present, that ne-

tyed on all ver stirs a jot from before the Eyes

day long, of the great man to whom it is wiereloever they fent.

* Thole Spaniards

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Spectacles

Another Lord, on whom depended all my hopes, had a good opinion of his own handsomness, but was fomewhat long vifaged; infomuch that his cheek bones frood out too visibly, to the prejudice of his Beauty, as though they had intended him an ill office : I ha-

ving

ving notice of a certain Merchant, who had false Looking Glasses, that would shew a thousand several forts of faces; from amongst these I chose one that made round plump faces, and had an excellent frame of Ebony, inlaid with Ivory, which I presented him with, for the most faithful that had ever been seen; protesting that it was the same Looking-Glass, by which the Cava used to sit dressing her self every morning two hours, before she went to enamour the King Don Rodrigo; which had lately been found in the inchanted * Cave at * The true Toledo, by the industry of a great stame of Lady Magician, that it was a pledge war Flo-

worthy the placing in a Pallace, rinda, she like that of his Excellency's, if he Daughter pleased, for the Veneration which of the Earl Don Julian who to revenue himself on the King for deflowering this his

who to revenge himself on the King for destowering this his Daughter, betrayed Spain to the Moors, by whom she was called Cava, which in Arabick signifies a Whore.

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had haing was due to Antiquity: He accepted it with a smiling countenance, and looking in it, found himself fat, and almost round, and as though I had mended his face, gave me thanks for it, telling me it was a gift that was more acceptable to him then any other thing, which might be believed, because it flattered him in that he needed.

Trust to Looking-Glasses, and buy them for your friends; wherein you will do well, since friends there are, which flatter like Looking-Glasses, and make you believe you are round faced, and perfect, being lean, and foolish in your affections.

Afterwards I knew, that four times in a day he consulted his handsomness in it, and it so much deceived him, as he said, that that alone was a true Looking-Glass,

and

and only in the time of King Don Rodrigo, they knew how to make Looking Glasses, but in this Age all Arts were so adulterated, that they had not 'the skill to make a true Glass in all Spain; so certain it is that nothing appears true to us, but what futes with our liking. You will fay I was a Fool for presenting a Looking-Glass to a Lord, and that a Horse would have been a more proper Present. You know not what you fay, for a Horse would not be a Present, in regard it would not be alwaies present, nor put him in mind of my defire, because he, for the most part, went in a Coach, or in a Chair, but the Glass was present four times a day: thus very conveniently I fet my Cava for an Intercellor that he might favour me. If these flatteries pass with you for follies, you your felf are but a Fool. What will

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will you say to a Present that I made of a Clock with an Allarum, which rattled the whole Parish; seems this an ill remembrancer of

my business at all hours?

Yet in no present (methinks)I hit so luckily, as in one that I made to a great States-man, who was fufficiently proud, although he had his rife from base Parentage: Fortune, you must understand, had raised him to that Preferment, because she otherwise would never shine with such Lustre as she does, nor would her power, but lye in concealment, if she should not exercise it on such as are nothing, or but very little. He had his clear ascendency from a Cellar of water, for so was his Grand-father, but he forgetting that those waters reproached him, as the Poets fay, never shew'd a good face to any body; the truth is, he had a very ill one,

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ill one, for he had still imprinted on it, the Curses which his Grandfire gave to his Ass that carried his water-pots. Coming by chance into a Brokers Shop, where was a Parrot to be fold, I began to bargain for it, and questioning its ability, they told me it was a young one, and but newly began to speak, and knew not how to fay more than Water-man, Water-man; it feemed to me that I had found an Ashwednesday for the Pride of this States-man: I made a Cage for it, which might well have served a Dueña for bigness. Already I have told you how impatient I was to live in Pomp and State; for this reason, I say, I presented it to my States-man, for the most rare qualified and most witty Parrot of the World, the Cage also spake a thoufand Marvels in its favour: He was very thankful, and my good Parrot

rot shewed in a few days its pregnant understanding, giving Lectures and undeceiving to this Luci-

fer in a Gown.

At all times when he came into his house, he found it with a Memento homo in his mouth, it alwaies received him with Water-man, Water-man, and repeated this with great quickness; now as it never faid any other thing, he considered on it, and was possessed with an opinion that some Angel had spoken to him by the mouth of a Parrot; He then began to tremble, changed the Scene, and dispelled his frowns. Finally, the man was converted by the Lectures of the Parrot, that he already gave audiences with greater facility; he also spake with less scorn, and particularly to me, to whom he would commonly fay, he had an especial obligation, but would not let me know

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know wherefore. He came not at any time into the house without vailing his Beaver to the Parrot, faying, all that Courtesie was due to a Master. A few days after, it changed its Note by means of another Parrot which was at a Neighbours house, of whom it learnt to fay, Alas poor Parrot! and who comes there, who comes there? Nevertheless, the Master lost not his Credulity, that it was some Spirit cloathed in Green, and attributed that change of Conversation to his amendment from his Pride. So that the Parrot, by no means, spake any thing which he accounted not for a Mystery.

I plainly see that this folly might have returned upon my own head, it being so rash; Therefore do you never trust in follies, unless you are venturous; but it may be you will say, it is sufficient to be a Fool, to

make

make a man venturous. In effect 1 was fo fortunate, that I flattered with injuries, and gained favours with affrontings. But yet methought I was out of my centre whilft I was not in Love. The fuing for an Office, and the Courting a Lady, are so much alike, as that it was very easie for me to pass from one to the other; with Flatteries we sue for Offices, we Court Ladies with Flatteries, these with Gifts we facilitate, with Presents those; for Offices nothing is less important, than the deferving them, because Fortune who disposeth of them is blind: There is nothing of less importance with Ladies, than the deferving them, because 'tis either good or ill Fortune that with them gives a winning or a losing Cast.

I fell very desperately in Love with a Maiden, the Daughter of Noble Parents, and yet more Rich

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than Noble: I know not whether or no you have observed, that all my Loves were with Maids: This was one of the greatest of my Follies; She was all the delight and care of her Parents; they had no other Child on whom to divert their Loves, all was on their Fair Daughter; She had been bred up under the Tutorage of her Mother, with Marmalade, and Carraway Confects, in such fort, that they had wrought her little heart altogether of Coyness. At the Fame of her great Dowry, she had been offered many Matches of Different Ranks, as of Lawyers, Knights of the Habit, and Gentlemen of good Estates: But had baffled them all, one after another, with her Quirques and Subtilties.

An Alcalde of Sevill, one that was a great Gallant, and an understanding man, she discarded, only to tell him, she would never see her self in the power of Justice.

Another Gentleman of good parts, she sent packing, because alwaies when he visited her (which was very frequently) he asked her how she did; telling him, he was too curious for a Husband, and that she was not for such inquisitive men.

Another, who being in a Playhouse, she observed to take out a pair of Spectacles and look thorow them towards the Appartment of the women; she asked (as jealous) what he looked at? He answered (to blind her Jealousies) Madam, I look not at their perfections, but at the defects which are in these Ladies. Then, Sir, (said she, with a disdainful look) I care not for a Husband, so great a friend of spying others faults, that to fearch them out, will discover his own;

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a S out own; I had never known that you had been short-sighted, if you had not been so earnest to pry into these Ladies wants of Beauty-

Of another, because they told her, he knew how to make Verses, he said, she would never love that man who esteemed lying and flat-

tery for a Grace.

On this manner was the come to forty years old, her Father and Mother dead, rather for being tired out with her Whymsies, than for old Age: And now, time began to swear, that if she delayed to admit Sutes, he would force her, that she her self should be fain to sue, and not without hazzard of a Repulse: She admitted Visits of fuch as were men of Parts, and was proud to be accounted discreet; and that they might esteem her for a Sybil in the Town, she gave it out, that the most learned men came

The Fortunate Fool. 240

came to confult her in various con-

ceits daily.

I then made my addresses to her with the Title of a wise Philosopher, and to fet off my felf to the greatest advantage, rehearsed to her, three or four sonnets in praise of black Eyes, and half a dozen Stanza's, on white hands, which I had composed in my younger daies, so that with this, and speaking ever and anon very gravely, and as it were suffering my self to be intreated to it, I passed for a Cato: But I was forry to find her so wise, for although I was ever a friend of discreet women, yet I would not have them to be more wife than my self, either because equality is alwaies most beloved, or else because he goes in danger of being cheated, who deals with one more knowing than himself. Being fearful then of displeasing her, I did not

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not yet make her sharer of my love, neither indeed was she ever, although I did not (I confess) altogether dislike her, until one evening sinding her alone, when the doubtful light of the day gives most place to bouldness, and best enterains shame: After we had discoursed of many things, drawing my Chair nearer towards her Cusheon, whereon she sat on the ground, I thus address'd my self to her:

Madam, the difference between the Wise and the Foolish, is only this, in my opinion; That Wise men do and say, for the most part, that which reason and ingenuity teaches them; But the Foolish, as they are void of one, and the other, follow their own crotchets, or what they see others do: If you were not so discreet I would forbear to tell you a thought, which it is long since I have been desirous of acquainting

you with, for I should fear that you would fall into the opinion of the Vulgar, and call that injury, which really is veneration; I have loved you tenderly, since the first time that I faw and spake to you, but I love you with honourable and virtuous intentions; You are prudent, and will not suffer your self to be guided by the Vulgar, for I know they would call it rudeness for a Lover quickly to declare himself. You are governed by reason, and shall see what speaks in my favour; that for a woman to be beloved is a most Glorious thing, 'tis the fruit, 'tis the end and intent of their perfection, and for him that loves her to declare it to her; provided the loving her be not a discourtesse, tis the greatest complement he can show, because it is a fign of the more passionate love; For that house is not much

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on fire which fends not forth our of its Towers, and Chymnies, such Flames as shall discover it; and small winds lye couch d in the bowells of the Earth, if they break not an outlet for their roarings; But a great Earth-quake is the sign of a raging battle of the un-

quietness of the Winds.

Hove you, Madam, by my own choice; another would fay 'twas by the violence of his destiny; I do not, because I will not have Fortune arry away the praise due to your Beauty, and my Affection. The name of this Passion seems Arrogant, I call'd it Love, 'twill appear more chast to call it Will; yet this is too cold to express so great a Flame: Love is in Rigour, but yet it is Noble, and prudent; not covetous, not blind, expects no correspondence, asks no reward, because it has it already; for what R 2 reward

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reward like the adoring her that deserves it, for her so Excellent quallifications? This love made me become wife, what greater recompense? You perhaps will fay, that being known, it feems no more to be Love; you are in the right; yet for this, it does not cease to be Love: To clear these doubts, let's call it Estimation, and that will fute best with it; Estimation is more than ordinary, which passes to Veneration, in a certain manner, with this it escapes out of dangers, and deserves Gratitude if not Correspondence, Gratitude is not due to him that pays debts; my heart I owed to this Beauty, to this Discretion, I confess it; But in an Age where Gratitude is so little in use, 'tis well there is any who remembers to pay his debts, with so much fidelity. I give suspitions of being interessed by mentioning fervices,

245

services, but they are false suspitions, I instance them not to facilitate a reward, but to keep up estimation; for you being sensible I am such, as that I have known how worthily to adore you, may the more esteem me for this Ingenuity, or at least not accuse your self of indiscretion for doing me the favour which you do me, by thinking that I deserve not to receive it, since to allow me for a wise man, its sufficient for me to understand what you deserve.

She having the vanity to think that the world did believe her a Doctor; and seeing me a Doctor; likeness made us remain friends for that time, so she continued quiet, and in appearance pleased too. After this, I was still in Love, but not so much as before; for considence (as they say) is the poyson

of Love.

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A friend of mine went one day to fee her without me, whom I used always to carry with me when I visited her, a person of a good Wit, pleafant conversation, and one that was very ingenious in his conceits; They discourted of divers matters, the conversation was an Italian Salad, a great deal of of the whole, and a little of every thing; but amongst all there was not the least word in remembrance of me, to that I perceived the first kindness had been no more than a courteous liking, which continued in its purity whilest I continued in mine; but that feeing me with a fecond intention, she had varied hers, and that that flighting me was but a contrivance fairly to shake me off: This having vexed me, I fent Jealousie a hunting for conjectures, which after a while brought me on as clear as truth; I found

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I found that the cause might be her guesfing me not equal to her in riches, for Love is so great a friend of equality, that even in riches it desireth it: But yet for all this, I was not affrighted with any Suspition, that this rejecting me was for my want of handsomness, or of understanding; because I knew already by experience that Love stands not upon that, if it be true (as the Philosophers say) that Love is a defire of beauty; The beauties and perfections, wherein this desire may be imployed, are as many as the very defires and opinions themselves; every one then esteems for beauty, not one certain form, reduced to certain perfections, but all fuch as have a likeness with their own, or agree with their inclination: The Wise man esteems the woman beautiful, that shall be Wife; The Fool accounts for very beau-R 4

beautiful, her that shall be silent, and commends as a virtue, what is but meer necessity; some praise long Faces, others round ones: Then what curious coloured Eyes? what a delicate shaped Mouth? For Hairs the opinions are more than the hairs. Finally, beauty is wholly opinion, and for every opinion there is its beauty apart, and you shall have some say, that Venus and Hellen were but like Kitchin Wenches, nay and but very homely ones neither.

It now grieved me for having declared my mind, since my endeavours were frustrated, and that by my considence too; But in the end I hit upon a plot, rather to make tryal of my suspition, than to purchase any Love by it; for although I was smitten, yet I did not doat on her: I Loved her, but was not enamoured of her; do

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you not understand me? Why, I mean, that to Love, and to be smitten, are not the same, as to be enamoured, and to doat, for that may be either out of obstinacy, or else for vengance; To doat on her, cannot be but meerly for kindness, or with good liking; now I being vexed at her slights, abhorred her, and her Labyrinths, with a perfect hatred, and me thought that if then I could but make her my own, I would quit the Field, and leave the Conquest, without seizing the Spoils; and would say, It is sufficient I have the glory of being Conquerour.

I therefore faigned my self sick, and began to complain of my Heart, crying out that I had a thouland Vipers in it, and other such Frenzical Speeches, which pain is accustomed to suggest; and had straightly commanded my Servants

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nct to let any body come in where I lay. Thus for four dayes I was locked up in my Chamber, to put a Colour to my Fraud, that the whole Town already rang of it; at which some of my Friends came to me, with the skilfullest Physicians of the Court; who felt my Pulse, faw my Urine, and with the relation of my complaints and effected Mellancholy, sware my Sickness was mortal: This made all believe it, and I almost believed it too, although I felt my self well and found; for who could otherwise choose but think it so when four men said it, being the Portraicts of time, in their 'Age and Beards? In such fort did this fear seise on me, that the day following, in stead of mine, I commanded them to show the Doctors, my Pages water, the most cheerful lively Boy that was in all the Town; they beheld it, and

and shrugging their shoulders, sighing forth fears out of their breasts,
with their breath, they said that
the Sickness went tyranizing over
the heart, and that it daily shewed
it self a greater threatener; then I
fell into account, that it was not I
who was weak, but they, who undestood no more of me then what
my Servants told them, of my
complaints, and greivous Sighings.

when I perceived that I was well, I prosecuted my Imposture, schreiching that all the whole street heard me, nay and my Wise Mistress too, the cause of my roarings; who without any suspition believed my weakness, yes and almost more than I would have perswaded her; yet for all this, she had not the Courtesse to send me a message to enquire how I did. See but what the inequality of the goods of Fortune could do; now when

when I thought that I had had Sicknesses enough to kill me, for the Physicians had given me over, I made my Will; sending to call a faithfull friend, and the Scrivenor, who being both come, I left for heir to near a hundred thousand Duckets of freeGoods, my Mistress, Senora Dona Temeraria, putting in a clause at the end, of my own hand-writing (a thing which pleased the Scrivenor, although he was a Scrivenor) For the tender Love I have born her, and for the Favour which she hath done me, Giving a profound Sigh at the delivering of it to him. Master Doctor (said my Friend to me, infinitly confused) what Goods do you leave to fullfill this Testament? Pray Sir, answered I, content your felf till we think how to dispose of those Goods which remain: I have enough to acomplish what I have bequeathed,

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in this Inventory they are, that will fatisfy its Debts; with this I gave him a large Cattalogue of a vast parcel of rich Goods, which were enough for my Testament: This was an Action that more quallissed me for a Fool, and even put me with every one into the opinion, that I was a Mad-man.

No sooner was the Scrivenor gone out of my Chamber, but went to ask a reward for his good tydings, of my Heires; relating to herall my Will; and Counselling her that she should cause Masses to be said, that God would take me to Heaven; not so much because he should take me to Heaven, as that he might take me away. The Gentlewoman hearing this new excess of my Love, immediately without the least Moments delay, took her Chair and Servants, and laying aside all consideration of the ho-

nour of her Virginity, was brought fadly weeping to my Lodging; and as if I had really been her Hufband, came to my Bed side, began to embrace me, and besprinkle my face with her tears, thinking my Sickness was caused by her distains, and that her favours would also recover me.

Oh! Vain Women! Who is fo much a Fool as not to treat you as you treat us: I Sick? I Dye for Love? Are you in your Wits? Are you the descreet Lady? We shall see presently; I suffered her to use her tender expressions, let her cry and commit her Extravagancies, faigning my self so near death as not to know her. Now there were met together in this room a great company of my Friends, and acquaintance; and this feeming to me a good occasion for my Revenge, throwing off the Cloaths

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cloaths from the Bed with great imbleness, I leapt into the Floor, ady drest, and not a little gallant, hen seated my self in a Chair, puting them into no small admiration, and said thus:

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Gentlemen, all this was no more uta meer Drollery, an Amorous tratagem, I counterfited Love, ind twas but Waggary; I was med up in Madrid not in the Forrefts of Arcadia, and have learnt to beaware of Mischiefs, by other mens examples. This Lady, who for a thousand Excellencies deferves Veneration, was the Idol of mine; I loved her most cordially, and with no less respect, and causion; with a just end, and with a Now whilst she supposed I equalled her in riches, the almost equalled me in correspondence; but when the understood that I came fhort, 300

fhort, she took from me of her Love fuch a proportionable quantity as I wanted of Estate. I resented this, and having always been curious, and delighted to examin the reasons of things; I had a mind to know what they were, which had frozen a Correspondence so pure, and so well defended: To that end I faigned a Sickness at my Heart, yet have ever had it found, for though I might sometime have had wounds in it, yet disdains were a balm which comforted and healed them; think not then that there can be any Love without correspondence, for 'tis impossible. One Love calls another Love, one liking chains with it another liking; contempts only produce contempts; it is natural for every thing to beget its likeness. I was pleased with her, but not in Love; had some little Itchings after her, but

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but not enamoured with her: In my Will, I confess, I left her my y Heiress, but of Goods which I never was owner of. No sooner did he perceive me liberal, and rich, but her love was re-kindled, which lad lain hid amongst her kindnesses. Do not suppose me fortunate in my loves, for I never was fo : the never pityed me as being the Doctor Cenudo; but as being rich, she lamented me. It was not I, but my bundred thousand Duckats that enamoured her. My revenge might have passed forwarder, and I have Marryed her, she being rich, beautiful, and discreet, but that revenge would have been foundly to my cost; no, I am not for a Wife that dispiles me for the false shadows of Wealth. You gave me the name of Fool for my excessive Love, but you condemned me without hearing me; Now judge what you please

please of it, since you have heard

I had scarce said this, when the whole company burst out into laughter, for till then, Admiration had kept them filent. The Fair Ingrate was so ashamed at this accident, that without speaking a word, covering her red blushes with her black Vail, the in all haft went her The Physicians came prefently afterwards to ask if I was not yet expired; and feeing me well, sware they would burn all their Books: But every one applauded the action for the most pleafant that they had ever feen, or heard of.

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CHAP. V.

To Don Felix, the Fool gives account of his Love with Donna Dorothea, which was the principal occasion of this Discourse.

Ith this Conversation, the Doctor Cenudo diverted his sadness, which Don Felix listned to with great attention, being delighted to hear the ingenuity of his Stories, and newness of his Jests. And now that the Holy-days were passed, it seemed an unjust thing that Donna Dorothea should be cooped up in that restraint, which cost her Patents so many cares and tears. One

afternoon therefore, finding him in a better than ordinary humour, and proposing these inconveniencies to him, he pressed him, that he would tell him the Centre to which his intentions were directed. But the Doctor, who with a fair Wind was under Sail in his History, with the breath which Don Felix had given him, by his silence and applause, sware not to satisfy him in any thing, until he should have heard the rest of the Story of his Life, which was but little, yet neceffary for the bringing forth the birth of his conceit, that all his good haps befell him for being a Fool, and all his misfortunes for being a Wife-man; his misfortunes ('tis true) were not many, because his wife actions were but few; but his good fortunes were many, because his follies were many.

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Don Felix agreed to his proposal, intreating him to be brief, in regard that the case held him in sufpence, and suspence is the Martyrdom of the Understanding; the Doctor promised him, and proceeded thus. 'Fortune now called at my Dore with a pleasing countenance, It seeming to her that in me by my being a Fool, she had such a Mini-'ster of her Absurdities, that she 'needed take no care where I was, but might sheath up all her crosses 'and troubles, at least in the Pro-'vince where I should be a foolish 'Judge; fince I alone was fufficient for the scourge of a whole Nation. 'This blind Woman called to her 'remembrance, how well I obeyed her being Teniente, or Deputy, when 'I badly served the King, and with 'this, her confidence rested secure; 'for it feem'd she more follicited 'my advancement, than I my self; 6 but

but Heaven that hath as many eyes, as Stars, to look after the conservation of the World; forefeeing that it would remain idle, if I was permitted to be a Judge, and man of Power: because I flould not have left a man alive, on whom it might imploy from thenceforward its motion and influence; therefore prevented the danger, which was now threatned; and that too, with as much prudence and generofity, as 'as it is accustomed.

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'It happened then, that being one day in a Bookfeller's Shop, Fnear Sancia Cruze, I faw an old 'Priest dragg'd away to Prison, with great feverity, and with the Alguazil or Bailiff, that carryed him to the Vicars Prison, went an antient " man, who filled the streets with his clamours; crying, It is no fustice, "It is no Justice, that this shou'd be Ji fered e

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Suffered amongst Christians. I came frunning at the noise, and was scarce got to them, when the Priest that was the Prisoner, catching fast 'hold of me, said, 'tis he doubtless, 'although he has a Beard, without question 'tis he; When I saw my 'self embraced, and almost kist, by 'a Man whom as might be gueffed 'they were carrying to Prison for 'some hainous offence, I thought 'that he taxed me for an Accom-'plice in it, at which I was ready to lose my Wits, and began to 'cry out, I am not, (I vow,) for 'I'm a Son of very honest Parents, 'and would not have committed what you have done, for the whole World.

'The revengeful old Man, he 'that made the noise, asked me who 'was my Father? I much more enflamed with anger, told him, my 'Father was a very good Christian, 'and so taught me to be, and was

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as good a Gentleman, as who is belt, and never was said of him any thing that was not very holy 'and very creditable : They well know in Madrid who the Licentiate Don Diego Hernandez was, and 'if I have any thing of goodness remarkable in me, it is the being his Son; I had scarce said this, when 'the same old Man reply'd; He 'speaks truth, 'tis He, doubtless' tis 'He; and coming to me embraced "me very straightly: I that was still 'in my false suspicions, and believed that they meant to apprehend me, and that that was to hold me fast, and not to embrace me; began to exclaim, saying, I'le take my Oath "tis a false Testimony, for I'm an ho-" nest Man; at which the old Man that held me, brake out into a laughter, saying; by this out-cry 'I should have known him amongst a Quire of Singing-Men, for such · foolish

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foolish clamours could only come from Pedro Hernandez. Why Nephew (said the Priest) leave off your noise, and take notice that this Gentleman is the Executor of your Father, who dyed Judge of the Contratacion of Sevil, and comes to seek you out, to fulfil his last Will, and because I gave him not a good account of your Perfon, they were carrying me to Goal.

'I begg'd pardon for my surpri'sal, and after they had embraced
'me once more, we went to their
'lodging together, sending away
'the Bailiss; where being come,
'and all quiet, the good Gentle'man related to me, how that my
'Father, through the desire he had
'of seeing spain, and dying where
'he was born; had sued for, and
'obtained a place in the Contrata'cion of Sevil; to which end, ha'ving

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wing embarqued himself, and put to Sen, that in his return home-ward, my Mother had dyed, and he fell sick of so violent a disease, as that in three days after his landing at sevil, he also ended his life, leaving me in his Will, the one half of his Estate; the other being to be divided betwixt his other two Sons, which he had had in the Indies.

'I shewed the resentment due

for so great a loss, and gave Signs of more than I really had: By which I perceived, that when we lament some dead person, we do not grieve for the evil that hath befallen him; for if he go to Heaven, he hath had none befallen him at all; and if to Hell, neither doth he deserve to be lamented for, since he hath what he deserves; nor yet if he goes to Purgatory, in regard he hath hopes of Glo-

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'rie; we do not then bewail him, 'but our want of him, and if we 'want him not, we never bewail 'him.

'I, now seeing that at his death, 'he left me well provided for, was 'not much affected, but yet re'mained sad; considering that a man 'begins to die, when his Father, 'his Mother, or his Brother dies; 'they comforted me with discreet 'Arguments, but for the comforts 'of an Orphan, there are none so 'efficacious as Philippus Hispaniarum 'Rex stamped on the dead mans 'Cash, which he leaves.

'Afterwards, when the Gentle-'man faw me fomewhat comforted, 'he took out the Will, which he 'kept in a Cabinet, and paffing 'over fome Claufes, he read to me

one which faid thus:

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A Nd forasmuch as Pedro Her-Inandez my Son is an Ignorant, a Fool, an Ideot, and incapable of any Art, Imployment, or Trade, whereby to mantain himself, and live handsomely in the World; I make provision for him before his Brethren aforefaid, bequeathing him the one half of my Goods: And I will and require that one half of my Estate be given him, and settled for a perpetual Inheritance, to pass to the Ideots, and Fools, which shall descend from my said son, and not to the eldest by any means, unless he shall be a Fool, and uncapable; In consideration that he hath a better Inheritance, more happie and more durable, to whom Heaven bath given Wisdom, and Parts, to maintain himself, and raise him an Estate. And whereas my two Sons aforesaid Diego and Ferdinando, are persons able and sufficient to gain much

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This Sir, I had a mind to read to you, (added he then) that you might be comforted; no less than full Four Thousand Duckats a year Rent, are those, which for an Inhe-itance fall to your share, all well disposed in good order; for your Father (who now is in Heaven) settled his Estate with much prudence.

'Here you fee me Heir to Four 'Thousand Duckats a year, only 'by being a Fool; Do you think 'this was an indifferent action of 'my Father? Be not so ignorant, 'for how could he commit Follies 'who was a Judge? what is more 'just, than to succour them who 'cannot succour themselves? to 'leave Wealth to those who know 'not

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fure, that Clause seemed the most just, prudent, and holy that ever was made. The Executor and my Unkle having instructed me in all things concerning my Estate, and the means which I should use to receive my Ruents; afterwards the one returned to Sevil, and the other to Odin.

Then seeing my self Master of Four Thousand Duckats a year, I sold all my Law-Books, and sware never more to follow any Imployment relating to that Facultie whilst I liv'd. Now you are to know, that among all my Glories, the greatest which I ever desired, was to be esteemed by all sorts of People; and this sprang from the great esteem I always had of my self. The reason wherefore I call it, the greatest of my Glories, to be esteemed; is, because estimation

tion or love, as it is founded on meritorious parts, is a Sign, that the Man who is esteemed or beloved, hath eminent ones. Rich and great Men cannot make this tryal, because a rich Man may be 'esteemed for his Riches, but not for his Person, and natural endowments; Love may entertain it self with his Gallantry, Ornament, and Power, which being fo splendid 'and beautiful, beget more esteem, and love, than their Master, who perchance is a dull Coxcomb, and and of no parts. Amongst great 'Men there is the same dangers, be-'cause the respect which all pay them, rather feems a tribute of their fear, than of their love, which 'never was tributary to any.

'I encountred both these dan-'gers, and was much troubled to 'think, that being a Judge, or be-'ing a rich Man, I knew not whether

ther or no I had any true friends, or that I had only forced ones; I 'feared I should live in a perpetual errour with my felf in respect of false friendships, wherein great Men are lost, know nothing but flatteries and addulations. So I withdrew my hand from my pretentions at Court, and laid it upon emy Estate, concealing it with so great artifice, that no body but 'you, thinks I am any more than a poor Doctor : On this manner I enjoy all the Priviledges of Povertie and goods of Riches, without 'tasting the bitterness of the one, or of the other: If at any time I fuccour the necessitie of some 'friend, as I have not the opionion of one that hath much to 'spare, 'tis entertained with more gratitude; If I give any thing, it feems more than what it is, my clow Fortune being considered. There

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There is no cunning Thief meddles with me; at the report of my not having means enough for my felf; no Woman desires me for Husband, although she may wish I was her gallant, thinking I have not an estate sufficient, to keep her a Coach; these and other conveniencies I enjoy, by concealing my Estate.

'I keep two Servants of my own 'Humour, faithfu!, and ingenious; 'I have the House that you see 'adorned with Pictures, and Books, 'which flatter my Goust; no one hath yet seen it, I permit not 'any body to go into this inner

'Room.

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'In midst of this good fortune,
'I fell in Love with Doña Dorotea
'one morning, being St. John's
'Day, as she was walking like a
'Nimph, on the Banks of the *The River
'* Manzanares, to affront the Suns which passes

T Rayes, Madrid.

'in regard they kill'd, and kill'd at at small expence of their forces; her glaunces were fufficient for

any destruction.

'The time of the Morning, which now had raised Venus above the Horizon, seemed proper for Courtship, and opportune for the admiting of Lovers amo-

rous Caresles; I took Courage, fpake to her in that wanton Stile,

which the babes of her Eyes prompted

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'prompted me to; I found, I know not what welcome reception in them, which affured my hope; 'I followed her, learnt her House, 'the quality of her Parents, and fall other Circumstances; yet 'thought it not convenient to 'Court her in Publick, my Age and 'profession requiring the contrary; but found out a trick, how to vi-'fit her by night; for She, and her 'Mother, were great freinds of a 'Lady of my kindred, and by this means I easily had access to them 5 'so that that passed for courtesie 'which really was love.

'six Months are now expired, 'since I have wrestled with her 'disdains, and that with so much 'caution, as not only my Rivals, 'but even she her self, knows not 'how far the empire of Love is extended over me. I was fearful 'of incurring the like hazzard as

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's ship, she might make it appear 'Courtship; if courtesie, courtesie;

if Love, Love.

Goach; I feeing them ready to go forward, would not speak to them, but stept up into the Coach.

box, and the Coachman getting up on one of his Horses as it is

'usual, left me his place, supposing me

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'me to be the Gentleman-usher of those Ladies; I laid my ear to the 'window of the Coach whilst we were going towards the Carmelites 'Church, and heard this discourse: Why hath not (said the Mother) 'this Foolish Doctor been here to night? but he is elsewhere play-'ing the Wise man, I'le lay my life 'on't: What a tiresome Coxcomb he is? Is it possible any one 'should think to overcome us by 'meer Arguments, as he does? We are Women, not conclusions, 'Indeed (said Doña Dorotea) he is of a pleasant humour; I am confident he is now making Christmas Carols for some Zealous Nunn of his Acquaintance, for it is not possible, but such a talkative man must needs be a Devoto of the Nunns. What a confident Fool is he of his whimfies? he believes that with every conceit he

'he subdues a heart: 'Tis a wonder to me, to think that in fo much Schollarship, should be couched fo much Folly; Then how does he bedrivel his Chops at every word; God de-'liver me from fo Flegmatick a Fellow; For my part I am per-'s swaded, he expects at every sentence, the Auditors in his applause, should answer with an Amen. Has this man Meat to his 'Mouth? reply'd the Mother, furely if he had any thing to keep his Teeth in imployment, he 'would not be so vain: 'Tis meer hunger forces him to this. 'Nay there is nothing in the World, said Doña Dorotea, like the hearing him pave my Head

and Face, with all kinds of Stones;
The other day I kept account,
and found that I had by his
reckoning in my Eyes, Cheeks,

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'Lips, and Hair, above a Hun-'dred pretious Jewels. I affure you (faid the Mother at that, in a 'great laughter) he courts thee for 'Marriage, what fine folly is this? 'He is wondrous wife, certainly 'he knows not that the Licentiate 'Campuzano, has fewer words and 'more deeds; Come come, that 'man is tollerable; who though 'hebe but a conceited Asse, yet 'heisrich, and hath what we have 'need of; In good truth I resolve 'to tell him my mind, fince he hath' 'told me his, and we will strike up 'a match with him, out of hand; 'these matters admit of no delay; for men there are, who in the 'morning will be mad for Love, and 'after dinner more hard-hearted then Pharoah; to morrow he'l 'come to give us the good Christ-'mas, and in good earnest we will 'take it, and will make up the Match; T 4

Match; for thou art now grown a Woman, and it is a shame thou

6 shouldst be without a Husband.

6 At this, we came to the Church where they went in to Mattins, but I, in the dark, staid at the door, 'Muffled up with my Cloak, and in a brown studdy, finding my felf more touched at her scorns, then enamoured of her beauty, therefore projected my revenge, and thus it was: When they came forth; the Coach-man was onot there, for he was gone to the "Hermitage of St. Martin hard by, to clear his Throat with a glass of Wine. Pedro, faid they, bring the Coach forward ; I got up into the Coach-mans place, and

Curtains, for it was now past two of the Clock, and they feared the

brought the Coach for them to come in, they entred and drew the

charpness of the Air; I drave

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on the Coach, being full of rage and spite, and leaned back my ear to have drank in more undecivings, but they spake not a word, for they were both nodding.

Seeing them in this case, instead of carrying them to their own 'House; I brought them to mine, 'by the back dore, which in re-'gard it is on the right hand of 'this Street, and seems in the Porch 'somewhat like theirs; besides 'what might a little excuse them, 'drowfiness also deceived them; 'so they alighted, came in, and I 'presently sent away their Coach, by one of my Servants, with 'command to leave it at the dore of their house; and after that 'the other had carried afide Doña. Dorotea into a Private Room, by her felf, made handsome 'for her; the Mother was sent home in a Chair, in the very fame

fame manner as the Licentiate

Campuzano related to us here!

Since when, you have heard, and feen, all that which hath hape pened in this Room; Particularly the second day of Christmas, you knew the State of the fears of Dona Dorotea, and of her Parents. Iknow all that already, said Don Felix, and therefore admire you have so little regard to what is due 'to the quality of this Gentlewoman, that you so endanger her honour and credit, by a way, from which 'you draw so little profit. If she 's shall get any blemishes in her re-'putation, said the Doctor, and not deserve them, let it be at my cost: I will salve them up by Marrying her; but if she merit them, how am I faulty? This is Revenge, not ill usage; Defence, onot injury.

What do you mean to do with her,

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her, (said Don Felix) that you are become fuch a Tantalus, with your temptations before your 'eyes? I am in Labour (answered 'the Doctor) with a Thousand thoughts; God direct me for the best. I, my Friend, am a Modern 'Philosopher, and that you may not think it strange, you must know, that what the Antient Impostors 'called Philosophy, the Severe Ca-'stillians call Sloathfulness. Now 'I am of this Sect, and ever have 'an Eye to my quiet and ease; 'At all times when my nature in-'clines me to any entertainment, before I yield my felf for con-'quered; I make this compact with it, and say to it, Take care 'that I may be Master in my de-'lights, and that you give me plea-'fure, without Counterpoiz: Matrimony tis true, is a holy thing, but more holy is Matyrdome, and ends

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c tals.

'I could willingly thrust my self into holy Matrimony, being thus pricked forward with Love, as I am; if I might find in Doña Dorotea, any spark of that glory, which we call correspondence, which could we but be sure of, I hold it for undenyable that Marriage would be the most pleasant and happy state of Mor-

This is my Calm, this is my fuspence; for proof of this, I spend all my discourse; and for this reason, I keep the Delinquent Priso-

'Prisoner, untill she shall have 'stood the tryal of her Offence, 'which is great; for for her to en-'amour with ingratitude, is a 'crime of Falsity, which is commit-'ted, by adulterating the Seals of Love, fince nothing can enamour 'without Love; and she hath 'enamoured me, counterfeiting Love,

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Give me leave, said Don Felix, if you please, by the ancient Friendship which we profess, that Imay call Foolery what you have stil'd Philosophy, and may prove, that this, which you esteemed discretion, and have taken so much pains to express, is a most absurd Folly; For what Excellency, I beseech you, in your person can you pretend, that this Lady should bear you Love? you'l fay, because you are an understanding man; and it may be too, you'l fay

fay a Gallant. But let us stop upon the first: Either she is Wife, or else she is Foolish; if Foolish, she's blameles, because she is uncapable of making a good Election; or you are not her like, since you are discreet; if she be Wise, without doubt, she will not affect you; because she will consider, you have the repute of being a Poor man, or because it is the misfortune of the Wife, to be alwayes envyed of the Wise. Have you not observed that men of Excellent parts, have never been admired by others of Excellent parts; because every one would have the glory to himfelf, not some share of glory, but the grand title of Prime, Excellent and Only; besides we never desire what we posses; if this Gentlewoman be discreet, why should The defire a discreet Husband.

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If you were a Fool, and should not speak a word to her, but what was in commendation of her rare quallifications, and endowments; he would have reason to esteem you: For what Preacher is there who hath not a greater kindness for that Fellow-brother, who fits leeping the one half of the Sermon while, and the other half studdying Complements to applaud it: Then for some great Master, who carries away from him both the glory, and Auditory. Yet this baseness the most wise men have, that they know not how to make way for their own praise; unless they trample upon the heads of others; they cannot pass forward, without stumbling on him that goes before.

Your good countenance (for certain) could not enamour her; because hers is something better, and

and hath less beard. This you must consider, if any thing can make her in Love, it will be the feeing some Excellent thing in you, which she hath not, and she a mind to have it; for all defires are fo conceived: But you have been so great a Coxcomb, that having four thousand Duckats a year (which might make Four thousand Maids fall in Love with you, because 'tis a beautiful thing, and what every one has not) you not only, have not boasted of them, but have rather concealed them, Of what then do you complain? Study how to make her in Love with you, and fly not from one conceit to another, for so you will be accounted but a Mad-man.

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You say somewhat (said the Doctor very gravely) you say somewhat; this conceit hath not seemed ill to me, for 'tis new, handsome and

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and discreet. Be confident, you have spoken a thing, that were you a Stranger, would quallify you for a most incomparable man. I am confidering on it, and at every instant, it seems better and better; I fay, 'tis very well spoken; with great reason certainly you are my Friend; For there ought to be a Sympathy in Wits. I now yield my felf conquered, and confess I have been a Fool; and from this Moment, resolve to declare my mind fully to Don ! Dorotea, and to muster up all these advantages, wherewith of force, I must make her in Love with me.

But because this Yoak of Marriage, is wont to endure all ones Life, I would be glad to build on sure grounds; I will examine this Gentlewoman before hand, to know if Madrid hath not insused

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CHAP. VI.

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The Doctor makes tryal of the Constancy of Dorotea.

to get the upper hand of the Doctor, by force of Arguments; assumed fresh Vigour and Courage, to prosecute his Conquest; and one day determined to speak boldly to him, taking considence, from his Victory in the past encounters. He went then, carrying in his head his design, how to leave him reduced; and found the Doctor, with a little Book in his Hand, and with his Eyes sixt on the Joysts of the Room, so diverted, that he never

faw his Friend enter, nor regarded his courtesie, but was speaking aloud these frenzical words:

Not without cause, Oh great Son of Venus; Generous Heroe! The most Eloquent, the most High, the most Polite, and most Exquifite of all the Poets, celebrated thee; Not without cause, thou meritest the Pen of that Swan, whose Song is no conjecture, nor presage of Death, but an assurance of Life; which kills not, but rather Immortalizeth. This same is an exploit! This is a Victory! This is a Tryumph! I mean not, to have trod with a Scornful Foot, on the daring flames of that fire, which did not pardon the very brass; Not to have escaped the devouring Jaws of Scylla and Charibdis; Not the going down to the Dark Island, the Kingdom of Miseries; Not to lull alleep the Dog

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Dog of Hell, to entertain, and play with its furies, and to affright its Guards; Not to have vanquifled so many Armies, and in a strange: Country. In all these Actions he had competitors: Ulysses escaped the Dangers of the Sea with fewer Mariners: Hercules and Orpheus went down to Hell, and both without the help of witchcraft, or industry of sybill: Alexander made the most remote Kingdomes his own, by force of Armes: But to fly from a lovely, and amorous Woman, who with her Beauty, and her charms; layes as it were an Impregnable Seige of Diamonds; none hath done it, but thou, O Valiant, Eneas! Thou alone, thou alone, deservest the Sownding Monument, the Sweet Pyramid the Numerous Eternity, of the Incomparable Virgil. Oh that I might imitate thee! Oh that

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I might give occasion to the spanish Wits! that with equalidefire; if with less fortune, they might, from time to time, from generation to generation, declare this my Valour to posterity 5 yet there shall an Age come, wherein my Story shall serve for terrour, and admiration; the Aged Father, shall tell it to his hair-brained Son, to animate him by my Example to de-Spile Love: The lage Historianshall write it amongst the marvails of this Age, and Thall put applause and remark in clie Margent; with glorious attributes, to lo high a work. But whether 20 1? the Heavens I fear, will hot deliver me to the memory of men, with for much advantage, to be applauded and commended for my Want I shall certainly incult the hazzard of being accounted a Fool, in future Ages: They will call Dutiness in

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ne, what in Aneas appeared to be greatness of Courage; and yet, that is not what Ambition suggests to me.

But pardon, great Poet, for now I understand thee ; Now I know that in the closets of thy imagination, thou called'st his determinations Follies; It was a Dexterity of thy flattery, that undertook to lay heaps of precious Stones at his Feet, who deserved to be stoned; thou flattered'st Augustus at that time, making him believe it was a glorious thing, to be reckoned in the Rank of his Predecesfors; herein was a Masterpeice also of thy Wit; it was the Gallan. try of thy Eloquence, with falle colours to extoll naked Trunks, barren desarts.

And yet Claudian pleases me better, being a less flatterer and more free; he introduces Plato,

who

who in the midst of his blind Empire, asks a Wife of Jupiter, with the intreaties of a Brother; and forgetful of the inequality between his Kingdome, and those of the other gods; he is onely envious, he is onely angry, at the advantage they have of him, in having Wives: This he requests as in recompense of his troubles; With this he thinks, he needs not envy the Sea, nor Heaven, the Kingdoms of his brothers. What Heaven, like a Woman, beautiful, discreet and pleasing? Here the Eyes, portray the Stars; Here the Hair, resembles the Light diffuled abroad; The sweet Voice imitates the Charms of their Motion; and all the whole appearance, illustrated by a courtious pleasingness, is the Picture of the whole Heaven, when most Serene.

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Don Felix had scarcely heard him finish this rapture, when, laughing heartily, he came to the enamoured Doctor, and taking him by the hand, faid: This is what I fay, this is my Theam, pray let us understand one another better; You are in hast to come to your desired ends betimes, yet seek ways to go about to them. Make an end, Sir, why do you destroy your felf, with your conceits? You might have learnt experience from the evil, which threatens you, for being Wife; fince you have never been so by neglect in all your life, which has not left you a punishment for it.

'Tis not long (replyed the Doctor) since I was big with this thought, and cursed my Fortune, for bringing my Judgment to this estate of Perfection: for I assure you, I pass my solitary hours, the

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most troublesomely, with this my Judgment, since it is become Doctor, as can be imagined; for having it so lively, so swift, and so clear: nothing can be concealed from it. it comprehends and penetrates all The case stands so with me, that I should do much Injustice to my love, if I should think to avail my felf by discourse, I confess it possesseth me wholly, insomuch that it leaves no place for Reason, wherein to employ it self; You who are free from my passions tell me, not as a Friend, but as a Lawgiver, your Judgment in this; and suppose you are taking in your hands, a little foft Wax plyable and disposed to receive any impression or form; for I can promise you no small hopes of my cure, fince at least it is prudence to confels, that I my felf have none, and obediently to ask it of you. Don

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Don Felix taking hold of the liberty that was given him. There is onely one tryall (faid he) of Dova Dorotea to be made, which may give you any trouble; and that is to know if the be fickle, or constant. Let this be the trick; the thinks already, the is in some Noble-mans house. You may feign your self to be the German Amballador, and invite all your friends to Dinner; ordering them that they come cloathed like Emballadors of feveral Nations, as of Englands of France, of Savoy, of Venice, and of Persia; you may make them a splendid Banquets and let it be in a place, where the may peep and fee it all, and believe it to be real; this being done let mealone to tempther; as for the rest, the effect will show.

The Doctor embraced him for this Plot, and so well approved of

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it, that he said, By the Life of the Emperour, this is what I could have wisht for; and gave him in charge to invite the Guests, and provide them with Cloaths, at some Stage-players. Don Felix did so, and the next day, Eight merry Blades, met together in a Room, which was richly dressed up, where they all sat down at the Table in great State, to an excellent entertainment; and it was pleasant to see how well their disguise became them.

In an Inner Room stood Bona Dirotea at bo-peep, accompanyed by Don Felix, the counterfeit Steward of the German Embassador; she was astonished and almost distracted to see her self in that marvellous slavery, which Don Felix perceiving, said, Tis now high time, Madam, that you should know the end which your admiration may expect.

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Arnaldo Boni my Lord Ambassador of Germany, fell passionately in Love with your Beauty, one day when by chance he faw you, destroying the Gallants of the Prado with it; and being straightned betwixt his desires, and the Extraordinary Majesty of his Office, that would not permit him at your House, to wait on you, and court you, in obedience to his great Love; he determined by means of Servants and his Friends to steal you away; which he did as you know too well, it having since cost you many a sad Tear; yet would he not force your will, for it is no glory, among such great Princes, to use violence in Love: Therefore above all his Ambitions he defires you will account him for yours, and amongst other pledges which he gives you as a Testimony of his Love, he delivers you the

the excellent furniture, which you fee adorns his house; and promifes to make you so rich that you shall be coveted in Marriage, by more then a few Gallants; you are discreet and cannot choose but see, that in gaining so much, there's

nothing loft.

It seemed Don Felix infused shame in at her Ears, not words, by that which filled all her Face; but after it had given her leisure in her breast, to send forth her breath at her Mouth; with many Arguments intermixed with tears, (which not to make fad the hearer I forbear to relate) she made show of her noble Spirit, and of the greatness of her Courage; telling him, that Germany had not treafures enough, to recompense the least neglect of her chastity. Don Felix added threats, but it was but to add Snow to her; for they

to his Suit.

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The Steward left her, with gestures that threatned she should fare worse for this disdainful resolution; and coming to the Doctor of Germany's Ear, he told him somewhat in fecret, which invited the Curiofity of the rest of the Embassadors, to take notice of it, particularly that of the Great Turk; who holding a large Cup of Wine in his hand, to pledge a Health, faid, I swear by Mahomet not to drink this Health, till I know the cause that holds your Excellency in such suspense : The Doctor (fitting hid behind a huge pair of Spectacles, which covered his whole Face, and yet there remained Glass enough to have served his Neighbour) gave a good thump upon the Table, with which he threw down all on the Ground; and

and feigning a desperate passion, began to cry out, saying; Bring me her hither, bring me her hither presently, for I'le have her beheaded.

Don Felix came like an Executioner for the poor Gentlewoman, and had but little trouble to bring her, for fear had almost struck her dead, that she could only ask Don Felix, if the Ambassador was a Christian or not; and then was brought to the Tribunal, just at the time that the German was tearing for Anger a Flaxen Beard, Spick and Span new, which a little before had cost him a Crown; when Doña Dorotea faw fo violent a Cho. ler, she thought she had the Knife already at her Throat; and she thought not much amis, for the German no sooner saw her in his presence, when snatching up a Knife which by chance he found amongst the

the Fragments of the ruined Table, he went towards her, like an inraged Monster; But the Ambassador of France (who was a handsome man, and above all a Courter and Servant of Ladies) withheld his Arm; by which means, for that time, he suspended the Sacrifice.

They all then cry'd out, wherefore is this disturbance? why is all this uproar, before so many illustrious persons? At these reproofs the German Ambassador was a little calmer, and intreating their

Attention, began thus:

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I, by neglect, fell (not long fince) in Love with this poor pitiful Wench; stole her, and offered her the richest Jewels which I brought with me from Germany; but she is so Foolish, and so Stupid, as she answers me, That my Nation hath not a Jewel which can deserve her. This is it, that puts me besides

fides my felf; Let therefore the most Sober, the most Prudent, and the most Temperate of you all, judge what punishment she deferves; and let him first consider that this would be, to give place to too much liberty; if it should be permitted, that an inconfiderable Foolish woman, should stand it out against an Ambassador, and with to much impudence, to infift

upon her liberty.

Scarcely had the German Ambassador said this, when by strange Gestures, and mysterious signes, they all gave to understand, that the crime was notorious, and worthy of exemplary punishment; And after a little pause, the Persian Ambasiador who was a Eunuch, or at least appeared to to be; said, That it was very important, towards the publick good of all Nations; that, that woman, should

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be torn Limb from Limb, for being insolent, and a Rebel to Love, and Riches; and that every one of the Ambassadors should carry away his piece, to terrifie others with it. Another aledged that it was not needful, because there were not in the world, any more of that humour.

The English Ambassador (who was a Gentleman of a pleasing and milde aspect) said, That not only hedid not deserve death, but rather an imortal Statue of shining brass to be erected in her memory, for being the only contemner of Moneys. He of Venice was for making a Nunn of her, and drawing out of the Cloyster in her stead, the first Nunn that should come to hand.

On this hazzard, ran the life of the disdainful Lady; and after the final debate, it seemed the

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Most Prudent and Faithful Freinds, I have desired this Lady (the honour of our Age) with a perfect love; I have acquainted her with my desires, like a Lover; and have confirmed them, as a person of my quality ought to do; yet neither time, nor my kind treat-

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treatment, have been sufficient, to work her to favour me; There's no brass so hard, as her obstinacy; wherefore feeing that no intreaties, nor kindness could prevail: I betook my self to threats, and violence; Yet did but flatter my imagination, to think that fear could do more than Love; so that one remains as much ashamed, as the other is desperate. You have now been witnesses of her constancy, and courage more than humane. She hath passed such a Tryal, as might be said to equal, if not exceed, that of Lucretia and of Portia. But 'tis my misfortune, that I was never in Love [with any woman, though of never fo mean a Condition, nor never fo much unacquainted with Courtship; who became not colder then Ice to me. A Thousand times I have been resolving to compass my defires X 3

fires by Marrying, which although it be a hard Chapter; I shall do but as the Patient, who suffers his Arm to be cut off, to preserve his life; Mine knows not how to get reception, where this my enchantment is not: But her mean fortune contradicts this determination; she's a poor Woman, a Woman of a contemptible quality; and yet that's not to be confidered, if she be Discreet, if she be Beautiful, if she be Constant, and Chafte above all those whom Histories Celebrate. He who thinks that riches and Ornament of Soul and body may be found, in one only Subject, little knows the freaks and irregularities, of forture; fince he observes not, that she very seldom distributes her Treasure, amongst persons of the greatest deserts: Now he that hath but the least grain of understanding, may easily perceive that this

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high this being so, 'tis a happy choice which employes me, in the fovebut raign and chiefest goods; not in those which look on things variable, and unconstant. For this reafon I affembled you, for this reason Imade the shews of Anger, which so much have astonished you. The boasting of my greatness by my wealth, and by my cruelty, was not enough, to shake her constant and firme breast: What greater and testimony can there be of her veriftotue; and of the happiness of my choice? Tell me now your opinions; for although you think, you fee me byaffed, and altogether the for- swayed by my own appetite; I am that not so much, as that it denies me a her better Judgment, and more pruthe dent Counsel.

They all applauded the Doctors management of his plot, with great derthat figns of admiration. Is this the

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Fool?

Fool? cryes one. How few (fays another) have we in the World, fo ingenious as this man? Affuredly, continues a third, he has a notable head-peece of his own. Thus was his Doctorship commended, and extoll'd by all the Monarchies of the Universe; Who, at last consulting together what was fittest to be done, in this business; unanimously agreed and thought it convenient, to undeceive the afflicted Bride, by the Mouth of Don Leonardo; And that calling together the Friends, and Kindred of both parties, the Match should be made up. After which the Ambassadors took their leaves, and the Bridegroom remained well enough contented and pleased.

Now for a Poet, or one that bath but at any time spoken with a man, whose Genious lyes that way, to be able with lively Colours, to paint

paint out and express, the most sweet, most amorous, and most excellent conversation, that ever Lovers have had, since Venus and

Adonis, to this present Age.

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O Muse! if at any time, for fpight, or for thy pleasure, thou leftest off to be a Virgin; and out of Curiofity didst permit thy self, tobe carryed away with the allureing thoughts of Love; if thou wert at fuch time, at any amorous parly; Now is a good opportunity to enjoy thy felf; now thou mayst make oftentation of thy Skill, and glut thy felf with thy pleasures. But some Poet will fay, What has this Fellow to do to conjure the Muses, speaking in Profe? What need hath he in Profe to invoke the Muses affistance? Ill-conditioned Poet, if my Prose were as flat as thy Rhymes, thou wouldst guess aright. But

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I must tell thee, Poesy consists not in the gingling found, but in the loftyness of the Spirit, and Elegan-

cy of the Words.

Venus was risen upon the Horizon, and somewhat scornfully had turn'd her back upon her Gallant, the sun, dispersing her Loves amongst her Rayes, of which our Doctor had no need, and yet it feemed he drank them down. this might be his Thirst after these bold attempts. He went then, or rather his affections carryed him to the Lodging of the Confus'd Dorotea, whom he found fad and much afflicted. Our Gallants Face and Body now carrying no difguife on them; he faluted her in betwixt a fawning and timerous manner, as a New-com'd Suiter: Dorotea could not at first call him to her remembrance; the stories of her late-past fears, had so distracted her; ot

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her; but hearing his voice, she knew him by it, answering him, with a courteous and troubled gesture; and no sooner was she able to move her Lips, when fighing and lamenting she said; Art thou perchance, the Instrument, that these Barbarians have destined for my death? Pray come near; come, for I perceive already that you are Joyful, to fee the revenge, put into your hands, of my modelty and refervedness, which you will call disdain: But hear me , I beseech you, e're you execute the rigorous Stroak; and take notice before hand, that it is not to lesien my torments, but only to vindicate my reputation.

The Dactor was about to reply, faying, he came with a different purpose; But Dorotea, had in such fort her imagination possessed with sear, that even upon her Knees, with

Be not glad at this revenge (faid The) which in effect is not so, in regard it falls not upon an injury; You have courted me some few Months; you have a complaint against me, and a great one, that I have made no return to your courtship or desires: 'Tis an unjust complaint, for you have either defired me with licentious, or with modest ends: As to the first attempt, no reward is due, it deserves no gratitude; for 'tis a manifest injury, with a mixture of Treason; since it conceals Villany, under the covert of flatteries: To the second all is due, but with modesty; And in this, I have corresponded with you, which is the forced Eccho of a modest Courtship. Had

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Had it not been an undervaluing of my Love, if I should have shown my self easie, then when I had raised in you an imagination of my being impossible --? Had I not injur'd you, to set a low esteem on what you your self had so much extoll'd? And if this be pure Love, does not its self alone reward him who entertains it? fince 'tis so Noble that it illustrates all, and leaves to none any cause of complaint; by being of its own felf a reward, as all other virtues are: For it was a Providence of Heaven, not to suffer its own pledges to be rent in peices, and those also the most divine ones, by leaving them to the inferiour Jurisdictions of Fortune; whom Fooleries and Errors do for the most part please by Sympathy; and whom good actions displease and vex, by her Antipathy to them. Perfect

Perfect Love is enjoyed, and rewarded, only with loving, which is no vulgar reward; for he that loves intire perfections (according to the Laws of pure Love) doth intimate, that he himself also hath fuch perfections; and illustrious fame is attained, by loving those who merit illustrious fame; all other advantages, are likewise acquired by admiring such as have these advantages; Now is this any reward? Does it give any? You will fay, there can be no Love without hopes; and yet you will not fay so, if you understand Love, I mean legitimate Love; Love that merits this name; Not that adulterate, with a counterfeit name; which can boaft no fuch prerogative, as to be free from hope and fear, as this can; which neither hopes, nor fears, because it enters into the fruition of what it desires, immediimm This in th were it a g ed to and it fe onel ther and beer non but a pa Law the whi ther

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immediately, so soon as it is born. This gave it the Title of a Diety in the Golden Age, when hearts were more pure; Then they called it a god, because its miracles seemed to be the Privledges of a god, and amongst others, this of making it felf polleffor of all it defired, onely by defiring it. A man did then only desire to Love; he loved and possessed; which had not been Love, if he had defired more; At that time, this fury was but a sport; this Martyrdom but a pastime; because courtesy gave Laws, to whom she was rightfully the Law-giver; imposed precepts, which obedience executed; and there was nothing fo hard as not to obey.

Now revenge your felf, if you find occasion; I have comply'd with what I owe, that, that might not seem despair, which is missor-

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tune; with this I shall dye more contented, though more complaining. Here her tongue ceased, and her eyes began to do what she had done, they turned into pearls like her felf, no less winning, nor less pretious. Oh! how powerful are Eyes to perswade? How they can flatter, threaten, or complain!

The Gallant, at this remained without arms, and comforting Doroted, affured her, that he came not to take away her life, but to give her his; the coming better to her felf, although in great admiration; and as there is no grief, which leaves idle the curiofity and defire of knowing in women, she asked him the cause of that Novelty, who had brought him thither, or what business he had with her; which he fatisfyed as well as he could, with fine words acquainting her, that it had been

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fell 1 head befo he who had stollen her away, who had kept her concealed, and who had so affrighted her: mixing now and then, her want of Love, to sweeten the Fault.

Thus he gave her a full account of all his Chimera's, and told her of nothing for largely, as the fecret of his Riches, his being Master of four thousand Ducats a year, and the occasion of having kept them private; this he repeated many times, as if every Crown had been a shield in his defence; expecting that his Mistress would have stretched out her arms, to have embraced him, that the Fortune which he brought with him, might not escape her; and coming nearer, prepared to receive her: The Lady with a refolute Courage, gave him fo great a stroke upon the Breast, that he fell flat on the ground, with his head aking somewhat more than before.

Methinks (Friend Reader) I fee thee amazed, croffing and bleffing thy felf; which I should not at all be displeased at, if I did so for the joy I should have to know that thou art a Christian ; for I promise thee,I have so ill an opinion of thee, that I doubt whether thou art one or no; and if thou dost examine thy Life, thou wilt find it all along but ill-intentioned.

Thou standest laughing at the Fable, and fayest, Oh what a new fashion'd Aretalogue is this? But yet I know not if thou wilt fay fo or not; for it may be thou canst not tell what an Aretalogue is. Here, wilt thou fay, is a fine introducing of an accomplish'd Lady, and one that is a Maiden too; to whom, after he had feigned that her Servant hath been making boast of his Riches, and that he hath acquainted her with his defire to marry l she wit

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which very ry her; now he feigns to us, that she is disdainful, and breaks his pate with her Fist.

The case is; This is no Fable, speak civilly if thou knowest how; for I am not a man that am used to lie: This is a true History, and so true, that when I think on it, I am vex'd at the Soul with this Impertinent Doctor, and will keep him all the while I can, down on the floor, in revenge of his mischievous Jests; and whilst he's complaining and bemoaning himself, at this Coltish Trick; I'le have a sling or two at thee.

Behold thou, who (in thy lifetime) admirest nothing that thou hearest or seest, because thou thinkest that this would be to publish thy ignorance; I tell thee, that the Natures and Dispositions of men, which thou callest their Fancies, are very different in the world; and Y 2 the 324 The Fortunate Fool.

the world hath not any thing so beautiful as this variety; every one acting and discoursing accord-

ing to his inclination.

Oh what a secret I have told thee! and what a Treasure I have given thee, if thou knowest but how to embowel it! I have pointed thee out a thing, that were I a forreign Writer, I would rather make thee run mad, than reveal it to thee; I would put it into Cyphers; I would procure help of the Abbot Trithemius his * Stegono-

*Or the phers; I would procure help of Art of fe- the Abbot Trithemius his * Stegonocret Wri- graphia; I would command thee ting, Print to purge with Helebore, and afterdad, 1621. wards would leave thee as wife and

unsatisfied, as thou wert two hours before I found thee. But I am better natur'd, thou shalt know then that in all Moral Discourses, and in many of the Scicences likewise, the difference of Opinions, has risen from the difference of the inclinations of Writers.

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The Law is a faculty, which errs most of all, in the disconformity of Opinions; because it hath more of Morality than any other. Our understanding, if it were free from this embarrassement of Flesh and Bloud, without doubt would alwaies hit exactly upon the truth; for it naturally hath Idea's, Notions, or Forms of it, which serve it instead of Originals; insomuch that seeing it painted out in any Discourse, by comparing it, with its draughts, it knows whether it be that or no; but what hinders or molests it, is the affection proceeding from the Intemperance of this Vessel, wherein it is either preserved or spoiled.

I shall do thee a great kindness, to tell thee, that the intemperance of affections, does not arise only from the disproportion and discord of heat and moisture, (as the Peripatetiques fay) but from the stars; which, according to their Motion, Site, Aspect, and Nearness that they have; do influence on us Affections, Vices, and Natural Virtues; conformable and like to their Motions, Qualities and Natures.

The Understanding then guided by the Affections, discourleth alwaies like to the Affections, after the manner of a flattering Friend, (which thou mayest call discreet) who talking to thee, concerning that which gives thee most pleafure, applauds and admires it, be it never so ill contrived and preposterous. Thou wilt better understand me by Examples.

A man is born an Epicure, altogether a friend of his delight, of good Liquor, and a plentiful Table; he is of a pleasant conversation, peaceful, quiet, alwaies mind-

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ful of his own tranquility; and fo careful in this, that he's never troubled at the death of his Kindred, the mis-fortune of his Neighbour, nor the poverty of his Friend: The ambition of Glory, never disquiets him; he's drawn out by force amongst Tribunals, and to publick Solemnities; and unconcerned at the Government of the Commonwealth; In fine, the man is wholly for the delight of his Body, feeding, and procuring Mirth, and ever far from any other care. Put a Pen into his hand, counsel him that in regard he hath fo good an understanding, is so pleasant, and so ingenious; he write fomething that may serve for a light to others, not so happy; he's perswaded to write, and treat of the chiefest goods, and being only inclined to his delight, that Affection which this inclination imprinted in him, treats him as its Y 4 Scho228

Scholar, or its Servant; and causes, that his understanding flatters him, and gains a full Empire, even in the most sacred place: In the end, he writes, that the chiefest good, is to regale, and please ones felf; and from thence he runs into a thousand other Errors, as one that fuffers himself to be led by a Blind Man.

Chrisipus is born altogether wedded to his rest; wholly given up to Idleness; he writes of Vices and Virtues, and puts down Mercy for a Vice; commanding exprefly, that no wife man harbour it in his brest, because it pays badly for its Lodging, and disquiets too much.

Up starts a Covetous and Severe Law-maker, the very Difgrace of Nature it self; he finds natural Reason crying out to him, that to ferve is against his Laws; that men were born to command, unless they

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th n Ó tı be fools; who because they know not how to command, were born to obey; and being guided by his harsh and covetous nature, finds out Arguments, that it may be lawful, for some men to subject others, and to be served by others; to kill, and to destroy them; and without calling to mind so many reasons, as stand laying before him the contrary; being become a slave to his Affections, maintains that there ought to be slaves.

Yet there will one day appear a man so pure from all Clouds, and Darknesses of the understanding; as to declare, That the greatest good of Mortals, is Virtue; because it is a certain part of God: That the tranquility of the mind, consists not, in the pampering and delights of the Body: That Mercy is a Vertue: That Slavery and Servitude, Discord and Destruction;

are unjust, unless it be where there is no other remedy, and for avoiding of greater evils: That Reasons of State, for the most part have somewhat in them contrary to the Law of God, whereby they are discovered not to be Reasons.

You need no clearer demonstration, that Opinions most commonly are governed by the Affections; than the finding it established by Law, that he incurs the penalty of Death who shall steal his Neighbours Goods of Fortune: and of banishment, he that shall wound another: And in former times, In the ancient Laws, a Buffet, or Blow on the face, was punished (in spain) with the value of little more or less than * eight Royals. That a Buffet, the highest of Injuries, where it feems the works of God are defaced, by the hand of the Agref-

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the Agressor; when by Sacriledge, the Soul is prophaned, which appears with the greatest Glory in the Countenance; and that to be chastised with sollight a penalty! The Buffet, I say, which stains the honour and reputation for ever, to be fouldred up with Money; and Money punished with the Gallows, or an Axe! Money Itollen is not contented with less revenge than Honour and Blood: and yet Honour & Blood, are contented with Money, and so little as can scarcely be called Money, who doubts that the one injury was not greater than the other; by how much the good of the Body and Soul is greater than that of Fortune? Thus have our Law-makers had fuch ill and vile Affections, as that they have judged quite contrary to Reason; and yet thought themselves so wise, that they put this for a Law, and left it recorded for Justice. Which

Which being considered, never marvel at this Novelty of Dorotea, fince it contains a Mystery, and perchance Wisdom; for it is not of Necessity, that that only should be infallible and without all scruple, which the Vulgar admits of; Believe me, for the most part it errs: and if all the Vulgarities, which this evil Beast hath contrived, were laid open 5 thou wouldst fee how many ignorances they contain, and how ignorant thou art in following them. Now if thou thinkest that this is Sophistry, or force of Arguments; there's a good remedy: Hearthis Maiden, in whom Reason speaks without Artifice, and thou wilt remain well fatisfied.

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CHAP. VII.

The Doctor carries on the Discourse, and the History is continued; wherein the Fool is made wise.

F Wills could be fold (faid the singular Damosel) as other Goods are; mine would run the hazzard, of being triumphed over by your Friends; But the Laws will not suffer that things facred, should be exposed to sale; because he that sells, contemnes, and slights, as declaring that he hath no need of what he sells; or at least, that he esteems more the price, than the Jewel. The Will

is facred, therefore expect no fale of it; It may sometimes suffer it self to be alienated, I confess, but not into prophane hands; only into those of anothers Will, against which no priviledges avail, by rea-

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You, Sir, have no Will, nor Love, which can stand you in stead, towards the promoting what you pretend to, I see it in your affections; for, for you to endanger the loss of my reputation, to bring me to the very point of Death, and to threaten violence; favours more of abhorrency than of Love. You know this affection but ill, if you call it blind, and think to advantage your felf, by the Pictures which represent it to you, with a Scarfe before its eyes, amongst your Comrades; fince that is no Emblem of Blindness, but an evidence of its having the very property

perty of a Lynx: In regard it acts what it will, in despight of its Scarf; Hoodwinked (as they say) it procures its ends; This is then the Glory, and Excellency of the Eyes, to work blindfolded.

I will never yield up my felf to that man, who affifts himself with power and deceit, to conquer good liking and Loyalty: Neither would I have you to think, but that I esteem more of my self, naked of these Goods of which you boaft, than of you cloathed with them; for if at any time, they are to be esteemed, it is only when they ferve to celebrate some pretty Stratagem; not when they attempt to call out for Empire, and to require subjection. I shall live happily with him who shall be my Equal; you cannot be so, because you want as much to equal me, as you exceed me in Riches; since therefore for

for them you are such an impudent Clown, pine away, and die with-

out hopes.

She had faid more, the fense of feeing her self thus affronted, and mocked, had so much transported her; had not the Doctor interrupted ber. If you have thought (faid he) that there can be a durable Love without correspondence, you have been deceived. Never fear, Madam, never fear, you shall be beloved with excess, when you can abhor with excels: I confels my obstinate persisting herein, hath done me but an ill Office, and branded me for a Fool, for defiring one who cared not for me; but this hath not been without mi-Whilft I had hopes, I engaged my felf in all occasions, which might assist me towards the obtaining what I hoped for; but now, that instead of Flowers, I gather

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ther Thistles: Now, I say, that I discover your deceitful humour, and that your Coldness is not Modesty, but meer Hatred; Never believe, that I shall be so Marble-like, as not to change; and be sensible that from henceforward it is Dissimulation, what hitherto has been Love.

If some Suitor should at any time trouble you with his Courtship, after he is repulsed, or discarded; do not believe that this is Love; for it is but a persisting to trouble you: Neither accuse him of being facil and changeable, if he doth not Court you still; for this is Courtship and not Coldness; He obliges you, in not seeing you, if he thinks, he troubles you, when he sees you. You may be certain, that in all this, you have not run any hazzard, in your reputation; for herein (as you say) my Love

hath been a Linx, since it hath looked so carefully after it. Return home then to your own house, and suppose that you are Mistress of this which you leave, without more obligation of pay, than your having entred into it, and the knowing you have power to command īt.

He had no sooner ended this; when calling a couple of Servants, and whispering privately to Don Felix, who came with them; he took leave of her, not without admiration of those who beheld it.

It being now night, they carried her, or rather she walked home, waited on by Don Felix, and other Servants; who as they were instructed by the Crafty Gallant, left her in the Porch of her House; where we'l also leave her, going in, and crying for joy, with her Father, Mother, and Kindred, to their great

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ed Far great satisfaction; It not being my intent to trouble my self, with painting out tears, nor whinings; since greater matters call me ano-

ther way.

Fame divulged this Heroick Action, of the Doctor's, amongst his Friends; who put a high esteem on him for it; and there was none, who did not Graduate him for an Ingenious and Wife man; The Chronicler also being his Friend, was a help in the augmentation of his Applauses; so was Don Felix, for he at no time related it, that he did not extol him to admiration: He would stay sometimes to tell the conceit, and then annex a hundred other pleasant ones to accompany it. Fortune surely bears a share, in things that are spoken well, and inactions that are nobly performed; and distributes good or evil Fame, amongst us, as the doth her other

other goods. The Doctor's increasco like Froth; nor was there any discourse of Mirth, in which (without naming the person) he was not talked of. At the report of this Story, a certain Lady would pretend, she could not endure to hear of it; This worthy Lady, Madam Fantastical, would not for sooth, allow by any means, but that Suitors should remain constant to Eternity; notwithstanding all the scorns and frowns which often distract some, and almost destroy others of them: Her fancy truly carries no Reason with it, if she likes not to see a love made, or marr'd in fo short space; Let her therefore (I advise) improve her opportunity, or she may stay till Crabs grow at her heels, e're she get a Servant to fulfil her Whimfie.

All the Doctor's Friends were one night met together, at his house

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to make merry, and to have a Game at the Play called * El Hombre, or * A Game the Man; Some played, others ar Cards. looked on, and the Doctor happened to be El Hombre. One, amongst the rest, who was a pretender to Wit, and delighted more to quibble on the talk, than mind the play; being unwilling to lose the opportunity of shewing his rare qualifications, faid; It is with reason, Sir, for you (as truly as any in the world) may fay you are a man, fince the ingenuity, which you of late days have shewn, is much of a man, and of a very discreet man: They took occasion then every one of them, to commend him, running on in that Subject a good while, which at last was closed up; all concluding that this had been the most discreet action, they had ever heard or feen. The Doctor (modestly & with a grave look)check-Z 3

ed them; and afterwards told them, 'Tis well, faid he, you jeer me with this, for discretion; I being so cry'd up a Fool: suppose it rather a thing inconsiderately done; or else attribute it to my Love's leaving me with such ease; for this is also the property of Fools, Here they were all in a Hubbub, and with a loud noise, not without some Oaths, made him believe he was as wife a man, as was in all the Walks of San Felipe. One of them that was a pleasant witty Fellow, faid, This is no ill scruple, which Mr. Doctor has objected; he may well be jealous of his Reputation, and I find no other remedyfor it, than to Graduate him a wife man, fince we have amongst us Doctors of Discretion, here are Poets, here are Criticks, here are Flatterers, and here are Wits; there's nothing wanting.

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I accept the favour, faid the Doctor (with a cheerful countenance) with all my heart, that we may leave off this Play; for 'tis a terrible thing for any body to be El Hombre, 'tis enough to make one tremble with fear, and in the upshot

it will cost him some Moneys.

This is a very old complaint, said another, and we can do no less than give you your degree; yet do not suppose it done on a sudden, without forecast; for I have brought in writing the Laws which you must keep to be accounted wife. Then it seems, said the Doctor, you came not to make tryal whether I am a wise man or no, but to dub me one, as they dub a Knight: Truly thisis the most certain and easie way; for I assure you, there are few in the world, who merit the degree of a wise man; but just as at the dubbing of some Knight; what famous

mous Actions he hath done, are not looked after; 'tis sufficient if he beable to perform any, and that conjectured too by his Auncestry; and are contented for the present, with instructing him, what he is to do, to comply with the Order of Knighthood; nevertheless this is a great honour, and worthy of much estimation: So shall I likewise remain highly honoured with your dubbing me a wife man; fince at least you assure me that I may be one; in regard you see some glimmering in me.

Let this ferve for an Oration, faid one of the briskest, and taking a Book called Lope de Vega's Playes, he made him kneel down upon his knees, giving him, with it, three blows on the Forehead, faid, Doctor Cenudo, wilt thou be a Wise man? To which he answered, I will. Then added the other, God

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make thee one; for I cannot.

All commended the Ceremony, and the *President* gave command that every man should sit down in his order, to hear the *Constitutions*

of Discretion.

Here happened a great Dispute betwixt the Poets, and the Pretenders to Wit; which should have the chiefest place: The Batchellors of the Silver Order, Devoto's of the Nuns and Ladies, confidering upon it, faid, that to them it was rather due, as being the very Map of Discretion: But the President or Chair-man determined, that they should give the chiefest place to the Poets, because though they knew not. Discretion, at least they taught it. In the end, being all feated, the Constitutions were read almost to this effect.



LAWS and CON-STITUTIONS of Discretion.

VE Discretion, Queen and Mistress of all the Universe; To you the Wise men of the first Classe, Povices of the strict order of knowledge, Understanding and Univers: know that Relation hath been made to Us, of the Excesses & Absurdities which such of you as are Lovers of pleasant Conversation, do commit, and have committed, by inventing new ways of Speaking and Doing; from whence hath resulted, and doth result

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Wherefore for redress of your
Disorders; We do establish and
ordain the following Laws;
which you chall know, and keep,
under pain of our Displeasure.

IN the first place, Because Experience bath shewn us, that the having a bad Tongue, being a busie Censurer of other mens Adions, is not Wit, but ill Intention 5 And that notwithstanding the faults. of men are many, and grievous; the the ill Tongue does but only relate them. We ordain, that such call not themselves, nor may be called Discreet, but meer Fools for ever : And that without suspition of Malice, any one may impute as many more faults on such Ill-Tongues or Backbiters, as he or. they did relate with an ill intention ... For the delight of this perverse Pec. Dle

The Fortunate Fool. ple is founded in the procuring comfort to themselves, in respect of

their own faults, by relating other mens; and for certain they would not seek for comfort, unless they were

comfortless.

Item, That every man of Civil Language may doubly be called both Wise and Elegant.

Item, That no man who is about to be marryed, or is in Love, may be wife, during the time that his amorous Fits shall continue, on pain of being accounted a Clown, a Coxcomb, and a Flatterer.

That no wise man keep in his House the Academy of Complements, nor any Formulary of Letters; neither write after the common and ordinary stile of all men: because we shall think that he knows no better.

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The Fortunate Fool. 349

And because we are informed, that in the Visits of Courtesie, or Complement, there are committed many notable and gross absurdities in unnecessary Questions; We command, that it shall not be lawful, to ask any hand som Woman, or any that thinks her self so, If she be in health: because to doubt it, is as much as to say, she is unhand som.

That, there being two or more Visitants, come in at several times; he be obliged to go away first, who came in first; on pain of three years being esteemed a Clown; or esse according as Our pleasure shall think fit.

That to such Visits of Court ship, no man may go by night in a * coloured * This is Cloak, in a Band, nor with a Buck-the nightler: on pain of heing accounted a dull garb of such as would in Spain be esteemed Valentons or Hellors, Fellow, and one who can invent no better Discourse, than of his own Valour, and Atchievements.

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That no one presume to boast, that he is of a Melancholy Constitution; thinking thereby to make us believe, he is very wise; unless he be hollowey'd, Beetle-brow'd, Lean-jaw'd, and Thin hearded; or shall have but little money in his Purse: for such have Licence, not only to be Melancholy, but also to boast of it.

That none show courtesse to one that sneezes, since he deserves it not; forasmuch as we are informed, by grave Physitians, that sneezing is an expulsion of humid excrements; and every expulsion of Excrements is unmannerly.

That no discreet man shall dare to know how to make handsom Legs, dance,

dance, sing, nor play upon any Musical Instrument; neither to snuff a Candle, cut a Melon, nor carve a Fowl:under the penalty of being suspended from his Office.

That they speak not with Thrum ends of Poetry, nor Raptures of Rhetorique; but Christian-like, as their Consciences shall dictate, and as their Forefathers (who are dead and gone) did teach them.

That they keep no set bours for Dinner, Supper, going to bed, nor rising ; but that the appetite, and Will, to one and the other, appoint the hour.

That he believe nothing that shall be told him, unless it be a Mystery of Faith; but we give leave that for Courtesie, he may make them think he believes all they tell him.

time, according as he shall see the season hot, or cold, without considering whether it be Winter, or Summer: because that day is really Summer, which is hot; and that Winter, which is cold.

Item, We command to blot out of the wise mens Vocabulary, all Ontlandish Words, as Latin, Italian, Portugueze, Gallegan, and Moorish: forasmuch as the Spanish Language of it self is Copious, Nest, Sweet, and the most Polite of all other Languages.

That they wear no Jewels of Diamonds, nor Emeralds; when they can wear them of Glass and Pebles; in regard they are cheaper, and shine all alike.

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mal Courtiers, that they cool not their Wine at Christmass; for some there are, who, when their Bottles are so frozen, that tis a wonder to fee; the Wine being as cold as an Isicle, will jet cool it more.

That no wife man dare to have Great Eyes, a Little Forehead, Flaxen Hair, nor a Round Face; on pain that no one shall know him.

That if, being in visit with some persons of Quality, there should be brought to him a Letter, and heopen, and read it immediately; We do absolve him of the unminnerliness at the very instant; because he may not stand in pain, and doubtful.

That no discreet man ask any persons what they have eaten; nor tell them what he hath eaten; because these Discourses are only fit for Gluttons.

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That they talk not to one another concerning new Fashions of Cloaths, and Dresses; since this is reserved for young Ladies.

That he mind not old superstitious Fables, Dreams, nor Southsayings; on pain of Our Curse: And We declare for Publick Fools, any that commit such a Crime.

That none believe that there is virtue in Stones, unless they be Diamonds, Rubies, or Emeralds, and other Precious Stones, which are sold to Jewellers; or those which being thrown, brain an Enemy: Nor in Herbs, but such as the Apothecaries sell, since they have the virtue to make them rich: Nor in Words, except they be promises, which shall have virtue to give dead Dogs.

Let them not be Boasters of their Blood

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Blood or Linage, by any means; nor meddle in reckoning up their Pedigrees, or bragging of their Geniility; on pain of being accounted Upstarts', Braggadocio's, and of ill intention.

And because some hold it for an Elegancy, and Ornament of Speech; now and then to throw out an Oath; We declare them for Fools, founded in Blasphemy; and command that they enter not into any Civil Society.

That none speak ill of Women, although they deserve it; considering it is but ill Merchandise, and is not fold off of hand, except it be praifed.

That no one presume to have a Mother-in-Law, though it should cost him the not being married in all his life; Aa 2 for 356 The Fortunate Fool. for in our Council, shall be taught him a Trick, how he may live without one and the other.

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That he feek not preferment to Offices, without Favour; nor Court a Lady without Money.

That no body, know from himself, he is wise; but that he know it of all.

The new made wise man promised obedience to the Laws, and began to appear one, amongst his
Friends that night; giving them
a splendid Supper, where the seasoning of the Jests, was no less
pleasing, than that of the Dishes;
of which I do not make any larger
Relation, for fear of provoking thy
appetite to them: Tis enough for
thee to know, that the Supper did
sufficiently

fufficiently satisfie a Legion of Poets: which is as much Glory, as was ever related of any Supper. So they made an end of that merry Bout; and so ceased the Doctor Cenudo to be a Fool; and began the Office of a wise man: Mind me what I say; for Courtship and Discretion are not Graces, but Offices, and perchance of those who vend them. When thou shalt hear say that Mr. Such-a-one courteth Madam Sucha-one; do not for that think he is altogether a Courter of Ladies; for in this manner you are wont to ask, What man is this? what person is that? so as it is only to be understood, he has at this time, that occupation or Office of a Courtier. You may suppose the same from henceforward of wife men, and let it be on my account. Would you be a wise man amongst a hundred wise men? Give them a good Sup-Aa3 per,

per, and you shall see, that although you were an errand Pack-horse, they will commend you, seeing you loaded with Turkies and Partridges.

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CHAP. VIII.

The Doctor Cenudo is apprebended at the Requestof his Enemies.

Flash of Lightning, so boasting of its power, that intending to kill, it would endeavour to destroy with out noise? At the Pistols, Muskets, and other such like Instruments of death, we need not wonder; for perchance it was the desect of the Artisteer, which could not make them silent, as the valiant are: But what I am consident of, is, that Nature contrivid to temper the ma-Aa 4 lice

lice of the Lightning, with the scandalous ratling of the Thunder, as being forry for its formation, and thereby adviling the world, that they should get themselves under Oh! how penetrating would Love be, if the noise of it should not cure us: Assuredly Mistress Finical, if you brag of your Beauty, and the Rayes of your Eyes, that they are able to kill with Love; yet the noise (I must tell you) will help us to escape you; or at least, will bring fuch a blemish on your Reputation, as we shall fully be revenged, and so cry quits with you; for what would become of us, if it should be otherwise? How freely would you make your thot? if, as you know the Bullets kill us; you knew not likewife that the Crack and Smoke foyls you.

Dorotea (with blushing Cheeks) told the whole story to her Father

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and Mother; and had no great trouble to make them believe her; for as being a part of their Soul, they understood her Manners, and from thence were allured that there was no forcing her Will: But she fatisfied not the World fo eafily; who knew the Nights she had been lamented for at her own house, and made much of at another's. In fine, the Voice is Wind, it is blown about in the Wind, a Mass is made thereof, and is given to all, and difpers'd into every part; for what does not the Air penetrate? and the voice carries no greater body than the Air.

The Licentiate Campuzano our Andaluzian Gallant heard it, and who so well able as he? who was all turn'd to ears, since he had been made such an As of. Oh! what do Fools lose, by being consident! for in effect they lose more than they have



have: Confidence had made our Arrogant Andaluzer conjecture all that beauty of Dorotea's to be his own; and he was so possessed with this Fancy, that the day in which. he had notice the Lady was stollen away, he undertook her fearch, on his own account; and let himself think, she had been stollen from him. Confident Fool, was it not better to imagine she was not thine? as really she was not, whereby in case of her loss, any injury done her, or any contempt put upon her; thou wouldst not have had so great share in her Sufferings, nor wouldst thou have thought they had taken her, as it were out of thy Bed from thee; And now that I am talking of Licentiates, I speak to Gentlemen, you who sue for Offices or Preferments, do not sue for them as Campuzano did to Dorotea, that you grieve not, when you find

find your felves mocked; but provide your felves beforehand with patience, by knowing that they are not yet yours; and if they be given to others, they are not taken

from you.

He was now become a Lion, as to Courage; and perceiving that he wanted Paws to prey withal, he contented himself with roaring, though foreagainst his will; but in that manner he accosts the Justice; affirming, That the Doctor Cenudo was a Conjurer; that he kept a Familiar; and that he daily committed a thou-Sand violences, by virtue of Witchcrafts; That he ravished Maids; made himself Master of other mens wealth; and other Miracles which his fight dictated. To all which a Teniente gave him credit, and went out by night, to apprehend the Doctor, earrying a great Guard of Alguazils, and other Officers with him,

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him, as also the Licentiate himself for a Guide.

These beset the Doctor's House on all fides, called at the door, and giving (by Campuzano's advice) the name of Don Felix, to facilitate their entrance, it was opened to them; and leaving order for some to stay there below, the Teniente went up, and came to the Doctor's Bedfide, where he found him fast afleep, and fearing that if heshould awake, he might affift himself with fome Spirit, he commanded four Serjeants or Bailiffs to shackle him quickly, who presently obey'd, and would have done as much if it had been to four Devils.

At the noise of this, the miserable Doctor awaked, and seeing himself seized and bound on that manner, and all his Chamber full of Halberds, being amazed and affrighted, he began to recommend him-

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Dungeon; which they did: And *Or Atthe Teniente stayed with a * Scriva-turney.
no and other Officers, to find out

the Charms, Vows, and Instruments of his Witchcrafts.

To which end he sent several of his Attendants over all the House, whilst he still continued with the Licentiate, and the rest of his Train above; who casting their Eyes on a Cabinet curiously wrought, which stood at the Drs Beds-head, broke it open, suspecting they might find some

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fome Charms in it; the Teniente examined the Drawers, and discoursing with Campuzano, asked him if he knew what kind of things Conjurations were; the Licentiate told him, they were certain Prayers or Invocations in Rhime; and that in a Commission, which he had once against a Company of Witches, he had attained to much knowledge concerning them; and if it had not been the Teniente, he would perchance have made him believe he himself had been a Wizard.

They were in this talk, when in a Drawer, they espied certain Papers, of which Campuzano reading some scraps, cried out, These are Rhimes; As I live, we have found out now the Conjurations: The Teniente who knew as much of Conjurations, as of Rhimes; and had a great desire the Rhimes might prove

prove to be Conjurations, that he might make a Holiday, and day of fport for the rude Rabble in the great Market-place; after he had often croffed himself, and said some Devout Prayers, and renounced the implicite Compact, which they might possibly contain in them; and declared fully and plainly that it was not his intent to do ill to any one, by reading those Papers; neither to raise up any Spirit to converse with; nor make the Devil take any visible shape: He began to read the first Conjuration, according to his Mistake, which he found faid on this manner

Look down (thou faithless Mother of Love) and see The humble Suppliant of thy Majestie: And though I with no golden Shrines

appear,
At least I come surcharg'd with grief,
with scar. Take

260	The Foutewate Fail
	The Fortunate Fool.
Take ba	ick these slowers, scarce wak'd
1	y'th' morning Sun,
This ho	pe cut off, so soon as 'twas be-
8	un 3
Since I	being at highest pitch of bliss
	attain'd,
I find t	by promise broke, thy Colours
Anna J	tain'd.
300	declared to
Hencefe	orth thy barren Favours thou
	maist bring,
And the	em distribute to some happier
. Y	Spring;
	Ist they press so bastily on me,
My fall'	more violent than it would
	bc.
	** - 12 judy#,
1.1 1:0	Al Gunting list about 10
ana 15	the Crueltie which thou dost
J	end
Have no	t had power enough my life to
e	nd;
It is beca	ause the fright hath given me
	Balm
And tou	ght me how to lead a life more
	alm. Does
, 6	um.

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Does your Worship observe, said Campuzano, the Sacrifice which this Villain makes to Venus? Mind here, the Obligation which he presents her with in this Conjuration. The Teniente was amazed, and having but little skill in Conjurations, the simplicity and ignorance of the Licentiate Passed with him for currant; so he read on further.

An Allegory of the Madman which Horace painteth out.

He, who, hy framing in's distracted mind

Pleasing Idea's, full content could find;

And though's Chymera's did succeed in vain,

Smeet Adulation made all well a-

Bb

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Illustrated by light, and brought to

He chides his Fortune for her trayterous play,

That from a place of Glory so sublime, Had tempted him to a less happy Clime.

Lay, CINTHIA, thy deceitful pen-

Which feign so easie this my misery; They'sfreetly draw what's cruel, sierce, and wild.

And make that rude, which gentle is and mild.

Let no false Gloss over my griefs be spread.

But faithfully let them be coloured; For Painting Steals, when it advantage spies,

Disguise from Truth, only to blind our eyes.

Here

Here the ill intention of the Reader was more clouded, and he faid; For these occasions it is good to have studied Humane Learning; who would have hit upon it besides my self? Take notice (Señor Teniente) of this Conjuration which he makes to the Moon. To the Moon? replyed the Teniente, I see no such thing; neither is there a word here whereby it may be conjectured.

The Word Cynthia, replied Campuzano, does not your Worship consider that it is an Invocation of the Moon or Diana, whom the Gentiles adored by the Name of Cynthia, for having been born in the Mountain Cynthus? With this respect therefore he invokes her, as the ancient Magicians did, that she should come down to moisten and give virtue to the Herbs, of which they are to compound their Magical poisons.

Bb 2

The Tenjente believed him, and I must tell you, that I am half asraid lest the Reader should also believe it: But not to speak more of the Herbs:

You are to know(friendly Reader) that all Herefies of the world have had the same beginnings, as these Madnesses of Campuzano. Here you fee him with a good reputation, in Madrid, and such a one, that depending on it, he sues for preferment; but becoming jealous, would revenge himself; and this Blindness makes him believe, that a Copy of Love-verses are Magical Charms: Who would think this of a man so practis'd in Learning? Did you not hear him discourse with the Doctor Cenudo, at the visit of the Machines? Did you not just now observe him shew his Schoolship with the Teniente? Then what can we think should be the reason of this blindness, but that his jealous passion carries him on hood-wink'd.

Discretion, Learning, and Erudition, are with men, like Clothes, handsom dreffing, and Gallantry: Put me a rich Sute of Clothes on a Crook back'd man, or on a tall Lubber, whose Soul forgets it feet, by reason of the great distance from them; let him walk in the ftreet, and it shall not seem that he goes, but that he is carried ! Drefs him up, without sparing Fashion, Curiofity or Expence, and you will fee how ill he fets them forth; and, that as though the Clothes should carry him, and not he the Clothes, he marches disorderly, indecently, flovening and clownishing difcrediting the Nobleness, and Gallantry of the Silks with the baseness and unhandsomness of the Motion. On the contrary, and but :

Give me in an ill Equipage, 2

B b 3 Youth

Youth' all Soul, all Air, and more than Air; only with a Baies Sute, and that ragged too; that he may fet forth his condition; turn him into the street, let him display himfelf, put his Gloak in order, and so dispose himself like a Ship under Sail, playing with the Wind, and I am consident you will be so much delighted with him, that you shall never mind his thred-bare Clothes; so are the Wits of the world.

Many men there are that make themselves fine, that learn, that watch, that study all their life, without suffering an hour to pass idly; but have so little of air and wit, that they soil and darken all; and tis the same thing, for Learning to be in them, as in a Book we must fearch them, and turn over their Leaves to pump out any thing from them; and when it comes, pray God it be to be understood.

There

There are others with very little Scholarship like your thred-bare Gallants, but so ingenious, witty, pleasant, and eloquent, that with something which they have learnt at a Play, or heard commended in a Discourse, or observed in some small Book, they set themselves forth, become so airy and resplendent, that they draw all admiration after him.

Señor Campuzano (to come to our Story) had a Wit so ill contrived, that after he had done, what he could, to procure the furnishing himself with Gallantry, he was but a Pack-horse loaded with it, not a Gallant.

Of these the world is full, and such is the Ignorant Vulgar, that only for hearing say, They have a great many Books; They take a world of Bb 4 pains;

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pains; They have their Degrees, and other Titles, which give no wit, by all means they esteem them for wise

prudent and discreet.

I should have been glad, Senor Licenciado Campuzano, that you had not been born in the pride of Andaluzia; to let you see your Errour, and tell you that those Papers which you stand poring on are not Conjurations, but handsom They would have paffed Verses. on further transported with their Devilish sweetness, if at that instant there had not come up some of the Ministers of Wrath, who had been fearching the House, more to find out, if there was any thing for them to prey upon, than to make any difcovery of the Accusation: These brought in a great number of Clothes for Devils, Foxes Tails, Wolves Heads, Sculls, and other fuch

fuch Trumpery, and pieces of Machines; for to tell you plainly, our Doctor was not a Conjurer, but a man of a pleasant humor, that with ingenious Artifice, delighted to revenge himself of the troublesome pess of Ignorant People.

To make short, the third day after, like one that had been under water, he appeared again at the top, remaining free from that accusation, by the good diligence of Don Felix, his faithful Friend, who giving him an embrace, presented him with the welcom tidings of his liberty. He wondred to hear it, not that his Innocence did not secure him, but because the Negotiation seemed very short.

Don Felix satisfied all his doubts, not without some laughter, relating him all the Passages of the Process, and

and particularly the last means by which he had overcome all; which was, his having alledged and proved against the whole Charge of his Acculation, that he was AN IG-NORANT, a FOOL, an I-DEOT, and that as such, he had fpent his Life, his Time, and Estate in Books, Pictures, and Devils Cloaths, after a particular and pleasant humour, separating himfelf from the common use and life of man; That this being proved by a number of Witnesses, and the Teniente satisfied, of the Artifice of the Machines, and that how the Papers which he had found in his Cabinet were not Conjurations, nor Invocations, but Ballads, and Sonnets, and also that it was he himfelf who had written them; with which his Foolishness was more confirmed, therefore he absolved him from the Accusation, and condemned

demned Campuziano in a great penalty for his Scandal,

I durst have sworn, said the Dodor, that such good fortune would befal me by being a Fool. He then cast back his eyes on his forepast life, calling to mind that all his Prosperities and good Successes had come to him by his Follies, and firmly resolved to commit many, that he might not cease being happy beadt

With this he took his leave of his Friends, who had entertained him in the Prison, and with the joy of seeing himself free, he came to my Lodging to visit me, and to enjoy his Liberty, He then declared to me the Secret, which was the occasion of his Felicities, and the purpose which he had of being a Fool all his life; for seeing himself in that straight, he had made a vow to Folly, that if he escaped that mis-

fortune,

fortune, he would become a Fool, and profess to be so all the remainder of his Life. He goes fulfilling his Vow, and I follow his steps.

In a thort time, Friendly Reader, thou shalt have the Second Part of of his Fooleries, if thou wilt promiseme not to be tired with them. Take a good Courage, and hearken to his Follies; for it may be, they have virtue to make happy him that hears them, as well as him that does them.

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ond with the jos came in 201201 20 Sandboll vit joy his Liberty. He then declared Total FINIS. 19m or occasion of his Felicities, and the suppose which he! Leing of all he hade! in that fireight, he had mades volv respond to the lieuter and and airt

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